



COPARTNER TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION

Annual Report of 2024 (Translation)

The Company's annual report is available on http://mops.twse.com.tw The Company's website: http://www.copartner.com.tw

Published on May 15, 2025

- 1. Names, job titles, contact numbers, and emails of spokesperson and acting spokesperson:
 - Name of spokesperson: Cheng, Shu-Ching Job title: Director of the Finance Division Tel: (02) 8226- 5658 Email: carol@copartner.com.tw
 - Acting Spokesperson: Cheng, Li-Tzu Job title: Manager of the Finance Department, Finance Division Tel: (02) 8226- 5658 Email: lez@copartner.com.tw
- Headquarters, branches, and factories: Address of headquarters: 4F, No. 16, Jianba Rd., Zhonghe Dist., New Taipei City (235) Tel. of headquarters: (02) 8226-5658
- Transfer agent: Name: Registrar and Transfer Agency Department, Mega Securities Address: 1F., No.95, Sec. 2, Zhongxiao E. Rd., Zhongzheng Dist., Taipei City 100 Website: http://www.emega.com.tw Tel: (02) 3393- 0898
- Independent auditor: Names of CPAs: Tsai, Mei-Chen and Huang, Yu-Feng Name of accounting firm: Deloitte & Touche Address: 6F, Allied Association Industries No. 2, Zhanye 1st Rd., Hsinchu Science Park East Dist., Hsinchu City 300 Website: http://www.deloitte.com.tw Tel: (03) 578- 0899
- 5. Name of any exchange where the Company's securities are traded offshore, and the method by which to access information on said offshore securities: N/A.
- 6. Company website: http://www.copartner.com.tw

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Chapter I Letter to Shareholders

Dear Shareholders,

After experiencing a turbulent 2024—characterized by heightened geopolitical uncertainty due to escalating tensions in the Middle East and Eastern Europe, ongoing frictions in the U.S.-China technology and trade conflict, a shift in U.S. Federal Reserve policy following the easing of global inflation, divergent global economic growth, continued restructuring of global supply chains, persistent inflationary pressures, rising debt levels in emerging markets and globally, intensifying impacts of climate change and energy transition, as well as escalating technological competition—the year was marked by considerable instability. As a result, the Company's revenue declined compared to the previous year, and profitability turned into a loss. Looking ahead, the Company will seek to enhance its overall operations by continuously strengthening its core capabilities, developing a diversified product portfolio, and delivering high-quality customer service.

1. 2024 Business Operating Results

(1) For 2024, the Company's consolidated revenue totaled NT\$3,420.29 million, a 6% decrease from NT\$3,642.58 million for 2023; net loss after tax was NT\$178.07 million and loss per share was NT\$2.01, both of which decreased from the net income after tax of NT\$362.61 million and losses per share of NT\$4.14 for 2023, respectively, and resulting in a 51% reduction in losses.

Despite divergent economic and inflationary trends across countries in 2024 due to differences in economic and financial structures, global economic growth remained resilient. Key factors influencing the year included easing inflation, reduced pressure in labor markets, and strong demand for artificial intelligence (AI)-related products. The recovery in trade among developed economies was particularly notable, driven by improved supply chains and rising demand for services. However, geopolitical risks-such as the ongoing Russia-Ukraine war, escalating tensions in the Middle East, and intensifying U.S.-China trade conflicts—continued to undermine economic optimism. In China. weaker-than-expected domestic consumption and investment led to deflationary conditions in the domestic market, which affected the Company's production costs and inventory management. In response to these challenges, and in order to stabilize its market competitiveness, the Company undertook the consolidation of production bases across its subsidiaries during 2023-2024. This restructuring resulted in significant one-time expenses related to relocation, employee severance, and the establishment of new facilities, leading to a substantial decline in profitability compared to previous years.

Budget implementation status

Not applicable because the Company has not disclosed a financial forecast for 2024 according to the current laws and regulations.

Financial income, expenditure, and profitability analysis (based on consolidated
financial statements)
Unit: NT\$ thousand

Туре	Item	2024	2023
Financial income	Net operating revenue	3,420,294	3,642,580
& expenditure	Net loss after tax	(178,069)	(362,607)
	Return on assets (%)	(3.20)	(7.48)
Due fidele iliter	Return on equity (%)	(12.01)	(21.14)
Profitability	Net loss margin (%)	(5.21)	(9.95)
	Loss per share	(2.01)	(4.14)

(2) R&D Status

In 2024, the Company's research and development (R&D) expenses amounted to NT\$122.78 million, representing approximately 3% of total annual revenue. The Company's R&D strategy primarily focuses on meeting customers' new product design requirements, while also dedicating efforts to the optimization of existing products and manufacturing processes. In addition, the Company is actively developing high-end products across various application fields, including automotive, industrial automation, medical equipment, servers, and high-end industrial cameras. These efforts aim to broaden the scope of product applications and expand both the product portfolio and market share.

2. Impact of the external competitive environment, regulatory environment, and overall business environment

The Company's primary production bases are located in Taiwan and mainland China. As such, changes in governmental policies and regulations in either Taiwan or China, as well as shifts in the international geopolitical landscape, directly affect the Company's operating costs. Following a period marked by high inflation, elevated interest rates, the ongoing Russia-Ukraine war, a slowdown in China's economy, renewed U.S.-China technology tensions, and the intensification of climate change, the global economy has demonstrated a degree of resilience. With global inflation having largely eased, central banks in the U.S. and Europe began lowering interest rates in the second half of 2024. As a result, consumer spending in both regions gradually expanded, and the global economy began to show signs of recovery. In response to these severe challenges and to maintain its market competitiveness, the Company will continue to enhance overall profitability by diversifying production bases, integrating resources, managing inventory efficiently,

adjusting order strategies, developing new wire types, and expanding application areas.

3. The 2025 business plan and future development strategies

Looking ahead to 2025, although economic growth in the world's two largest economies—the United States and mainland China—is expected to slow, economic growth in nearly all other regions is projected to improve. The main drivers of global economic growth include the surge of interest in generative AI, continued innovation in the energy sector, and the anticipated recovery in consumer and investment momentum in advanced economies, supported by the easing of monetary tightening by major central banks. Nevertheless, the global economic outlook remains constrained by the policy implementation of the new U.S. administration, and heightened market uncertainty appears inevitable. In response, the Company will not only closely monitor such developments, but also actively expand and consolidate its production sites, develop applications in high value-added product segments, and continue to explore international markets. Moreover, the Company is committed to investing in and building up manufacturing competitiveness that keeps pace with the times—laying a solid foundation through disciplined operations to support long-term sustainable development and profitability.

Over the past 30 years, the Company has continued to advance, but our core values, namely technological innovation, client first, integrity and pragmatism, and sustainable development, have remained unchanged. The Company promises to all our shareholders with great trust in us that we will strive to develop innovative products, optimize business models, enhance production technology, and improve the cost structure in the future; as such, the Company can continue to maintain our competitive advantages in the industry and ensure stable growth in profitability.

Finally, I, on behalf of all employees of the Company, would like to thank all our shareholders for your support and motivation over the years. I believe that the Company, with all employees' collective endeavors, will create a new chapter and cope with various challenges in the future. I hope that you will continue to support and provide your precious guidance to the Company.

I wish all of you

good health and all the best!

Copartner Technology Corp. Chairman: Ho, Chun-Hsien

Chapter II Corporate Governance

2.1 Data of Directors, President, Vice President, Assistant Manager, and heads of various departments and branches

2.1.1 Director

1. Information on directors

April 15, 2025 Unit: shares

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Nationality and Age Lane Age Date first center Age Shares at Election center Current number of shares bed Shareholdings of spouse and minor children duminy Repistry Age Date Term cleated center Equation Cumminy Ratio of Quantity <		held in the s of others	Ratio of Shareholding	I	I	I	1
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Nationality and Regublic of Ho, China Haien Haien China Tsung Shih- China Tsung Republic of Hung- China Yao China Wang, China Republic of Chen, China Wang, China Chen, Republic of Chen, Mang					June 30,	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2023
Nationality and Regublic of China China China Republic of China China					Male 61-70 years old	Male 61-70 years old	
Title Nationality and Registry Registry Chairman Republic of China Director Republic of China of China of China of China of China of China of					Wang, Shih- Tsung	Chen, Hung- Yao	Cheng, Chin-H ung
Title Chairman Director Director		Nationality and Provision	Incgibility		Republic of China	Republic of China	Republic of China
		Title		Chairman	Director	Director	Director

Remark		I	I	I
ves of closer nt heads, rrvisor	Relation	l	l	I
Spouse or relatives of second degree or closer acting as department heads, directors or supervisor	Name	l	l	I
Spous second acting as directo	Title	I	I	I
Current duties in the Company and in other companies		None	None	Professor of the Department of Electrical Engineering and Institute of Electronics Engineering, National Tsin Hua University
Major career (academic) achievements		Bachelor of Business Administration, National Cheng Kung University Vice President of Finance division of Copartner Technology Corp.	Master's degree in Management Science, National Chiao Tung University. Director of China Development Financial	Ph.D. in Electrical Engineering, National Tsin Hua University
Shares held in the names of others	Quantity Ratio of Shareholding	1		I
	Quantity	Ι	I	I
archoldings of spouse and minor children	Ratio of Shareholding	I	I	1
Shareholdi and min	Quantity	I	I	I
Current number of shares Shareholdings of spouse held and minor children	Ratio of Shareholding	I	I	1
Current nur h	Quantity	Ι	I	I
Shares at Election	Ratio of Shareholding	Ξ	Γ	1
Shares	Quantity	I	I	I
Date first elected		June 30, 2023	3 September years (Note3)	November 27, 2009 (Note4)
Term		3 ars	3 years	3 years
Date Term elected		June 30, 2023	June 14, 2024 (Note 2)	June 30, 2023
Name Gender/ Age		Wu, Female June 30, Li- Ching years old 2023 ye	Male 61-70 years old	Male 51-60 years old
		Wu, Li- Chin	Huang, Shih- Yi	Hsu, Yung- Chen
Nationality and Registry		Independent Republic of Director China	Independent Republic of Shih- Director China Yi years old (Note 2) years	Independent Republic of Director China
Title		Independent Director	Independent Director	Independent Director

Note 1: For information regarding the affiliated companies of Copartner Technology Corp., please refer to the special disclosures in this year's annual report - 6.1 Affiliated Companies.

Note 2: Professor Li, Chien-Jan resigned from the position of independent director on March 1, 2024, due to personal reasons. Following the shareholder meeting on June 14, 2024, Mr. Huang Shih-Yi was elected as the new independent director. Mr. Huang Shih-Yi previously served as the company's corporate director representative from September 12, 2005, and resigned on December 16, 2011. Note 3: Mr. Huang Shih-Yi previously served as an independent director starting November 27, 2009, and resigned on July 15, 2011. He was re-elected as an independent director starting November 27, 2009, and resigned on July 15, 2011. He was re-elected as an independent director starting November 27, 2009, and resigned on July 15, 2011. He was re-elected as an independent director starting November 27, 2009, and resigned on July 15, 2011. He was re-elected as an independent director starting November 27, 2009, and resigned on July 15, 2011. He was re-elected as an independent director after the shareholder meeting on June 24, 2020, and has held the position since then.

- 2. Major shareholders of institutional shareholders: None.
- 3. Major shareholders of institutional shareholders who are juridical persons: None.
- 4. Information on directors

Qı	ualification			Number of
Name		Professional qualification and experience	Independence criteria (Note 1)	positions as an Independent Director in other public listed companies
Chairman	Ho, Chun-Hsien	 Has experience in founding and operating publicly listed companies and the ability to manage multinational companies; is familiar with business development and has industry knowledge; possesses leadership, decision-making ability, and the ability to formulate business strategies. See the above table: Information on directors. Does not meet any descriptions stated in Article 30 of the Company Act. 	(1), (4), (5), (6), (8), (9), (10), (11)	-
Director	Wang, Shih-Tsung	 Has experience in founding and operating publicly listed companies and the ability to manage multinational companies, has the knowledge of the industry's upstream, midstream, and downstream business, and possesses expertise in finance, business operations, and governance. See the above table: Information on directors. Does not meet any descriptions stated in Article 30 of the Company Act. 	(5), (6), (8), (9), (10), (11)	-
Director	Chen, Hung-Yao	 Has experience in founding and operating publicly listed companies and the ability to manage multinational companies; is familiar with the international market business, marketing, and industry technology. See the above table: Information on directors. Does not meet any descriptions stated in Article 30 of the Company Act. 	(5), (6), (8), (9), (10), (11)	-

Qu	alification			Number of positions as an
Name		Professional qualification and experience	Independence criteria (Note 1)	Independent Director in other public listed companies
Director	Cheng, Chin-Hung	 Has experience in business administration; can provide timely advice on operations to diversify the Company's strategic thinking in business. See the above table: Information on directors. Does not meet any descriptions stated in Article 30 of the Company Act. 	(1) ,(2), (3), (4), (6), (7), (9), (10), (11)	-
Independent Director	Wu, Li-Ching	 Has expertise in financial accounting and governance; can improve the quality of the governance by the Board of Directors and the supervisory function of the Audit Committee. See the above table: Information on directors. Does not meet any descriptions stated in Article 30 of the Company Act. 	(1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), (9), (10), (11)	-
Independent Director	Huang, Shih-Yi	 Has expertise in financial accounting and governance; can improve the quality of the governance by the Board of Directors and the supervisory function of the Audit Committee. See the above table: Information on directors. Does not meet any descriptions stated in Article 30 of the Company Act. 	(1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), (9), (10), (11)	-
Independent Director	Hsu, Yung-Chen	 Has relevant knowledge of industry technology and expertise in industry application development; can improve the quality of the governance by the Board of Directors and the supervisory function of the Audit Committee. See the above table: Information on directors. Does not meet any descriptions stated in Article 30 of the Company Act. 	(1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), (9), (10), (11)	-

- Note 1: Each director who has met the independence criteria during the two years before the election and during the term of office is disclosed in the above table:
- (1) Not an employee of the Company or any of its affiliates.
- (2) Not a director or supervisor of the company or any of its affiliates. The same does not apply, however, in case where the person is an independent director of the company, its parent company or any subsidiary, as appointed in accordance with the laws of Taiwan or with the laws of the country of the parent company or subsidiary.
- (3) Not a natural-person shareholder who holds shares, together with those held by the person's spouse, minor children or held by the person under others' names, in an aggregate amount of 1% or more of the total number of issued shares of the company or ranks as one of its top ten shareholders.
- (4) Not a manager of (1) or spouse, relative within the second degree of kinship, or lineal relative within the third degree of kinship, of any of (2) or (3).
- (5) Not a director, supervisor or employee of an institutional shareholder that directly holds 5% or more of the total number of issued shares of the Company or ranks as one of its top five shareholders or was appointed pursuant to Article 27, paragraph 1 or 2 of the Company Act. (The same does not apply, however, in case where the person is an independent director of the company, its parent company, or any subsidiary, as appointed in accordance with the laws of Taiwan or with the laws of the country of the parent company or subsidiary.)
- (6) Not a director, supervisor, or employee of another company where a majority of the Company's directorships or voting shares and those of another company are controlled by the same person (except for an independent director engaged concurrently by the Company, its parent company, and its subsidiary or a subsidiary under the same parent company in accordance with the Act or local laws and regulations).
- (7) Not the same person as the Company's Chairman, President or person with equivalent position or the director (managing director), supervisor or employee of company or institution of the spouse thereof. (The same does not apply, however, in cases where the person is an independent director of the company, its parent company, or any subsidiary as appointed in accordance with the laws of Taiwan or with the laws of the country of the parent company or subsidiary.)
- (8) Not a director (managing director), supervisor, manager, or shareholder holding 5% or more of the shares of a specific company or institution which has a financial or business relationship with the Company (except for a specific company or institution holding more than 20% and no more than 50% of the total issued shares of the Company and for an independent director engaged concurrently by the Company, its parent company, and its subsidiary or a subsidiary under the same parent company in accordance with the Act or local laws and regulations).
- (9) Not a professional individual who or an owner, partner, director (managing director), supervisor or officer of a sole proprietorship, partnership, company or institution that, provides commercial, legal, financial, accounting services or consultation to the Company or to any affiliate of the Company in the most recent 2 years with an accumulated service compensation of less than NT\$500 thousand or a spouse thereof. This restriction does not apply to any member of the Compensation Committee, public tender offers Audit Committee or mergers and acquisition special committee, who exercises powers pursuant to relative regulations of the Securities and Exchange Act and Business Mergers and Acquisitions Act.
- (10) Not having a marital relationship or a relative within the second degree of kinship to any other director of the Company.
- (11) Not a governmental, juridical person or its representative as defined in Article 27 of the Company Act.

5. The status of individual directors' implementation of the board members' diversity policy:

The Company has specified the diversity policy for the composition of the Board of Directors in the Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles. the Company have considered the issue of diversity for the board members and elected outstanding talents who have the knowledge, skills, and competencies required to perform duties based on the Company's business model and development needs. Therefore, among the 7 board members, 4 directors are outstanding talents in the industry; of the 3 independent directors, there are a professor at the Department of Electrical Engineering and Institute of Electronics Engineering of the National Tsin Hua University, former CFO of a Listed Company and director of the Investment Department in Financial Holding. with professional backgrounds and industry experience.

The Company still pays attention to gender equality in the composition of the Board of Directors. We have already added one female director in 2023 annual shareholders' meeting. Also under consideration that the gender ratio of directors at the next board election reaches 1/3. Also, directors who are also employees account for 28% of all directors, independent directors of account for 43% of all directors, directors under the age of sixty account for 14%, and independent directors with the length of service of fewer than nine years is 100%, to duly implement the Company's diversity policy for the composition of the Board of Directors. The Company has already disclosed the diversity policy for the board members on the official website.

The implementation of the diversity policy for each board member is as follows.

Core diversity indicator

Name of director	Gender	Nationality	60 years old or above	Current positions in our company	Business management ability	Leadership and decision making	Knowledge of the industry	Crisis management	An international market perspective	Finance and accounting	The independent directors' length of service is fewer than nine years
Chairman: Ho, Chun-Hsien	Male	Republic of China	\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
Director: Wang, Shih-Tsung	Male	Republic of China	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
Director: Chen, Hung-Yao	Male	Republic of China	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
Director: Cheng, Chin-Hung	Male	Republic of China	\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
Independent Director: Wu, Li-Ching	Female	Republic of China	\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Independent Director: Huang, Shih-Yi	Male	Republic of China	\checkmark			\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Independent Director: Hsu, Yung-Chen	Male	Republic of China				\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark

6. If the board of directors of a listed company does not have at least one-third of its seats occupied by directors of each gender, the company must explain the reasons in the annual report of the shareholders' meeting and outline the measures to be taken to improve gender diversity in the board of directors.:

Currently, out of the 7 seats on the company's board of directors, 6 are held by male directors and 1 by a female director, meaning that the representation of either gender does not meet the one-third threshold.

The Company places great importance on gender equality in the composition of its Board of Directors and aims to increase the proportion of female board members to above one-third. Going forward, the Company will actively seek talent recommendations through various channels and strive to increase the number of female directors, thereby implementing the board diversity policy.

7. Board Independence: States the number and proportion of independent directors, explains the independence of the board, and provides a rationale for confirming the absence of situations specified in Paragraphs 3 and 4 of Article 26-3 of the Securities and Exchange Act, including disclosures of any spousal or second-degree kinship relationships among directors, supervisors, or between directors and supervisors.

As of June 30, 2023, the current board of directors was re-elected through a shareholder meeting and consists of seven members, including three independent directors, representing 43% of the board. There is one female director, accounting for 14.3% of the board seats. All directors possess substantial experience and expertise in relevant fields. The current term of the board is three years, running from June 30, 2023, to June 29, 2026, with the next re-election scheduled for 2026.

At the time of appointment on June 30, 2023, all independent directors signed declarations confirming their professional qualifications, independence, and compliance with regulations regarding concurrent positions. The board and its members comply with the statutory independence requirements, and there are no violations of Paragraphs 3 or 4 of Article 26-3 of the Securities and Exchange Act. For information regarding familial relationships among directors, please refer to the "Information on directors " section earlier in this report.

2.1.2 Information on the President, Vice Presidents, Directors, and the heads of various departments and branches

shares	Remark		I	I			I	
April 15, 2025 Unit: shares		Name Relation	l	I	I	I	I	
025	Spouse or relatives of second degree or closer acting as managers	Name	_	I			I	I
15,2	Spous seco clo	Title						I
April	Current posit and oth		Representative of director, HPC Technology Inc. Director of Sunfun Info Co., Ltd. Independent Director of Jochu Technology Co., Ltd.	The Directors and General Manager of affiliated companies of Copartner Technology Corp.	The Vice Chairman and Directors of affiliated companies of Copartner Technology Corp. Supervisor of HPC Technology Inc.	The General Manager and Operating Manager of affiliated companies of Copartner Technology Corp.		
	Major career (academic) achievements		MBA, Wharton School of the University of Pennsylvania, U.S. Vice President of H&Q Asia Pacific	Forestry High School (non-completion) Director of Copartner Wire & Cable Manufacturing Limited	Three-year program of Shih Hsin University Director of Copartner Wire & Cable Manufacturing Limited	Department of Chemical Engineering, Taipei City University of Science and Technology	Master of Business Administration, National Taipei University	Master of Accounting, Soochow University
	igs of spouse Shares held in the names of others	Ratio of Shareholding	Ι	I	I	I	I	I
	Shares held	Quantity	-	I	1		I	I
	areholdings of spouse and minor children	Ratio of Shareholding	Ι	0.44%	1.50%	I	I	I
	Shareholdin and mino	Quantity	I	381,000	1,315,213	I	l	I
	Shareholding	Ratio of Shareholding	0.74%	4.24%	3.39%	I	0.11%	I
	Share	Quantity	650,960	3,712,811	2,965,107		93,730	I
	Date taking	omce	January 1, 2012	December 1, 1987	February 1, 2020	August 1, 2017	March 1, 2010	May 11, 2022
	Gender		Male	Male	Male	Male	Male	Female
	Name		Liao, Wen- Hung	Wang, Shih- Tsung	Chen, Hung- Yao	Li, Yi-Ta	Su, Chun- Hsiung	Cheng, Shu- Ching
	Nationality		Republic of China	Republic of China	Republic of China	Republic of China	k Republic of China	Republic of China
	Title		CEO	Vice President Republic of China	Executive Director	President of the Raw Material Business	Vice President of the Business Republic of Su, Chun- Development China Hsiung Division	Director of the Finance Division

Note:For information regarding the affiliated companies of Copartner Technology Corp., please refer to the special disclosures in this year's annual report – 6.1 Affiliated Companies.

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Remineration for directors and independent directors -

d/ May 15 2025 Unit: NT\$ the

	1. R(emune	Remuneration for directors and independent	for di	recto	rs and	d inde	pend		directors									Unit: 1	NT\$ thou	Unit: NT\$ thousand/ May 15,	y 15, 2025
				Remur	Remuneration to Directors	Directo	IS			Sum of A B C and	_ puo _ c			Rer	nuneration	Remuneration as an employee	oyee			Cum of A		
		Remun (A) (N	Remuneration (A) (Note 3)	Pension (B)	n (B)	Remuneratio to directors (C) (Note 4)	Remuneration to directors (C) (Note 4)	Fees for services rendered (D) (Note 5)	for ces ed (D) \$ 5)	D and as a % of the D and as a % of the net income (loss)after tax (Note 9)	b, C, and % of the ome er tax 9)	Salaries, bonuses, special allowances etc. (E) (Note 6)	oonuses, ial es etc. 6)	Pension (F)	on (F)	Remunera	tion to emp	Remuneration to employees (G) (Note 7)	(Note 7)	E, and G and as a %. L, L, L, L, E, and G and as a % of the net income (loss) after tax (Note 9)	F, D, C, D, L,	Remuner ation received from the
Title	Name	Th	-	Th		Th		Th		Th		Th		Th		The Company	npany	All companies shown in the financial report (Note 8)	All companies shown in the financial report (Note 8)	Th		invested companie s other than the
		e Company	anies shown in the l report (Note 8)	e Company	anies shown in the l report (Note 8)	e Company	anies shown in the l report (Note 8)	e Company	anies shown in the l report (Note 8)	e Company	anies shown in the l report (Note 8)	e Company	anies shown in the l report (Note 8)	e Company	anies shown in the l report (Note 8)	Cash amount	Stock amount	Cash amount	Stock amount	e Company	anies shown in the l report (Note 8)	subsidiari es and the parent company
Chairman	Ho, Chun-Hsien	2,545	4,427	193	338	1	I	30	30	2,768 -1.57%	4,795 -2.72%	I	1	Ι	1	I	I	I	I	2,768 -1.57%	4,795 -2.72%	None
	Wang, Shih-Tsung			I	I			30	30	30 -0.02%	30 -0.02%	2,322	4,162	176	317					2,528 -1.44%	4,509 -2.56%	None
Director	Chen, Hung-Yao							30	30	30 -0.02%	30 -0.02%	2,225	3,340	108	108	I				2,363 -1.34%	3,478 -1.97%	None
	Cheng, Chin-Hung	400	400				I	25	25	425 -0.24%	425 -0.24%			I						425 -0.24%	425 -0.24%	None
	Wu, Li-Ching	360	360	I		I		30	30	390 -0.22%	390 -0.22%			I		I		I		390 -0.22%	390 -0.22%	None
Indenendent	Li, Chien-Jan (Note 1)	60	60					I		60 -0.03%	60 -0.03%									60 -0.03%	60 -0.03%	None
Director	Hsu, Yung-Chen	360	360					30	30	390 -0.22%	390 -0.22%									390 -0.22%	390 -0.22%	None
	Huang, Shih-Yi (Note 2)	202	202		I		I	20	20	222 -0.13%	222 -0.13%	I		Ι	I	I	I		I	222 -0.13%	222 -0.13%	None
1. Please (The ren respons	Please describe the remuneration policy, system, standard and structure of independent directors, and describe the linkage to the remuneration amount according to the responsibilities, risks, time, and other factors: The remuneration paid to our independent directors is evaluated in accordance with Article 16 of the Articles of Incorporation and the Compensation Committee Charter, determined based on their individual responsibilities, contribution values, performance, risks, and the general standard in the industry, and paid in a fixed amount regardless of the Company's profit or loss. Except for the receipt of fixed monthly remuneration	nuneration to our inc pution val	n policy, s lependent ues, perfor	ystem, s directo rmance,	standard rs is eva , risks, a	and str luated i nd the g	n accord general st	ance w ance w andard	ith Artic in the i	irectors, an sle 16 of the ndustry, an	d describe	the linkag f Incorpor fixed amo	e to the rel ation and 1 unt regard	munera the Cor less of	tion amou npensatio the Comp	int accord n Commi any's pro	ing to the ttee Chart fit or loss.	responsib er, determ Except fo	ilities, rish ined basec or the rece	directors, and describe the linkage to the remuneration amount according to the responsibilities, risks, time, and other f ticle 16 of the Articles of Incorporation and the Compensation Committee Charter, determined based on their individual s industry, and paid in a fixed amount regardless of the Company's profit or loss. Except for the receipt of fixed monthly	directors, and describe the linkage to the remuneration amount according to the responsibilities, risks, time, and other factors: icle 16 of the Articles of Incorporation and the Compensation Committee Charter, determined based on their individual industry, and paid in a fixed amount regardless of the Company's profit or loss. Except for the receipt of fixed monthly remu	ors: nuneration
indepen	and nonviate tot automatics at each over the universe to the annual uncertor for the annual uncertor pay, and executive unrecting pay. The payment stational and superior of independent directors' remuneration shall be submitted to the Board of Directors for resolution after being approved by the Compensation Committee. The remuneration to independent directors is regularly evaluated	remunera	tion shall	be subn	nitted to	the Bo	ard of Di.	rectors	for reso	dution after	being appr	oved by the	he Compe	nsation	pay, and Committ	ee. The re	muneratic	at pay. In on to inde	pendent di	rectors is re	eru suuciure egularly eva	luated
accordu 2. Except	according to the results of the evaluation by Board of Directors per year. Except as disclosed in the above table, the remuneration received by the Company's directors for providing services (such as serving as a consultant in a non-employee capacity at the parent company/all companies in the	s of the ev the above	aluation t table, the	y Boar remune	d of Dire station re	ectors p ecceived	er year. by the C	ompan	y's dire	ctors for pr	oviding ser	vices (suc.	h as servin	lg as a c	consultan	t in a non-	employee	capacity	at the pare	ent compan	y/all compa	nies in the
	financial statements/investees) in the last year: None.	vestees) ii	1 the last y	vear: No	me.		,			-)	,		5			•		4	4	-	

Note1 : Li, Chien-Jan resigned as an Independent Director on March 1, 2024.

Note 3: Refers to the directors' remuneration for 2024 (including director salary, executive differential pay, severance pay, various bonuses, and incentives) Note 2: Huang, Shih-Yi was appointed as an Independent Director on June 14, 2024.

Note 4: The Board of Directors passed the 2024 directors' remuneration of NT\$0 on March 14, 2025.

The 2024 remuneration to subsidiaries' directors and supervisors is not included as it is a performance bonus for concurrently serving as directors at subsidiaries and is disclosed in directors remuneration and salary for concurrently serving as employees.

Note 5: It refers to the directors' professional service fees for 2024 (including honoraria, special allowance, and various allowances).

Note 6: It refers to the salary, executive differential pay, severance pay, various bonuses, incentives, honoraria, special allowance, and various allowances received by directors who concurrently serve as employees (including the President, Vice Presidents, other managers, and employees) for 2024.

Note 7: It refers to directors who have received employee remuneration (including stock and cash) for 2024 for serving as employees concurrently (including the President, Vice Presidents, other managers, and employees).

Note 8: It is the total amount of remuneration paid to the directors of the Company by all companies (including the Company) in the consolidated financial statements.

Note 9: After-tax net income (loss) refers to the after-tax net income (loss) of individual financial reports in 2024

Presidents' and Vice Presidents' remuneration

i

Unit: NT\$ thousand / May 15, 2025

Remuneration received from the invested companies other than the subsidiaries and the parent company			None	None	None	None	None
Sum of A, B, C, and D and as a % of the net income (loss) after tax (Note 5)	All companies shown in the	financial report (Note 4)	2,894 -1.64%	4,479 -2.54%	3,447 -1.96%	2,482 -1.41%	2,157 -1.22%
Sum of A, and as a % income (lc (Nc	The	Company	2,894 -1.64%	2,498 -1.42%	2,333 -1.32%	-	2,157 -1.22%
(Note 3)	All companies shown in the financial report (Note 4)	Stock Amount		_			I
ployees (D)	All con shown financia (Not	Cash Amount	-	—		l	I
Remuneration to employees (D) (Note 3)	The Company	Stock Amount		_			I
Remune	The Co	Cash Amount	-	—			I
Bonuses and allowances etc. (C) (Note 2)	All companies shown in the	financial report (Note 4)	210	317	254	186	200
Bonuses and etc. (C)	The	Company	210	176	168	-	200
on (B)	All companies shown in the	financial report (Note 4)	108	317	108	33	106
Pension (B	The	Company	108	176	108	l	106
v (A) e 1)	All companies shown in the	financial report (Note 4)	2,576	3,845	3,085	2,263	1,851
Salary (A) (Note 1)	Company (Note 1) (Note 1) (Note 1) (Note 1) (Contract 1)		2,576	2,146	2,057	I	1,851
Name			Liao, Wen-Hung	Wang, Shih-Tsung	Chen, Hung-Yao	Li, Yi-Ta	Su, Chun-Hsiung
Title			CEO	Vice President	Executive Director	President of the Raw Material Business Group	Vice President of the Business Development Division

Note 1: It refers to the President's and Vice Presidents' 2024 salary and executive differential pay.

Also, the 2024 remuneration to subsidiaries' directors and supervisors is disclosed in salary and wages as it is a performance bonus for concurrently serving as directors at subsidiaries.

Note 3: It refers to the amount of employee remuneration (including stock and cash) for 2024 approved by the Board of Directors and paid out to the President and Vice Note 2: It refers to the President's and Vice Presidents' various bonuses, incentives, honoraria, special allowance, various allowances, and other remuneration for 2024. Presidents.

Note 4: The total amount of remuneration paid to the President and Vice Presidents of the Company by all companies (including the Company) in the consolidated financial statements shall be disclosed.

Note 5: After-tax net income (loss) refers to the after-tax net income (loss) of individual financial reports in 2024.

Remuneration to the top five managers with the highest remuneration

Э.

Unit: NT\$ thousand/ May 15, 2025

Remuneration received from the invested companies other than the subsidiaries and the parent company			None	None	None	None	None
Sum of A, B, C, and D and as a % of the net income (loss) after tax (Note 5)	All companies shown in the	financial report (Note 4)	2,894 -1.64%	4,479 -2.54%	3,447 -1.96%	2,482 -1.41%	2,157 -1.22%
Sum of A, l and as a % income (los (Noi	The	company	2,894 -1.64%	2,498 -1.42%	2,333 -1.32%	I	2,157 -1.22%
(Note 3)	All companies shown in the financial report (Note 4)	Stock amount	—	I	I	l	I
Remuneration to employees (D) (Note 3)	All compan shown in t financial rej (Note 4)	Cash amount		I			I
ration to em	mpany	Stock amount	l	I	I	I	I
Remune	The Company	Cash amount		I	I	I	I
allowances Note 2)	All companies shown in the	financial report (Note 4)	210	317	254	186	200
Bonuses and allowances etc. (C) (Note 2)	The	Company	210	176	168	I	200
n (B)	All companies shown in the	financial report (Note 4)	108	317	108	33	106
Pension (B)	The	Company	108	176	108	I	106
(A) e 1)	All companies shown in the	financial report (Note 4)	2,576	3,845	3,085	2,263	1,851
Salary (A) (Note 1)	Company (A Contraction of the co		2,576	2,146	2,057	I	1,851
Name			Liao, Wen-Hung	Wang, Shih-Tsung	Chen, Hung-Yao	Li, Yi-Ta	Su, Chun-Hsiung
Title			CEO	Vice President	Executive Director	President of the Raw Material Business Group	Vice President of the Business Development

Note 1: It refers to the 2024 salary and executive differential pay received by the top five managers with the highest remuneration. Also, the 2024 remuneration to subsidiaries' directors and supervisors is disclosed in salary and wages as it is a performance bonus for concurrently serving as directors at subsidiaries.

Note 2: It refers to the various bonuses, incentives, honoraria, special allowance, various allowances, and other remuneration received by the top five managers with the highest remuneration for 2024.

Note 3: It refers to the amount of employee remuneration (including stock and cash) approved by the Board of Directors and paid out to the top five managers with the highest remuneration for 2024.

Note 4: The total amount of remuneration paid to the Company's the top five managers with the highest remuneration by all companies (including the Company) in the consolidated financial statements shall be disclosed.

Note 5: After-tax net profit (loss) refers to the after-tax net profit (loss) of individual financial reports in 2024

Name Sto amo	Liao, Wen-Hung	Wang, Shih-Tsung	Chen, Hung-Yao	President of the Raw Material Business Li, Yi-Ta -	Su, Chun-Hsiung	Cheng, Shu-Ching
Stock amount	ung	gun	(ao	,	gut	ing
Cash amount (Note 1)				I		
Total				I		
As a percentage of net profit after tax (Note 2)				ı		

Note 1:It refers to the amount of the 2024 employee remuneration approved by the Board of Directors and paid out to the managers. Note 2:It is a net loss after tax as per the 2024 parent company-only financial statements, so the percentage was not calculated.

Unit: NT\$ thousand / May 15, 2025

Name of the managers received remuneration and the distribution of remuneration

4.

- 2.1.4 An analysis of the total remuneration paid to the Company's directors, the President, and Vice Presidents by the Company and all companies in the consolidated financial statements as a percentage of the net income after tax in the parent company-only financial statements for the last two years, and a description of the remuneration policy, standard, and package, the procedure for determining the remuneration, and the association between business performance and future risks.
 - 1. Remuneration payment to the directors, the President, and Vice Presidents of the Company as a % of the net income (loss) after tax for 2023 and 2024:

	Remuneration as a % of the net income (loss) after tax					
Title	20	23	2024			
	The Company	All companies shown in the financial report	The Company	All companies shown in the financial report		
Director	-2.85%	-4.22%	-5.19%	-8.09%		
Presidents and the Vice Presidents	-2.76%	-4.27%	-5.60%	-8.77%		

- 2. Remuneration policy, standard, and package, the procedure for determining the remuneration, and the association between business performance and future risks: The Company, in accordance with the "Compensation Committee Charter," establishes and periodically evaluates the performance assessment and compensation standards for directors and managerial officers. The determination of compensation is based on the prevailing standards within the industry and takes into account factors such as individual performance evaluation results, time devoted, scope of responsibilities, achievement of personal goals, the Company's historical compensation for equivalent positions, as well as the attainment of the Company's short- and long-term business objectives and its financial condition. This approach ensures a reasonable alignment between individual performance, the Company's operational results, and future risks.
 - (1) Remuneration to Directors

In accordance with Article 19 of the Company's Articles of Incorporation, up to three percent of the Company's annual pre-tax net income, before deducting employee and director compensation, shall be allocated as directors' compensation. The Compensation Committee, with reference to industry standards, the level of participation of directors in the Company's operations, their value of contribution, the correlation between business performance and future risks, as well as the results of the board's evaluation of individual directors, submits its recommendations to the board of directors for discussion and approval, and subsequently reports to the shareholders' meeting.

The Company has established the "Board Performance Evaluation Measures," under which the evaluation criteria for directors encompass at least the following 6 dimensions:

- Understanding of the Company's goals and missions
- Awareness of directors' responsibilities

- Level of participation in Company operations
- Internal relationship management and communication
- Professional competence and continuous education
- Internal control mechanisms

Additionally, in accordance with Article 16 of the Company's Articles of Incorporation, directors may be compensated for the performance of their duties regardless of the Company's profitability. The total amount of such compensation is authorized by the board of directors, with each director's monthly compensation determined within an aggregate cap of NT\$1 million. In addition to fixed monthly compensation, directors may also receive a meeting attendance allowance based on the number of meetings attended.

(2) President's • Vice Presidents and managers' remuneration

The salaries (including adjustments) of the Company's President and Vice Presidents are handled in accordance with the "Personnel Management Regulations" and, in compliance with legal requirements, are reviewed by the Compensation Committee and submitted to the Board of Directors for discussion and approval.

The Company's compensation structure includes the following components:

- Base Salary: Determined based on market rates to ensure competitiveness.
- Year-End Bonus: Distributed in accordance with the Company's annual policies.
- Performance Bonus / Employee Remuneration: Assessed based on individual performance and the Company's profitability.

According to Article 19 of the Company's Articles of Incorporation, no less than one percent of the Company's annual pre-tax net income, before deducting employee and director compensation, shall be allocated as employee remuneration.

The Company has established the "Employee Performance Evaluation Guidelines." The performance assessment for managerial personnel covers at least the following two dimensions:

- Assessment of Individual Work Performance (including management performance, job performance, and performance indicators)
- Assessment of Managerial Competencies (including leadership, teamwork, and talent development)

The Company will review its compensation system in a timely manner based on actual business conditions and applicable regulations, to ensure a balance between sustainable operations and risk management.

The Company will review the remuneration system at all times depending on the operating performance and applicable laws and regulations, to achieve a balance between the Company's sustainable development and risk control.

2.2 Corporate governance

2.2.1 Facts about performance by the board of directors:

The Board of Directors held five (A) meetings during 2024, and directors' attendance is as follows:

Title	Name	Actual attendance (B)	Proxy Attendance	Actual attendance (%) (B/A)(Note1)	Remark
Chairman	Ho, Chun-Hsien	5	0	100	
Director	Wang, Shih-Tsung	5	0	100	
Director	Chen, Hung-Yao	5	0	100	
Director	Cheng, Chin-Hung	5	0	100	
Independent Director	Wu, Li-Ching	5	0	100	
Independent Director	Li, Chien-Jan	0	0	100	Note 2
Independent Director	Huang, Shih-Yi	3	0	100	Note 3
Independent Director	Hsu, Yung-Chen	5	0	100	

Note1: The attendance (%) is calculated with the number of meetings attended by each member divided by the number of board meetings held during their term of office.

Note2: Mr. Li, Chien-Jan resigned as an Independent Director on March 1, 2024.

Note3: Mr. Huang, Shih-Yi was appointed as an Independent Director on June 14, 2024.

Other remarks:

- 1. For the operation of the Board of Directors in any of the following circumstances, please specify the date, session, the contents of the proposals, the opinions of all independent directors, and the process of the opinions proposed by the independent directors:
 - Issues required under Article 14-3 of the Securities and Exchange Act: The Company has established an audit committee, and Article 14-3 shall not apply. Please refer to 2.2.2 "Operations of Audit Committee" in the Annual Report for related information.
 - (2) Other than the aforementioned issues, the issue objected by an independent director or where an independent director maintain a qualified opinion with record or documented declaration in a decision resolved by the Board of Directors: None.

2. With respect to the avoidance of conflicting interest agendas, describe the names of directors, details of the relevant agendas, reasons for avoiding conflicting interest, and the voting decisions:

accib	10115.			
Date of	Name of	Discussion	Reason of recusal	Participation in voting
board	Director			
meeting				
August	Cheng,	Compensation	As this proposal	Except for director
12, 2024	Chin-Hung	Plan for	involved the content of	Cheng, Chin-Hung,
		Directors	salary and remuneration	who needed to recused
		Serving as	and the amount of	themselves due to their
		Executive	performance bonus for	personal interest
		Directors of	individual managers,	involved, the chair
		the Company.	directors who were also	consulted all the
			managers needed to recuse	directors present and
			themselves in accordance	passed the proposal as
			with Article 16 of Rules of	proposed without
			the Procedure for Board of	objection.
			Directors Meetings	-
			regarding directors'	
			recusal due to personal	
			interest involved.	

3. Details of the implementation of board evaluation:

To enhance the effectiveness of the Board of Directors and its committees, the Company has established the "Board Performance Evaluation Measures," which stipulate that annual self-evaluations must be conducted for the Board, functional committees, and individual directors. In addition, an external performance evaluation of the Board of Directors shall be conducted at least once every three years.

Evaluation cycle	Evaluation period	Evaluatio n scope	Evaluation method	Evaluation content
Evaluation	January 1,	Board of	1. Internal board	Performance aspect and weighting
performed	2024 -	Directors	self-evaluation	factor:
once a year	December		2. Peer evaluation	1. Level of participation in the
	31, 2024			Company's operations:28%
				2. Improvement of the quality of
				the board of directors' decision
				making: 28%
				3. Composition and structure of
				the board of directors: 16%
				4. Election and continuing
				education of the directors: 14%
				5. Internal control: 14%
Evaluation	January 1,	Individual	Board member	Performance aspect and weighting
performed	2024 -	board	self-evaluation	factor:
once a year	December	members		1. Alignment of the company's
	31, 2024			goals and mission: 14%
				2. Awareness of responsibilities as
				a director: 14%
				3. Level of participation in the

(1) Internal Performance Evaluation of the Board of Directors:

Evaluation cycle	Evaluation period	Evaluatio n scope	Evaluation method	Evaluation content
	-			 Company's operations:34% 4. Internal relations management and communication: 10% 5. Director's professional and continuing education: 14% 6. Internal control: 14%
Evaluation	January 1,	Functional	Audit Committoo's	Performance aspect and weighting
performed once a year	2024 - December 31, 2024	committee s	Committee's self-evaluation	 factor: Level of participation in the Company's operations:18% Awareness of responsibilities as a functional committee member: 22% Improvement to the quality of the functional committee's decision-making: 32% The composition and election of functional committee members: 14% Internal control: 14%
			Compensation Committee's	Performance aspect and weighting
			self-evaluation	 factor: Level of participation in the Company's operations:22% Awareness of responsibilities as a functional committee member: 22% Improvement to the quality of the functional committee's decision-making: 39% The composition and election of functional committee members: 17%

Results of the Internal Performance Evaluation of the Board of Directors

In January 2025, the Company completed the internal performance self-evaluation for the Board of Directors, individual board members, and members of each functional committee for the year 2024. The results were reported to the Board of Directors on March 14, 2025. The internal performance evaluations of the Board of Directors, individual board members, the Audit Committee, and the Compensation Committee for 2024 all received positive assessments. These evaluation results will be used as a reference for determining the remuneration and renomination of individual directors or committee members. The details have been disclosed on the Company's official website under the "Corporate Governance – Board of Directors" section and are available for public viewing.

Evaluation	Evaluation	Evaluation	Evaluation	Evaluation content
cycle	period	scope	method	Evaluation content
To be	January 1,	Board of	The evaluation	1. Relevant internal regulations
conducted	2024 -	Directors	was conducted by	and records of the Company
at least	December		an external	2. Evaluation questionnaires
every three	31, 2024		professional	3. Interviews with directors
years.			institution, the	
-			Taiwan Institute	
			of Ethical	
			Business	

(2) External Performance Evaluation of the Board of Directors

Results of External Performance Evaluation of the Board of Directors

The external performance evaluation for 2024 was completed by the professional institution, the Taiwan Institute of Ethical Business, and the evaluation report was issued on January 2, 2025.

Overall observations and conclusions are as follows:

1. Professional Competence:

The directors possess professional backgrounds spanning management, industry, technology, finance and accounting, and capital markets, enabling them to provide expert opinions from various perspectives.

2. Decision-Making Effectiveness:

Prior to each board meeting, the company provides agenda items and reference materials for directors' review. In addition, visits to overseas factories are arranged periodically to help directors gain a better understanding of operational realities and make well-informed decisions.

3. Supervision of Internal Control:

The board places strong emphasis on internal control, auditing, and risk management. Regular management meetings are convened, providing opportunities for direct communication and discussion between directors and heads of business units or overseas factories, thereby enhancing their concrete understanding and oversight of front-line operations.

4. Commitment to Sustainability:

The evaluated company has designated the Office of the President as the dedicated unit for promoting and implementing sustainability initiatives, with regular reports submitted to the board of directors. At regularly held management meetings, directors and executives discuss the progress of environmental and social sustainability efforts in a timely manner.

Further details have been disclosed on the Company's official website under the "Corporate Governance – Board of Directors" section and are available for public viewing.

- 4. Targets for strengthening of the functions of the board during the current and immediately preceding fiscal years
 - (1) The objectives of enhancing the functions of the Board of Directors
 - The Company has established the Rules of the Procedure for Board of Directors Meetings, and the board meetings thereafter are all handled in accordance with the rules. The Company arranges for the board members, during their term of office, to attend the courses on corporate governance offered the institutions designated under the Directions for the Implementation of Continuing Education for Directors and Supervisors of TWSE Listed and TPEx Listed Companies or appoint instructors to offer training at the Company to reinforce their expertise in corporate governance. A

total of 7 directors received a total of 42 hours of training during 2024. In addition, the Company established the Compensation Committee and the Audit Committee. Both committees are formed by three independent directors to assist he board in fulfilling its supervisory duties, and they submit their proposals to the board to duly implement corporate governance. Our independent directors' attendance at board meetings are in good condition, and they provide useful suggestions to the board about the implementation of the Company's internal control system, business, finance, among other relevant proposals using their industry knowledge, accounting and financial analysis, and other professional skills.

(2) Improve information transparency

The Company's financial statements are regularly audited by Deloitte & Touche, and we timely and accurately disclose all information required by laws and regulations to be disclosed on the Market Observation Post System (MOPS). The Company has also designated personnel to be dedicated to collecting and disclosing company information and established a spokesperson system to ensure that all material information can be disclosed in a timely and appropriate manner for the reference of shareholders and stakeholders.

(3) Proactively engage with stakeholders:

The Company has a spokesperson and an acting spokesperson in place. Stakeholders can use this as a means of communication with us or ask questions and make suggestions online through the Stakeholders section of our official website. The Company accepts shareholder proposals before the annual shareholders' meeting is held according to the schedule. Shareholders who have the right to make proposals can submit applications to the Company during the acceptance period, and the Company will convene a board meeting to review such applications in accordance with rules. Moreover, the Company regularly holds investor conferences to disclose the Company's operating performance and our views on future industry prospects to our investors in a timely manner, thereby increasing the means for investors to communicate with the Company.

2.2.2 Operations of the Audit Committee

- 1. Composition of the Audit Committee and scope of duties
 - Three independent directors are elected at the Annual Shareholders Meeting, and they, in turn, form the Audit Committee, which meets at least once per quarter and is responsible for reviewing the Company's financial statements, appointing (dismissing) CPAs, evaluating their independence and performance, ensuring the effective implementation of the Company's internal control, and reviewing the Company's compliance with applicable laws and regulations. Its main duties are in accordance with Article 14-5 of the Securities and Exchange Act.
- 2. Major tasks during 2024
 - (1) Completed the assessment of the effectiveness of the internal control system.
 - (2) Modified the internal control system, including the Audit Committee Charter, in accordance with Article 14-1 of the Securities and Exchange Act.
 - (3) Reviewed the major guarantees provided.
 - (4) Appointed 2024 CPAs and reviewed audit fees.
 - (5) Reviewed the 2023 Business Report and financial statements.
 - (6) Obtained the statement of independence issued by the accounting firm appointed as the basis for the assessment of the independent of CPAs.
 - (7) Handling other major matters stipulated by the Company or competent authorities.

The Audit Committee held five (A) meetings during 2024, and the independent directors' attendance is as follows:

Title	Name	Actual attendance (B)	Proxy Attendance	Actual attendance (%) (B/A)(Note1)	Remark
Independent Director	Wu, Li-Ching	5	0	100	
Independent Director	Hsu, Yung-Chen	5	0	100	
Independent Director	Li, Chien-Jan	0	0	100	Note 2
Independent Director	Huang, Shih-Yi	3	0	100	Note 3

Note1: The attendance (%) is calculated with the number of meetings attended by each member divided by the number of committee meetings held during their term of office.

Note2: Mr. Li, Chien-Jan resigned as an Independent Director on March 1, 2024.

Note3: Mr. Huang, Shih-Yi was appointed as an Independent Director on June 14, 2024.

Other remarks:

- 1. If the operations of the Audit Committee fall under any of the circumstances below, the date of the Audit Committee meeting, the session, the content of the proposal, any objection, reservation, or major suggestion made by independent directors, the committee's resolution results, and the Company's response to the committee's opinions shall be specified:
 - (1) Issues required under Article 14-5 of the Securities and Exchange Act:

Date of Audit Committee meeting	Discussion	Audit Committee's resolution results	Response to independent directors' opinions	
March 13,	Proposal for the Company's 2023 employee			
2024	remuneration and directors' remuneration			
March 13,	Proposal to issue the Company's 2023 Statement of			
2024	the Internal Control System			
March 13,	Proposal for the Company's 2023 annual business			
2024	report and financial report			
March 13,	Proposal for the Company's 2023 Deficit			
2024	compensation table			
March 13, 2024	Proposal to evaluate the independence, fitness assessment and compensation of the Company's certified CPA			
March 13, 2024	Proposal to re-elect the independent directors			
March 13, 2024	Proposal to remove the non-compete restrictions for directors of the Company	Upon inquiry by the Chair, th		
May 14, 2024	Proposal for the Amendment of the Company's "Table of Approval Authority"	proposal was appr objection by all	oved without	
August 12, 2024	Proposal for the Company's Financial Report for 2024Q2	committee members. The Boa of Directors, in accordance wi		
August 12, 2024	Proposal to apply to the First Commercial Bank for credit line renewal and guarantee business based on operational needs	the recommenda Audit Commi approved all re	ttee, also	
November 8, 2024	Ratification of the Company's "Table of Approval Authority"			
November	Ratification of the Company's "Internal Audit			
8, 2024	Implementation Rules"			
December 24, 2024	Proposal to purchase directors liability insurance			
December	Proposal for the Company's 2025 Business Plan			
24, 2024	and consolidated financial budget			
December 24, 2024	Proposal for the Establishment of the Company's "Procedures for the Preparation and Assurance of the Sustainability Report"			
December	Proposal for the Establishment of the Company's "Sustainability Information Management			
24, 2024	"Sustainability Information Management Regulations"			
	Regulations			

- (2) Except the aforementioned issue, other issue not yet resolved in the Audit Committee but has been duly resolved by two-thirds majority of the total number of director seats: None
- 2. With respect to the avoidance of conflicting interest agendas, describe the names of independent directors, details of the relevant agendas, reasons for avoiding conflicting interest, and the voting decisions: None
- 3. Communication between independent directors and the chief internal auditor/CPAs: There are means for independent directors to directly communicate with the chief internal auditor/CPAs, and the communication is smooth.
 - (1) The Company regularly emails an audit report on the previous month or a follow-up report to independent directors for review, and independent directors provide feedback or opinions as necessary. The chief internal auditor regularly participates in the Audit Committee meeting convened quarterly and reports to the independent directors on the audits performed and the audit results. The communication between the independent directors and the chief internal auditor during 2024 is briefly stated below:

Date	Communication method	Matters communicated, independent directors' opinions, and subsequent response
March 13, 2024	4th meeting of the 4th Audit Committee	The chief internal auditor reported on the items audited, results, and improvement follow-up, while issuing the Company's 2023 Statement of the Internal Control System and stating the risk and internal control self-assessment results. None of the independent directors expressed objection.
March 13, 2024	Symposium (alone)	The chief internal auditor communicated the internal audit business with the independent directors, who expressed their awareness of the content without making other suggestions.
May 14, 2024	5th meeting of the 4th Audit Committee	The chief internal auditor reported on the items audited, results, and improvement follow-up, and the independent directors agreed with the content of the report.
May 14, 2024	Symposium (alone)	The chief internal auditor communicated the internal audit business with the independent directors, who expressed their awareness of the content without making other suggestions.
August 12, 2024	6th meeting of the 4th Audit Committee	The chief internal auditor reported on the items audited, results, and improvement follow-up, and the independent directors agreed with the content of the report.
August 12, 2024	Symposium (alone)	The chief internal auditor communicated the internal audit business with the independent directors, who expressed their awareness of the content without making other suggestions.
November 8, 2024	7th meeting of the 4th Audit Committee	The chief internal auditor reported on the items audited, results, and improvement follow-up, and the independent directors agreed with the content of the report.
November 8, 2024	Symposium (alone)	The chief internal auditor communicated the internal audit business with the independent directors, who expressed their awareness of the content without making other suggestions.
December 24, 2024	8th meeting of the 4th Audit Committee	The chief internal auditor reported on the items audited, results, and improvement follow-up, and submitted the 2025 audit plan. The independent directors agreed with the content of the report.

(2) In addition to reporting to the independent directors on the audit or review of the financial statements, the CPAs appointed by the Company held at least one event to raise awareness of laws in the Company per year to update our employees' knowledge of financial and tax laws and countermeasures against relevant impacts. Independent directors and CPAs usually communicate with each other by email or phone at any time when necessary. Their communication during 2024 is briefly stated below:

Date	Communication method	Matters communicated	Result
March 13, 2024	4th meeting of the 4th Audit Committee	CPAs' 2023 audit report The 2024 audit plan and update of laws and regulations	Understood
March 13, 2024	Symposium (alone)	The independent directors communicated the audit work with the CPAs, and the independent directors expressed their awareness of the content without making other suggestions.	Understood
May 14, 2024	5th meeting of the 4th Audit Committee	CPAs' review report on the financial statements for 2024 Q1 and update of laws and regulations	Understood
May 14, 2024	Symposium (alone)	The independent directors communicated the audit work with the CPAs, and the independent directors expressed their awareness of the content without making other suggestions.	Understood
August 12, 2024	6th meeting of the 4th Audit Committee	CPAs' review report on the financial statements for 2024 Q2 and update of laws and regulations	Understood
August 12, 2024	Symposium (alone)	The independent directors communicated the audit work with the CPAs, and the independent directors expressed their awareness of the content without making other suggestions.	Understood
November 8, 2024	7th meeting of the 4th Audit Committee	CPAs' review report on the financial statements for 2024 Q3 and update of laws and regulations	Understood
November 8, 2024	Symposium (alone)	The independent directors communicated the audit work with the CPAs, and the independent directors expressed their awareness of the content without making other suggestions.	Understood
December 24, 2024	8th meeting of the 4th Audit Committee	The 2024 audit plan report and update of laws and regulations	Understood

2.2.3 The operations of corporate governance and the deviation from the Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies and the reasons therefor

	Actual governance			Deviation and
Assessment Items	Yes	No	Summary description	causes of deviation from the Corporate Governance Best-Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies
1. Will the Company based on the Corporate Governance Best-Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies set up and disclose the Company's corporate governance best-practice principles?			The Company has formulated the Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles as per the Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies and published it on the Corporate Governance section of our official website and the MOPS for reference of stakeholders.	None
 2. Shareholding structure and shareholders' equity (1) Will the Company have the internal procedures regulated to handle shareholders' proposals, doubts, disputes, and litigation matters; also, have the procedures implemented accordingly? 	~		The Company has set up a spokesperson and acting spokesperson mechanism to communicate with external parties and set up a section dedicated to stakeholders on our official website, so we can properly handle shareholders' suggestions, questions, and disputes, thereby ensuring their rights and interest. In addition, we have appointed a professional shareholder service agency, which sends shareholder service personnel to deal with relevant rights and interest issues.	
(2) Will the Company possess the list of the Company's major shareholders and the list of the ultimate controllers of the major shareholders?	~		Our insiders (directors, managers, and major shareholders, each holding at least 10% of the total issued shares) report the changes in their shareholdings to the Company in accordance with regulations per month. The Company also appoints a professional shareholder service agency to handle stock affairs as per law; as such, we can effectively keep abreast of major shareholders' shareholdings and	

				Actual governance	Deviation and
			T		causes of deviation
					from the Corporate
Assessment Items		Yes			Governance
Assessment items	No		Summary description	Best-Practice	
					Principles for
					TWSE/TPEx
					Listed Companies
				disclose them in accordance with the	
				regulations.	
(3)	Will the Company	\checkmark		The Company has established the Subsidiary	
	establish and			Monitoring and Management Operating	
	implement the risk			Procedures in the internal control system as	
	control and firewall			per laws and regulations, and each	
	mechanisms with			subsidiary's assets, finance, and business	
	the related parties?			operate independently. We have established an	
				appropriate risk control mechanism and	
				firewall, and our auditors regularly monitor	
				the operation.	
		/			
(4)	Will the Company	\checkmark		The Company has formulated the Procedures	
	set up internal			for Handling Material Inside Information and	
	norms to prohibit			proceed in accordance with Article 157-1 of	
	insiders from			the Securities and Exchange Act. We prohibit	
	utilizing the			company insiders from using undisclosed	
	undisclosed			information on the market to trade stocks, and	
	information to trade			the Company also passes out the publicly	
	securities?			listed company insiders' trading of equity	
				FAQ brochure to new directors and managers	
				when they take office for them to follow	
				applicable rules. We also send emails to raise	
				their awareness of applicable laws and	
				regulations from time to time. Furthermore,	
				we added "Stock trading control measures for	
				insiders from the day they learn about the	
				Company's financial statements or relevant performance information include the	
				restriction that directors must not trade their	
				shares during the closed periods of 30 days	
				prior to the publication of the annual financial	
				statements and 15 days prior to the publication	
				of quarterly financial statement." to Article 15	
				of the Procedures for Ethical Management and	
				Guidelines for Conduct.	
L					

			Actual governance	Deviation and
Assessment Items	Yes	No	Summary description	causes of deviation from the Corporate Governance Best-Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies
 3. The constitution and obligations of the board of directors (1) Has the Board of Directors formulated a diversity policy and specific management objectives and implemented them accordingly? 	~		Please refer to the section 2.1.1 titled 5. "The status of individual directors' implementation of the board members' diversity policy:" of this annual report.	
(2) Will the Company, in addition to setting the Compensation Committee and Audit Committee lawfully, have other functional committee set up voluntarily?	~		The Company has established the Compensation Committee and the Audit Committee, both of which are formed by all independent directors, and has established operating procedures for them to follow. The Company has also established a Business Administration Committee, which is formed by three directors and CEO. It regularly analyzes and discusses materials issues, such as company strategies, operations, and organization, as a reference for the Board of Directors and execution units to make decisions and implement plans. In the future, we will assess if there is a need to set up other functional committees.	
 (3) Does the company establish a method to evaluate board performance and evaluate board performance every year? Are the performance evaluation results reported to the board and used as a reference for the remuneration and nomination for re-election of 	~		At present, the Compensation Committee formulates and regularly reviews the director performance evaluation and remuneration policies, systems, standards, and structures and submits its suggestions to the Board of Directors for discussion. For details regarding the methods and results of the board performance evaluation, please refer to the section 2.2.1 titled "3. Details of the implementation of board evaluation:" of this annual report.	

			Actual governance	Deviation and
Assessment Items	Yes	No	Summary description	causes of deviation from the Corporate Governance Best-Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies
directors?				
(4) Will the Company have the independence of the public accountant evaluated regularly?	~		The Company conducts an annual assessment of the independence of the certifying CPA and reports the results to the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors. Please refer to the section 2.3.2 titled "Standards for assessing the independence of CPA and Audit Quality Index (AQI) evaluation procedure" on this annual report.	

				Deviation and	
As	sessment Items	Yes	No	Actual governance Summary description	causes of deviation from the Corporate Governance Best-Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies
ap ap of co pe de co off res co aff no pre an the for the din suj co ma bo the ma bo	as the Company has pointed an propriate number competent rporate governance rsonnel and signated a rporate governance ficer to be sponsible for rporate governance fairs (including but t limited to oviding directors d supervisors with e materials required r performance of eir duties, assisting rectors and pervisors with mpliance, handling atters related to ward meetings and e shareholders' eetings, and eparing minutes of ard meetings and areholders' eetings)?			 The Company appointed Cheng, Shu-Ching, Director of the Finance Division, as the corporate governance officer. The Board of Directors has also approved the revision of the "Standard Operating Procedures for Handling Directors' Requests," designating the Finance Department as responsible for handling directors' requests and matters related to corporate governance and to appointed the Registrar and Transfer Agency Department of Mega Securities to handle the shareholder service business. The tasks completed during 2024 are as follows: Notified the directors to convene a board meeting seven days before a board meeting agenda was set out, provided meeting materials, reminded directors to recuse themselves from certain proposals in advance, if any, and sent the minutes of the board meetings to the directors within 20 days after the conclusion of each board meeting. Evaluated and purchased directors liability insurance for directors. Provided board members with the information on training courses, allowing all board members to complete at least six hours of training courses. Provided the Company's business or financial information to directors upon their request, maintained smooth communication between directors and various managers, and provided board members with the information on new or amended laws related to their duties, corporate governance, or business administration from time to time. Convened at least a communication meeting between independent directors and CPAs/auditors/financial supervisor per quarter. 	

				Actual governance	Deviation and
Assessment Items		Yes	No	Summary description	causes of deviation from the Corporate Governance Best-Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx
5.	Has the Company established a communication channel with the stakeholders (including but not limited to the shareholders, employees, customers, and suppliers), set up a stakeholder section on the Company's website, and responded appropriately to the important corporate social responsibilities concerned by the stakeholders?			 Completed the registration of the date of a shareholders' meeting beforehand according to law, prepared meeting notices, a meeting handbook, and meeting minutes prior to a deadline stipulated in law, and completed the change registration after the Articles of Incorporation were amended or new directors were elected. Held an investor conference on business performance per year to establish a variety of means for communication with investors. Reviewed the achievement of corporate governance evaluation indicators one by one per year and discussed the indicators, for which the Company failed to obtain scores. The Company instructs the President's Office to communicate with stakeholders depending on the situation and has a spokesperson and an acting spokesperson in place to communicate with external parties. The Company has set up a section dedicated to stakeholders on our official website (www.copartner.com.tw) and clearly state the detailed contact information (phone number and email), to provide stakeholders a means to communicate with the Company depending on their needs. For the Company's key topics of concern, communication channels, and response mechanisms for various categories of stakeholders, please refer to Table 1 on page 38 of this annual report. 	None
6.	Has the Company commissioned a professional stock service agent to handle shareholders	~		The Company has appointed the Registrar and Transfer Agency Department of Mega Securities to handle various shareholder services.	

			Actual governance	Deviation and
Assessment Items		No	Summary description	causes of deviation from the Corporate Governance Best-Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies
affairs?				
 7. Disclosure of information (1) Does the Company have a website setup and the financial business and corporate governance information disclosed? 	~		The Company has set up an official website (<u>http://www.copartner.com.tw</u>) to disclose various financial business and corporate governance information, while reporting and disclosing it on the MOPS at the same time according to law.	
(2) Has the Company adopted other information disclosure methods (such as, establishing an English website, designating a responsible person for collecting and disclosing information of the Company, substantiating the spokesman system, placing the juristic person seminar program on the Company's website, etc.)?			The official website is in both Chinese and English languages, and the Company has designated personnel to be responsible for collecting company information and publishing and disclosing material information, and there are a spokesperson and an acting spokesperson in place to respond to investors' questions. The company also hold an investor conference at least once a year, and disclose the time, information and the conference recording on the official website or the MOPS.	
 (3) Does the company announce and report its financial statements within two months after the end of a fiscal year, and publish and declare in advance the 		✓	The Company announces and discloses the annual financial statements, quarterly financial statements, and monthly operating performance on the MOPS before the deadline required by law and on the Company's website simultaneously.	

					Actual governance	Deviation and
Assessme	Assessment Items Yes		No		Summary description	causes of deviation from the Corporate Governance Best-Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies
of Q1, as well month operation	ions?					
importar informat (includir limited t interests employe care, inv relations relations stakehold advanced directors supervise impleme risk man policies measure standard executio custome purchase insuranc Compan and supe are helpf understa	ion ng but not o the of es, employee estor , supplier , the rights of ders, the d study of and ors, the entation of agement and risk ment s, the n of r policy, the e of liability e for the y's directors ervisors) that ful in nding the e governance n of the			 1. 2. 3. 4. 	Employee rights and employee care: The Company believes that human capital is one of our precious assets and have been committed to providing them with a safe and comfortable work environment with reasonable rewards, while constantly planning various employee benefits. In addition to safeguard employees' legitimate rights and interest in accordance with the Labor Standards Act, we provide domestic and overseas travel and health examination subsidies and hold Labor Day activities. Investors' and stakeholders' rights and interest: The Company has a spokesperson and an acting spokesperson in place to maintain investor relations. In addition, we appoint a professional shareholder service agency to handle issues related to shareholders' rights and interest. Implementation of supplier relations and client policies: The Company has long maintained stable and positive relations with clients and suppliers with adequate bilateral communication and has personnel dedicated to responding to clients' complaints. Directors' training: Our directors not only have professional industry expertise and practical experience in business administration but also receive training per year depending on their individual needs. Please refer to the section 2.2.8 titled "Directors and Managers' continuing education during 2024:" on this annual report.	

	Deviation and			
Assessment Items	Yes	No	Actual governance Summary description	causes of deviation from the Corporate Governance Best-Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies
			 Directors liability insurance: The company annually purchases director's liability insurance and reports to the Board of Directors after signing a new insurance policy per year. Recent BOD resolution: Dec 24, 2024 Recent BOD report:Mar 14, 2025 Insurance coverage: Insured: All directors Insurance Company: MSIG Co., Ltd. Coverage Amount: USD 10,000,000 Insurance Period: Dec 26, 2024- Dec 26, 2025. Implementation of the risk management policy and the risk measurement standards: The Company has formulated internal rules and regulations according to law and conduct various risk management and assessments accordingly. Implementation Status of the Employee Satisfaction Survey: To establish a regular communication channel with employees, ensure that they have access to information related to the Company's operational and management activities and decision-making processes, and uphold their right to express opinions, the Company conducts an annual employee satisfaction survey administered by the HR Department. The first such survey was carried out in March 2025 by the HR Department and evaluated the satisfaction of all employees at the head office for 2024. The survey was conducted anonymously and voluntarily, covering three key dimensions: satisfaction with overall systems, job content, and corporate culture. The survey achieved a coverage rate of 91.43%, with an overall satisfaction score of 3.5 out of 5. The 	

			Actual governance	Deviation and
Assessment Items	Yes	No	Summary description	causes of deviation from the Corporate Governance Best-Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies
			lowest-rated area was the internal evaluation, salary adjustment, and performance incentive system (2.9). To enhance motivation, the Company plans to review and adjust salary structures and performance reward systems as appropriate, thereby supporting sustainable development. Regarding the dimension of challenge and sense of achievement (3.4), the Company intends to refine job content to better utilize employees' strengths and promote career development. In terms of internal communication and cross-departmental collaboration (scoring between 3.4 and 3.5), efforts will be made to strengthen teamwork awareness and improve supervisors' communication skills to ensure effective and smooth exchange of opinions.	

9. Please describe the improvement performed according to the corporate governance evaluation results published by the Governance Center of Taiwan Stock Exchange in last year, and propose the matters with priority for improvement and the respective measures and Corporate:

- (1) The Company reviews the corporate governance evaluation results and the corporate governance evaluation indicators, for which the Company failed to obtain scores, released in the last year one by one per year. The indicators, for which we have completed the improvements, are as follows:
 - 1. Conduct external evaluations of the performance of the Board of Directors.
 - 2. Calculate the Company's water consumption and waste generation for the past two years.
 - 3. Conduct regular employee satisfaction surveys and disclose the implementation status and improvement plans.
- (2) Prioritized indicators to improve and improvement measures:
 - 1. Evaluate the establishment of functional committees beyond those required by law.
 - 2. Disclose relevant ESG information in the ESG report with reference to the SASB and TCFD frameworks.
 - 3. Disclose annual greenhouse gas emissions for Scope 1 and Scope 2 over the past two years.
 - 4. Disclose the categories and annual greenhouse gas emissions for Scope 3 for the past year.
 - 5. Establish a personal data protection policy and disclose both its contents and implementation status.
 - 6. Establish a Sustainability Development Committee.

identity	Response department	Concerns	Communication Channels	Communication Status
Shareholders:	Finance Division the spokesperson the deputy spokesperson	Company operating performance, dividend distribution, corporate governance, R&D direction.	We hold a shareholders' meeting per year, and shareholders can fully exercise their voting rights by electronic means. The Company also holds an investor conference per year, publishes the annual report for the shareholders' meeting, and discloses monthly revenue among other information, to keep shareholders informed of the Company's operating performance.	In 2024, the Company held its annual shareholders' meeting and organized one institutional investor conference to provide shareholders with an opportunity to raise relevant questions.
Employees	Human Resources Department and Employee Welfare Committee.	Workplace safety, employee benefits, labor-managem ent relations, opinion expression methods	We can communicate the issues of workplace safety, employee benefits, and labor-management relations with employees through quarterly labor-management meetings and conducts an annual employee satisfaction survey.	A total of four labor-management meetings were convened during the year to facilitate dialogue, coordinate labor relations, and promote labor-management cooperation.
Suppliers	Management Department and procurement units	Supplier management evaluation.	The Company lives up to the spirit of sustainable development and abide by the principle of fair trade, require suppliers to comply with applicable laws and regulations on safety and environmental protection. Our procurement contact points communicate relevant requirements with suppliers from time to time. Suppliers can also ask questions at any time to strive to achieve the goal of information symmetry.	The Company maintained regular communication and engagement with stakeholders through ongoing liaison activities and relationship management.
Clients	Business Administration Department	Products, Services, Customer Relations Product Quality Product Compliance with Regulations	We visit clients and participate in exhibitions to respond to issues of product quality and sales services that clients emphasize. In addition, we have set up a section on the official website for clients to ask questions about each product, and there are personnel dedicated to responding to their questions in a timely manner.	Regular communication with customers was conducted through visits and meetings. In 2024, the Company participated in a total of 8 international exhibitions across various countries to enhance customer interaction and market presence.

Table 1: Stakeholder Concerns, Co	Communication Channels,	and Response Mechanisms:

2.2.4 The composition, responsibility, and operations of the Compensation Committee:

The Company has set up the Compensation Committee on December 16, 2011, formed by all independent directors, in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Act, and it operates in accordance with the Company's Compensation Committee Charter. The committee holds at least two meetings per year and held three meetings during 2024.

		r		May 15, 2025
Identity	Qualification Name	Professional qualification and experience	Compliance of independence (Note 1)	Number of other public companies where the members are also the members of the Compensation Committee of these companies.
Independent Director (Convener, be appointed as a convener on March 13, 2024)	Wu, Li-Ching	Please refer to th	e section 2.1.1	-
Independent Director (Convener, Resign on March 1, 2024)	Li, Chien-Jan	Please refer to the section 2.1.1 titled on directors, Data of Directors, President, Vice President, Assistant Manager, and heads of various departments of this annual report		2
Independent Director	Hsu, Yung-Chen			-
Independent Director (Newly appointed on May 14, 2024)	Huang, Shih-Yi			-

1. Information on the members of the Compensation Committee:

2. Responsibility of the Compensation Committee: The Compensation Committee shall fulfill its duty of care as a good manager, faithfully perform the following responsibilities, and submit suggestions to the Board of Directors for discussion:

- (1) Establish and regularly review the directors and managers' performance evaluation standards, annual and long-term performance targets, and remuneration policies, systems, standards, and structures, as well as disclose the performance evaluation standards in the annual report.
- (2) Regularly evaluate the achievement of the performance goals of the Company's directors and managers, and determine the content and amount of individual remuneration based on the evaluation obtained from the performance evaluation standards.

The individual board and manager performance evaluation results, the content of individual remuneration, the association between the amount of remuneration and evaluation results, and the reasonability shall be disclosed in the annual report and reported to the shareholders' meeting.

3. Operations of the Compensation Committee:

- (1) The Compensation Committee consists of three members. The term of office of the committee members is from August 9, 2023 through June 29, 2026.
- (2) The Compensation Committee held three meetings (A) during the last year. The qualifications and attendance of the members are as follows:

Title	Name	Actual attendance (B)	Proxy Attendance	Actual attendance (%) (B/A) (Note)	Remark
Convener	Wu, Li-Ching	3	0	100%	Be appointed as a convener on March 13, 2024
Convener	Li, Chien-Jan	0	0	100%	Convener, Resign on March 1, 2024
Committee	Hsu, Yung-Chen	3	0	100%	-
Committee	Huang, Shih-Yi	1	0	100%	Newly appointed on May 14, 2024

Other remarks:

1. Where the board of directors does not adopt or amend the proposal(s) posed by the Compensation Committee: The Company shall expressly elaborate on the date, session while the board of directors meeting was convened, contents of the issues, outcome of decisions resolved in the board of directors and the Company's response to the opinions posed by the Compensation Committee(For instance, if the salary pay resolved by the board of directors is higher than that proposed by the Compensation Committee, the Company should elaborate on the fact of differential gap and the cause thereof): None.

2. Where a decision resolved in the Compensation Committee is found in contravention of rules or in qualified opinion as verified with records or documented declaration, the Company shall expressly elaborate on the date, sessions of the meeting convened by the Compensation Committee, contents of agenda, opinions of all members and acts taken in response to such opinions: None.

Note: The attendance (%) is calculated with the number of meetings attended by each member divided by the number of committee meetings held during their term of office.

4. The dates of the committee meetings during 2024, the contents of the proposals, resolution results, and the Company's response to the committee members' opinions:

Date of meeting	Discussion	Resolution result	Response to independent directors' opinions
March 13, 2024	 Nomination of the convener of the fifth Compensation committee of the company Proposal for the Company's 2023 employee remuneration and directors' remuneration 	Approved as proposed without objection.	Submitted to the Board of Directors and approved by all directors present.
May 14, 2024	 Proposal to distribute the Company's 2023 managers' remuneration and performance bonus. Proposal to evaluation the Company's 2023 directors' and managers' remuneration. Proposal to regularly review the board performance evaluation indicators and make suggestions. 	Approved as proposed without objection.	Submitted to the Board of Directors and approved by all directors present.
August 12, 2024	 Proposal for Compensation of Directors Serving as Executive Directors of the Company. 	Approved as proposed without objection.	Submitted to the Board of Directors and approved by all directors present.

2.2.5 Implementation of the promotion of sustainable development and the deviation and causes of deviation from the Sustainable Development Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies

				Implementati	ion	Deviation and				
Item	Yes	No		Summary description						
1. Does the Company have a specific (or part-time) unit set up to promote the sustainable development governance framework, and the Board of Directors authorizing the management to handle matters and report the supervision results to the Board of Directors?	V		To fulfill our c facilitate econo to achieve sust Sustainable De the approval of The General m forth and imple policies, syster and specific im the Board of D senior manage responsible for any time and p relevant domes development g environment, v our sustainable above rules on effectiveness o	<u>Companies</u> None						
2. Does the company assess the risk of environmental, social, and governance (ESG) issues in relation to corporate operations based on the materiality principles and establish policies or strategies in relation to risk management?	~		Based on the n social responsi risk assessmen relevant risk m assessed. The o Material issue	None						
			Environmental	Water Resources Energy Management	the importance of environmental sustainability and strive to minimizes the risk of environmental					

				Implementati	on	Deviation and
Item	Yes N	90		causes of deviation from the Sustainable Development Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies		
			Social	labor- management relation Workplace safety	violations by adopting waste gas collection systems and water circulation systems, while proactively implementing energy-saving and carbon reduction projects in a long term to increase employee' awareness of environmental protection, to increase the resource use efficiency. The company regularly holds labor-management meetings and establishes a employee welfare committee to promote interaction and communication among all employees. The Company complies with the Labor Standards Act and applicable laws and regulations to formulate various salary and benefit measures for employees, provide a leave of absence and flextime system that are better than legal requirements, various insurance, and subsidies, and proactively implement diverse employee activities to attract and retain outstanding employees. The Company's office entrances and exits are equipped with an access control, monitoring, and	

				Implementat	ion	Deviation and
Item	Yes	No	causes of deviation from the Sustainable Development Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies			
					ensure employee security. We appoint a professional company inspect public security and have obtained the building public security independent inspection certificate of approval. We regularly appoint professional companies to repair or maintain various mechanical and electrical or firefighting equipment,air condition and Water dispenser. Office are strictly smoke-free as per regulations to prevent the occurrence of fire incidents. No occupational accidents	
				Customer privacy	occurred in 2024.The company implements a privacy policy and protection mechanism to ensure the protection of customer privacy. Any suspected incidents or issues regarding customer data security will be promptly reported to minimize the risks associated with such occurrences.The Commany has	
			Governance	Anti- corruption	The Company has formulated the Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles, the Procedures for Ethical Management and Guidelines for Conduct, an internal control system, a delegation system, division of labor,	

		Implementation	Deviation and
Item	Yes No	causes of deviation from the Sustainable Development Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies	
		and other anti-fraud measures; carry out internal audits and internal control self-assessments; and provides channels for reporting violations of business ethics to duly implement anti-corruption measures.The Company keeps trade secrets strictly confidential. Employees are not allowed to inquire about or collect suppliers' and clients' trade secrets, trademarks, patents, and other intellectual property rights not related to their jobs. We signed the non-disclosure agreements (NDA) to protect their trade secrets. Information security measures adopted include anti-virus software installed on personal computers used by all employees, and anti-virus software used to detect viruses in external storage media, and the latest version of virus patterns 	

			Implem	entation		Deviation and
Item	Yes	No	Summ	ary desc	cription	causes of deviation from the Sustainable Development Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies
3. Environmental issues (1) Does the company have an appropriate environmental management system established in accordance with its industrial characteristics?			Co., Ltd. is valid from N November 24, 2024, tha (ShenZhen) Co., Ltd. is through March 23, 2025 Communication Co., Lt	agement lants is l agement lants is l aws and) Co., Lt Copartu- nd Shenz d. in Chi al manag ly preven and imp we adop with cli- umental p United E lovembe t of Cop valid fro , that of d. is vali- 3, 2025, available	handled in accordance regulations. United td., Cablex Wire And ler Technology Zhen Copartner ina have all obtained gement system nt and control prove the resource and pt RoHS as our ents' requirements and protection trends. Electric Wire (KunShan) er 25, 2021 through partner Technology om February 22, 2022 ShenZhen Copartner id from January 13, and that of Cablex Wire alid from February 14, 5.	None

			Implementation	Deviation and
Item	Yes	No	Summary description	causes of deviation from the Sustainable Development Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies
(2) Is the company committed to enhancing the power efficiency and using renewable materials that are with low impact on the environmental impacts?			 In recent years, energy shortages and global carbonization have exacerbated. To respond to and reduce the impact of environmental changes, we continue to implement energy conservation and carbon reduction measures. Such measures are stated below: 1. Adopting energy-saving equipment in offices We have adopted energy-saving energy-efficiency LED lights in our offices in compliance with the energy-saving and carbon reduction policy. 2. Raising awareness of energy conservation and carbon reduction Putting up energy-saving slogans at lighting and air-conditioning switches and continuing to hold activities to raise awareness of greenhouse gas reduction. 3. Resource use and recycling We recycle copper and PVC pellets, print paper, and water, to increase the resource use rate and reduce our impact on the environment, thereby enabling the sustainable use of resources on Earth. 	
(3) Has the Company assessed its current and future potential risks and opportunities of climate change and taken countermeasures against climate-related issues?	✓		The Company is a manufacturer. In response to climate change issues, we recycle and reuse materials and have VOCs treatment facilities in place, so that the waste gas from the PVC pellet production process can be collected and treated to meet the emission standards, to greatly reduce the emissions. In addition, we have taken measures to update equipment, replace old lamps with LED ones, save water, turn off lights, and controlling the air conditioning temperature to cope with climate change issues. The Company also continues to assess the potential risks and opportunities caused by climate change to ensure the stability of our operations and maintain our competitiveness.	
(4) Has the Company counted the greenhouse gas emissions, water	 		Due to the characteristics of the industry, the Company only uses a small amount of water to cool the wires during the manufacturing process and have a water circulation system in place to recycle water. In addition,	

			Im	olementation			Deviation and
					-		causes of
							deviation
							from the
							Sustainable
Item							Development
item	Yes	No	Sı	ummary desc	ription		Best Practice
							Principles for
							TWSE/TPEx
							Listed
a construction and				fue and the entries			Companies
consumption, and			no gas is generated			-	
total weight of			process, and our PV				
waste over the past			VOCs treatment fac			•	
two years and			from the production				
formulated policies			meeting the emissio				
on greenhouse gas			discharge volume c		• 1		
reduction, water			committed to minin				
consumption			the environment. In			gy-savıng	
reduction, or other			and carbon reductio		1	. .	
waste management?			energy-saving mana				
			and public areas, ad				
			comprehensively, an				
			saving water, turnin				
			controlling the air-c	-	-	-	
			stairs more and the				
			print paper and cop				
			the impact of our op				
			Disclosure of the C		Greenhouse	Gas	
			Emissions for 2024	-			
			Please refer to sect				
			Inventory and Assu			-	
			Disclosure of the C	1 V		er	
			Consumption and		eration:		
			Water Consumption				
			As all of the Compa	•			
			office-based, water		-		
			employees' daily ac				
			classified as a mate	-			
			based on the month	•	-		
			utility bills, combin		-		
			building or park wh			allocated	
			proportionally acco	-			
			The scope of the da		ll of the Con	npany's	
			office locations in T	aiwan.			
			Year	2022	2023	2024	
			Consumption (unit: cubic meters)	1640.63	1621.78	1416.84	
			Waste Generation:				
			As the Company's s	sites in Taiwa	an are all off	ice-based,	

				Implementa	tion		Deviation and
Item	Yes	No		Summary o	description		causes of deviation from the Sustainable Development Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies
			waste is primar activities and is topic. As a non- is not required to non-hazardous The scope of th office locations The calculation general waste g the Ministry of of employees ea days.	therefore no manufacturin to distinguish waste. e data includ in Taiwan. method is ba eneration per Environmen	t classified as ng enterprise, n between haza es all of the C ased on the av- r person as ann t, multiplied b	a material the Company ardous and ompany's erage daily nounced by y the number	
			Year	2022	2023	2024	
			Waste Generation (kg)	21,446.09	22,174.48	15,577.54	
 4. Social issues (1) Does the Company have the relevant management policies and procedures stipulated in accordance with the relevant laws and regulations and international conventions on human rights? 			The Company r Declaration of I Global Compace Business and H Labour Organiz Principles and I providing empl- working enviro The Company p global labor reg Service Act, the Employment, as protect the lawf We also uphold labor rights, ince to collective bas the prohibition forms of forced discrimination is dedicated to ensist safe, and respect Human Rights I Measures:	Human Right et, the UN Gu uman Rights zation Declar Rights at Wor oyees with a nment. bledges to co- gulations, inc e Act of Genc nd other relev ful rights and international cluding freeder gaining, care of child labo labor, and the in employme suring that al ctful workpla	ts, the United I niding Principl and the Inter ation on Funda- rk. We are con safe and legal mply with all a luding the Em ler Equality in vant labor law interests of ou lly recognized om of associate e for disadvan r, the elimination the eradication nt and occupa l employees en ce.	Nations es on national amental amitted to ly compliant applicable ployment s, in order to ar employees. fundamental tion, the right taged groups, ion of all of tion. We are njoy a fair,	None

			Implementation	Deviation and
Item	Yes	No	Summary description	causes of deviation from the Sustainable Development Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed
				Companies
			 Recruitment and Equal Treatment: In compliance with the Employment Service Act and the Act of Gender Equality in Employment, the Company ensures fairness and transparency throughout the recruitment process. All forms of discrimination based on race, gender, religion, age, marital status, sexual orientation, nationality, or disability are strictly prohibited. Equal opportunities for development are guaranteed for all employees. Friendly Workplace and Occupational Safety: Safe Environment: Periodic workplace assessments are conducted to ensure employee safety. Health Care: Annual health checkups are provided, monthly health protection information is shared, and occupational physicians and nurses offer preventive guidance based on individual needs. An open consultation channel is available to raise health awareness. Leave Policy Implementation: Employees are encouraged to maintain a work-life balance. The Company offers leave benefits superior to statutory requirements, including unpaid leave and birthday leave. Occupational Safety Training: Regular emergency response drills, including self-defense firefighting exercises, are conducted to enhance emergency preparedness. Prohibition of Forced Labor and Child Labor: No Forced Labor: The Company ensures that all employees are employed voluntarily. Any use of threats, violence, or other unlawful means to restrict employee freedom is strictly forbidden. No Child Labor: The Company adheres to international standards and strictly prohibits the employment of child labor, ensuring that all employees meet applicable legal age and labor requirements. Human Rights Policy Promotion and Education: New Employee Training: Human rights policies and protection measures are communicated during 	

			Implementation	Deviation and
Item	Yes	No	Summary description	causes of deviation from the Sustainable Development Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies
(2) Has the company established and implemented reasonable employee welfare measures (including remuneration, leave, and other benefits) and appropriately reflected business performance and achievements in the remuneration for employees?	✓		onboarding to ensure understanding of the Company's commitments. Company-Wide Education: Programs are implemented to prevent workplace violence and bullying, fostering a culture of respect and inclusion. 5. Legal Compliance and Corporate Responsibility: Compliance Management: The Company ensures compliance with local labor laws across all global operations and adheres to anti-human trafficking and anti-slavery legislation. Employee Rights Protection: Reasonable working hours are enforced, and safe and healthy working conditions are provided in accordance with local labor standards. The company regularly holds labor-management meetings and establishes a employee welfare committee to promote interaction and communication among all employees. The company complies with the Labor Standards Act and applicable laws and regulations to formulate various salary and benefit measures for employees, provide a leave of absence and flextime system that are better than legal requirements, various insurance, and subsidies, and proactively implement diverse employee activities to attract and retain outstanding employees. Our excellent talents are from diverse backgrounds. As of May 15, 2025, 86.44% of our employees have a bachelor's degree or above; female employees account for 49.15% of the total employees; and female managers account for 34.21% of all managers. The Company upholds the principle of profit sharing and raises employees' salary appropriately and distributes employee remuneration through employee evaluations and annual operating results, to reflect our operating performance in employee remuneration.	
(3) Does the Company provide employees with a safe and	\checkmark		The Company's office entrances and exits are equipped with an access control, monitoring, and security control system to ensure employee security. We appoint a	

			Implementation	Deviation and
Item	Yes	No	Summary description	causes of deviation from the Sustainable Development Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies
healthy work environment, and provide safety and health education to employees regularly?			professional company inspect public security every two years and have obtained the building public security independent inspection certificate of approval. We regularly appoint professional companies to repair or maintain various mechanical and electrical or firefighting equipment and report to the competent authority. We regularly repair or maintain the air-conditioning equipment per year; the water dispenser equipment every two months. We conduct self-defense fire exercises every six months and prohibit smoking at business premises in accordance with laws. We hire cleaners to clean the office environment every day to ensure a clean and healthy work environment. We provide hygiene products, such as alcohol and masks, to employees in the offices, organize health examination for employees per year, and continue to care for employees' physical and psychological health. We hold labor-management meetings every three months to reinforce labor-employment collaboration. We prohibits workplace bullying and have the regulations for establishing Measures of Prevention, Correction, Complaint and Punishment of Sexual Harassment at Workplace in place to protect employees' rights, ensuring that each employee is treated with respect and fairness. We organize health examination for employees and provide subsidies per year; have full-time health administrators in place to provide health consultation service and advice. Each office has an emergency response guidance in case of any emergency. We invite doctors to the Company to provide medical consultation services on-site and hold relevant health seminars from time to time to enhance employees' medical knowledge. We have blood pressure monitors set up at designated locations in each workplace to ensure employees' health. In addition to alleviating employees' concern at work, we pay equal attention to their family members and provide them and their family members with health	

			Implementation	Deviation and
Item	Yes	No	Summary description	causes of deviation from the Sustainable Development Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies
 (4) Does the Company have an effective career capacity development training program established for the employees? 	~		examination discounts. We purchase group insurance for each employee and travel insurance additionally for those on a business trip. We also purchase commercial fire insurance, plus theft insurance, for offices and plants, to provide employees with a safe and healthy work environment. The company has no fire incidents in 2024. The company has internal job rotation and arranges training programs according to organizational needs, employees' daily performance, personality traits, and career aspirations to enrich job content. These enable employees to acquire new knowledge and skills, thereby enhancing their professional standards. Additionally, we encourage employees to cultivate a spirit of self-learning and continuous improvement to achieve personal growth goals and increase competitiveness in future careers.	
(5) Does the company comply with the related laws and regulations and international standards regarding the customer health and safety, customer privacy, marking communication, and labeling of its products and services and establish policies to protect the rights and interests of customers and procedures for grievances?	\checkmark		The Company's products are not directly sold to consumers. We attach great importance to clients' opinions. In addition to visiting them, we provide them with means to ask questions, file complaints, or make suggestions on the Company's website. Based on the principle of good faith, we properly respond and give feedback to protect their rights.	

			Implementation	Deviation and
Item	Yes	No	Summary description	causes of deviation from the Sustainable Development Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies
 (6) Has the company established policies for management to request suppliers to comply with the relevant laws and regulations of environmental protection, occupational safety and health, and labor human rights? Does the company keep track on the implementation of such policies? 	~		The Company has the Supplier Evaluation Management Regulations in place, attach great importance to the protection of the environment and society, and select honest suppliers, and visit suppliers from time to time to assess their suitability. All suppliers should live up to the same philosophy as the Company, and should not be involved in violations of environmental protection, occupational safety and health, and labor rights. In the case of a violation, the Company will terminate and cancel the contract at any time and blacklist the supplier.	
5. Has the Company referred to the internationally accepted reporting standards or guidelines to prepare reports, such as ESG reports that discloses the Company's non-financial information? Did the Company apply for assurance or guarantee of such reports to a third-party certification body?		\checkmark	The Company will complete our 2024 ESG Report by August 2025 and implement relevant policies, strategies, and measures in accordance with the Company's sustainability-related regulations. Going forward, the Company will continue to ensure proper execution and operation of these initiatives to realize the goals of corporate sustainability development.	The Company will complete the ESG report in accordance with applicable regulations by August 2025.
6. If the Company has es Social Responsibility any discrepancy betw The Company has for	Bes een mula	t-Pr the ated	ed the corporate social responsibility principles based on actice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies," ple principles and their implementation: the Sustainable Development Best Practice Principles to . There is no major difference between our implementation	ease describe fulfill our

		Implementation	Deviation and
			causes of
			deviation
			from the
		Summary description	Sustainable
Item	XZ NT		Development
	Yes No		Best Practice
			Principles for
			TWSE/TPEx
			Listed
			Companies

- 7. Other important information for the implementation of sustainable development:
 - (1) Social charity: Fulfilling corporate social responsibility and promoting sustainable development is the Group's commitment to maximizing the values for shareholders. Recently, we have held social charity activities such as serving as environmental volunteers at the Wugu Wetland Ecological Park magazine, donating materials to child asylums, cleaning the environment, working with social welfare groups to recruit visually impaired masseurs to provide massage services to all employees at the company and participating in the Mother's Day Cake Fundraising Project organized by the Children Are Us Foundation and donated Mother's Day cakes to contribute our share and give back to disadvantaged groups.

In 2023, as society emerged from the shadow of the pandemic and returned to normalcy, the Company encouraged employees to actively participate in social welfare activities. At the end of 2023, a beach cleanup was conducted at Waiao Beach in Keelung. In 2024, the Company also applied to carry out a mountain cleanup activity along the Linshao Trail in Guanyin Mountain, demonstrating its commitment to environmental conservation.

(2) Stakeholders: The Company attaches great importance to stakeholders' rights and interest and have set up the Stakeholders section on our official website as a communication platform, thereby learning about stakeholders' reasonable expectations and needs, either economically or environmentally, complaints, or suggestions. The Company upholds the principle of good faith to properly respond and provide feedback or improvement plans to facilitate effective communication.

2.2.6 Climate-related information for listed and over-the-counter companies

1. Implementation status of climate-related information

Items	Execution status
 Describe the board of directors and management oversee and govern climate-related risks and opportunities through several mechanisms: 	Board of Directors The Board of Directors regularly supervises climate-related risks, opportunities, response strategies, and the progress of related initiatives and targets. Board members continuously engage in relevant training courses and uphold the values of sustainability, integrity, and pragmatism. The Board actively promotes transparency and disclosure of operational information and strengthens communication with stakeholders.
	ESG Team The company has established an ESG Team as an internal sustainability coordination unit. It is led by the General Manager's Office, which is responsible for planning, promoting, and overseeing the company's sustainable development strategies. The ESG Team convenes at least once a year and reports its execution results to the Board of Directors through the General Manager's Office. The Board evaluates the feasibility of related strategies and regularly reviews their progress. The General Manager's Office and the ESG Team are responsible for proposing and implementing sustainability-related policies, systems, management guidelines, and specific action plans. For more details, please refer to the ESG Report.
2. Describe how identified climate risks and opportunities impact the business, strategies, and finances of the company (short-term, medium-term, long-term).	In accordance with the TCFD framework, the Company has conducted an in-depth assessment of climate-related risks and opportunities, focusing on their financial impacts and time horizons. By analyzing 16 climate risks, the Company has formulated effective short-, medium-, and long-term strategies to mitigate potential financial risks and enhance its competitiveness in the market. For details, please refer to Appendix 1.
3. Describe the financial impact of extreme weather events and transition actions.	Through internal discussions, inventory, and evaluations, the Company has analyzed 16 climate risks and their financial impacts, conducting an in-depth assessment of how climate-related risks and opportunities affect the Company's finances and the corresponding time horizons. For details, please refer to Appendix 2.
4. Describe how the identification, assessment, and management processes of climate risks are integrated into the overall risk management system.	The Company evaluates short-, medium-, and long-term plans for each identified risk. Based on practical considerations, the ESG Team and the Board of Directors assess the severity and prioritization of climate-related risks through the internal control review process. The Company manages the currently identified climate-related risks and opportunities by treating them as key areas of focus. It supervises, monitors, and reviews the risk management performance of the management team. The outcomes are reported to the Board of Directors and disclosed in the ESG Report.
5. If using scenario analysis to assess resilience to climate change risks, it should describe the scenarios, parameters, assumptions, analytical	Under the TCFD framework, the Company adopts SSP2-4.5 and SSP5-8.5 scenarios, as referenced in the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) Sixth Assessment Report, to assess physical climate risks. The Shared Socioeconomic Pathways (SSPs) enrich the traditional Representative Concentration Pathways (RCPs) by incorporating socioeconomic development factors, providing a more comprehensive basis for climate scenario analysis.

Items		Ez	recution status
Items factors, and major financial impacts involved.	from the Knowledg simulation	analysis is conducted Taiwan Climate Char e Platform (TCCiP), scenarios for future p	using publicly available interactive charts nge Projection Information and Adaptation with SSP2-4.5 and SSP5-8.5 set as the
	SSP5-8.5	Global cooperation weakens, fossil fuel use continues to rise, and there is a lack of concrete emissions reduction actions. The projected temperature increase is approximately 3.6°C.	structure and operating costs remains limited and manageable. However, if export markets implement a carbon tariff of US\$20 per metric ton, it could further raise product operating costs and exert pressure on export competitiveness. Continuous monitoring of policy developments and strategic adjustments will be required. If carbon taxes, carbon fees, or border carbon tariffs are implemented rapidly, they will indirectly raise procurement costs and overall operating expenses, particularly in the absence of viable low-carbon supplier alternatives. Moreover, as international brand clients increasingly enforce carbon reduction requirements across their supply chains, failure to establish a comprehensive greenhouse gas inventory system and present a concrete decarbonization roadmap in a timely manner may expose the Company to risks such as loss of

Items		E	Execution status
			and future revenue growth potential. In addition, with the acceleration of ESG-focused investment trends, capital markets may revalue companies with insufficient carbon risk management capabilities. This could lead to higher financing costs and place additional pressure on the Company's financial flexibility.
	The assessm SSPs	Physical Risk	ysical risk scenario analysis is as follows: Estimated Potential Financial Impacts
	SSP2-4.5	Scenario Assumptions Global climate policies advance moderately, with stable economic growth and low-carbon transition proceeding in parallel. Projected temperature rise: ~2.7°C	The primary risks arise from the climate resilience of supply chain manufacturing sites. If key subcontractors are located in areas with relatively high climate risk, they may be exposed to events such as typhoons, flooding, or power outages, potentially resulting in delivery delays and increased costs. In addition, chronic risks such as rising high-temperature days and water stress may force subcontractors to adjust processes or reduce production capacity, leading to potential disruptions in order fulfillment and delivery arrangements.
	SSP5-8.5	Global cooperation weakens, fossil fuel use continues to grow, and there is a lack of clear emissions reduction actions. Projected temperature rise: ~3.6°C	Physical risks escalate rapidly, including factory shutdowns at supply chain sites or critical logistics nodes due to floods, droughts, or typhoons. These disruptions may delay chip deliveries, lengthen stocking cycles, and interrupt operations. If the Company is unable to promptly shift to alternative manufacturing partners, it may impact overall shipping schedules and customer satisfaction, resulting in potential order losses and damage to reputation. Moreover, climate-related disasters could damage subcontractor infrastructure, increase insurance premiums, and expand disaster-related expenses, further driving up overall operating costs.
			In the long term, failure to incorporate climate resilience into supply chain management and operational planning may turn physical risks into a major uncertainty affecting the stability of revenue and cost structure.
6. If there is a transformation plan to address and manage climate-related risks, describe the content of the plan, as well as the indicators and objective used to identify and manage physical risks	to reduce net-zero gradually replace in efficiency s energy cer Scope1:	its greenhouse gas emissions by 2050. phase out high-en t with energy-efficie At the same time, the rtificates to reduce election Equipment using reference	with the government-mandated timeline, plans emissions by 10% by 2030 and achieve To reach this target, the Company will aergy-consuming electrical equipment and ent alternatives to improve energy usage the Company will actively procure renewable ectricity-related emissions. efrigerants, such as air conditioners and replaced with energy-efficient products that

Items	Execution status
and transition risks.	carry environmental certification labels. Scope2: To mitigate the environmental impact of electricity consumption, the Company will evaluate the procurement of green electricity to reduce carbon emissions. Transition Risk: The Company operates in a sector vulnerable to low-carbon economic transformation and must respond promptly to market strategy shifts and government policy impacts. A carbon reduction target of 5% is set for the year 2029. Physical Risk: Facing risks of supply chain disruption due to floods and fires, the Company will strengthen the diversification of its supply chain. The goal is to increase the number of supply chain partners by 2% by the year 2029.
7. If using internal carbon pricing as a planning tool, the basis for price determination should be explained.	To demonstrate to investors the Company's concrete progress in managing climate change issues while maintaining sound financial performance, it is essential to prudently assess the impact of climate-related risks. The Company has implemented an internal carbon pricing mechanism as a management tool for evaluating capital expenditures and driving carbon reduction initiatives. This approach enhances the Company's carbon risk management capabilities, strengthens climate resilience, and aligns with the Company's core strategies and decision-making processes. The internal carbon price was established with reference to global carbon pricing trends and major international reports, including the International Energy Agency's World Energy Outlook and the World Bank's State and Trends of Carbon Pricing. Industry pricing models and strategic applications were also taken into consideration. Ultimately, the Company has set its internal carbon price at NT\$300 per metric ton of CO ₂ e, applicable to developed economies.
8. If climate-related targets are set, the covered activities, scope of greenhouse gas emissions, planning timeframe, annual progress, etc., should be specified. If carbon offsetting or Renewable Energy Certificates (RECs) are used to achieve the targets, the source and quantity of offset carbon credits or the number of RECs should be explained.	 The Company's ESG Team is responsible for coordinating greenhouse gas inventory operations. The inventory boundary is set to include only Taiwan-based operations, covering emissions from Scope 1 and Scope 2 sources. For details, please refer to Appendix 3. In the first phase (by 2025), the Company aims to reduce Scope 1 and Scope 2 greenhouse gas emissions by 1% compared to the baseline year, with annual rolling reviews and adjustments to follow. The Company has not yet planned to use carbon offsets or Renewable Energy Certificates (RECs) to achieve the related targets.

Items	Execution status
9. Inventory and assurance of greenhouse gas emissions, along with reduction targets, strategies, and specific action plans (to be filled in table 1-1 and 1-2)	As the Company's capital has not yet reached NT\$5 billion, it is required—according to the Sustainability Development Roadmap for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies—to complete the greenhouse gas inventory for the parent standalone entity by 2025 (ROC Year 114). The Company has completed the inventory for the parent entity for the year 2024 in 2025, and plans to conduct third-party assurance in 2027. For details on the Company's greenhouse gas inventory, reduction targets, strategies, and specific action plans, please refer to Table 1-1 and 1-2.

Table 1-1 Greenhouse Gas Inventory and Assurance Status

1-1-1 Greenhouse Gas Inventory Status

Greenhouse Gas Inventory Information: the emission volume (metric tons CO2e), intensity (metric tons CO2e/NT\$ million), and data coverage of greenhouse gases in the most recent 2 fiscal years.

1. The parent only entity is required to begin greenhouse gas inventory starting from 2025. Accordingly, the Company conducted the inventory for the year 2024 during 2025 in advance.

2. Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial report are required to begin greenhouse gas inventory starting from 2026.

Year	Scope 1	Scope 2	Total	Emission Intensity
2024	64.1877	95.4083	159.596	0.725

Note1:Direct emissions (Scope 1) refer to emissions from sources that are owned or controlled by the company. Energy indirect emissions (Scope 2) refer to greenhouse gas emissions resulting from the generation of purchased electricity, heat, or steam consumed by the company. Other indirect emissions (Scope 3) refer to emissions that occur as a result of company activities, but originate from sources not owned or directly controlled by the company.

Note2:The coverage of data for direct emissions and energy indirect emissions shall comply with the timeline stipulated in Article 4-1, Paragraph 2 of the "Directions for the Preparation and Filing of Sustainability Reports by TPEx Listed Companies" issued by the Taipei Exchange. Disclosure of other indirect emissions (Scope 3) is voluntary.

Note3:Greenhouse gas inventory standards: The Greenhouse Gas Protocol (GHG Protocol) or ISO 14064-1 issued by the International Organization for Standardization (ISO).

Note4:The greenhouse gas emissions intensity may be calculated per unit of product/service or revenue. However, data based on revenue (in NT\$ million) must be disclosed at a minimum.

1-1-2 Greenhouse Gas Assurance Information

the status of assurance for the most recent 2 fiscal years as of the printing date of the annual report, including the scope of

assurance, assurance institutions, assurance standards, and assurance opinion

- 1. Starting in 2027, the Company will annually disclose the assurance status of the previous year's GHG inventory for the parent standalone entity, in accordance with the government-mandated timeline.
- 2. Beginning in 2028, the Company will also conduct GHG inventories for subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial report and will annually disclose the assurance status of the previous year's inventory in accordance with the government's schedule.

Note1:The process shall be carried out in accordance with the timeline stipulated in Article 4-1, Paragraph 3 of these Directions. Note2:The assurance provider must comply with the relevant regulations governing sustainability report assurance bodies as prescribed by the Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation and the Taipei Exchange.

Note3:For disclosure content, please refer to the best practice examples available on the Corporate Governance Center website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

Table 1-2 Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Emission Reduction Goals, Strategies, and Action Plans

Greenhouse Gas Emissions Reduction: Baseline Year, Targets, Strategies, Action Plans, and Progress

Greenhouse Gas Reduction Baseline Year and Reduction Targets

To formulate a greenhouse gas (GHG) reduction strategy, the Company completed a GHG inventory in 2024 using the parent only financial reporting boundary (Operations in Taiwan). Accordingly, the baseline year is set as 2024, with Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions totaling 64.1877 metric tons CO₂e and 95.4083 metric tons CO₂e, respectively. The Company aims to reduce emissions by at least 1% annually from the baseline year through the implementation of the following concrete actions.

GHG Reduction Strategy and Action Plan

The Company's wire manufacturing processes do not emit gases directly. For the PVC pellet plant, VOC (Volatile Organic Compounds) control facilities are installed to collect and treat exhaust gases generated during production. These gases are only released after meeting emission standards, achieving up to a 65% reduction in emissions. The Company is committed to minimizing the environmental impact of its operations. In addition, various energy-saving and carbon-reduction measures are actively implemented, including energy management programs in offices, factories, and public areas. These initiatives include the full adoption of energy-efficient lighting, promoting energy-saving habits among employees (e.g., turning off lights when not in use, controlling air conditioning temperatures, using stairs instead of elevators), and optimizing facility layout through factory consolidation for improved production efficiency. Participation in the carbon trading market is also being evaluated.

The company is committed to effective GHG management and reduction by setting clear strategies and goals. These include improving energy efficiency, introducing renewable energy, and optimizing production processes, with the goal of reducing Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions by 1% by 2025.

In 2024, the primary energy sources used by copartner and its facilities included purchased electricity, fuel for company vehicles, and fuel for production equipment—all of which were non-renewable. The Company maintains an annual GHG emission reduction target of 1% for both Scope 1 and Scope 2 to steadily advance toward its decarbonization objectives.

Appendix 1:

The Company regularly reviews its major long-term strategic goals and has established two key visions—"Net Zero Emissions by 2050" and "Low-Carbon Transition"—to align with national policies targeting net zero by 2050.

The Company will provide a detailed explanation of how it addresses climate-related risks and opportunities, including current and anticipated changes in its business model in response to these challenges.

	D	· ,·	Impact on b	ousiness model	Impact on	value chain
Category	Description		Now	Expected	Now	Expected
Transition risk	Technology	Raw material price increase	No impact currently	The company needs to develop strategies for diversified supply sources and alternative materials, and strengthen its ability to transfer costs and respond to price fluctuations in real time.	Upward pressure on metal and petrochemical material prices affects delivery stability and causes frequent fluctuations in quotations.	Raising selling prices or shortening quotation validity periods, along with potential adjustments to supply strategies and payment terms, may affect Copartner's procurement and inventory planning.
	Technology	Low-carbon technology transition cost	Gradual investment in energy-efficient equipment and monitoring systems requires initial capital expenditure.	Further adoption of smart manufacturing and green process technologies will involve the restructuring of operational processes and result in pressures related to resource allocation and organizational transformation.	Small and medium-sized suppliers find the cost of transition burdensome and lack the resources to implement low-carbon production.	If certain suppliers fail to keep pace with the decarbonization trend, they may be unable to meet carbon management requirements, and Copartner will need to reassess its partners or assist in enhancing their capabilities.
	Market	Changes in customer behavior	No impact currently	As sustainable procurement becomes the norm, the company must adjust product design and strengthen its carbon management system and reporting capabilities; otherwise, it may risk losing key orders.	No impact currently	Suppliers must possess basic capabilities in carbon inventory and environmental data for their products; otherwise, they will be unable to meet the requirements of end brands or export markets.
	Policy and	Increase in	No impact	Domestic energy prices have been	Costs across the	Once carbon fees become

Regulation	greenhouse	currently	rising annually, and discussions on	energy-intensive value chain have	normalized in the future,
	gas emission pricing		carbon pricing mechanisms have begun, leading to increased costs for electricity and fuel consumption.	value chain have risen significantly and are being passed on to downstream customers.	carbon-intensive suppliers may lose their price advantage, affecting their viability and competitiveness.
Market	Changes in consumer preferences	No impact currently	This will create upstream pressure through the supply chain on Copartner, compelling the company to accelerate the development and deployment of green materials and products.	No impact currently	It is expected that suppliers will be required to provide traceable raw materials with environmental labels or ESG certifications; otherwise, they will be phased out.
Policy and Regulation	Strengthenin g of emission reporting obligations	With increasing ESG disclosure requirements, the company has initiated the establishment of a carbon inventory system and internal data integration processes.	In the future, in response to international regulations such as the CSRD and SBTi, the company will need to implement more systematic emission monitoring, third-party verification, and the setting of medium- and long-term carbon reduction targets.	Large clients require suppliers to provide carbon emission and environmental management information; however, the overall level of supplier preparedness remains inadequate.	With the expansion of policy and industry disclosure regulations, suppliers will be included in audit and verification processes and will need to enhance their internal data management capabilities.
Policy and Regulation	Product and service requirement s and regulation	Products must comply with environmental regulations such as RoHS and REACH, and certain markets require certifications for non-toxicity or low volatility.	Regulatory requirements will continue to tighten, and in the future, products will need to undergo additional environmental certifications and traceability management, leading to increased R&D and testing costs.	Compliance with hazardous substance management standards has become a basic requirement for suppliers; however, some small and medium-sized suppliers still lack systematic management mechanisms.	Under dual pressure from regulations and the market, suppliers must obtain relevant certifications and declarations of conformity for RoHS, REACH, VOC, and other standards.
Reputation	Litigation risk	No impact currently	With growing attention to sustainability, stakeholders are becoming more	In the event of environmental pollution or regulatory violations, the	Suppliers with weak compliance and risk control capabilities will be flagged as

				sensitive to	reputation of the	high-risk,
				corporate behavior,	entire supply	impacting their
				requiring	chain may be	opportunities to
				companies to	affected, and	collaborate with
				strengthen	supply	major clients and
				compliance	disruptions could	the stability of
				systems and risk	occur.	contractual
				disclosures to avoid	occur.	
				negative legal and		relationships.
				reputational		
				incidents.		
			No impact	If the introduction	The adoption of	If the technology
			currently	of new	new materials or	cannot be
			currentry	technologies is not	new processes	successfully
				properly planned or	involves high	implemented or
				market acceptance	risks, with	scaled, it will delay
		Failure of		is poor, it may	suppliers bearing	the overall upgrade
	Technology	investment		result in resource	the uncertainties	of the supply
		in new		waste and	of product	chain. Copartner
		technologies		underperformance,	validation and	will need to
				affecting the	mass production.	diversify risks or
				company's growth	mass production.	take the lead in
				and		collaborative
				competitiveness.		R&D.
			No impact	External pressures	Brand owners	If suppliers are
			currently	are expected to	and investors are	involved in labor,
			currentry	translate into	highly sensitive	environmental, or
				disclosure and	to social and	governance
				performance	environmental	controversies, it
				requirements.	responsibilities	will negatively
		Increased		Enterprises must	within the supply	affect the image of
		stakeholder		proactively	chain, amplifying	their client
	Reputation	concern and		establish	the impact of	companies.
	- reputation	negative		mechanisms for	supplier actions.	Consequently,
		feedback		balancing interests		audits and
		100 autor		and response		adjustments to
				procedures to		partnerships are
				protect their		expected to
				reputation and		become more
				ensure stable		frequent.
				partnerships.		*
			Traditional wires	If the company	Traditional	If the market
			and cables	fails to keep pace	suppliers have	rapidly shifts
			remain the	with technological	not yet	toward low-carbon
		Substitution	mainstream in	advancements, its	established the	alternatives,
		of existing	the market;	products may be	capacity to	traditional
		products and	however, new	replaced by	supply alternative	suppliers will lose
	Technology	services	environmentally	competing	raw materials or	their competitive
		with	friendly material	offerings with	products.	edge, and
		low-carbon	products are	environmental and	=	Copartner will
		alternatives	gradually	energy-saving		need to proactively
			emerging.	features, resulting		plan and develop
				in market loss.		an alternative
	l	1	1	1	1	1]

						supply chain.
	Market	Market information uncertainty	Rapid changes in international policies and customer sustainability standards require frequent adjustments in business direction and response strategies.	The company must strengthen its intelligence gathering on policy and industry developments and establish early warning systems and flexible strategy adjustment mechanisms to cope with external	Small and medium-sized suppliers have weaker access to information and respond slowly to changes in external policies and market conditions.	This may affect the overall speed and accuracy of supply chain adjustments. Copartner may need to invest in training and information integration resources to enhance their responsiveness.
	Reputation	Industry stigmatizati on	No impact currently	fluctuations. In the future, it will be necessary to strengthen the management of the company's sustainability image, stakeholder communication, and social engagement to improve brand perception and attract younger generations of talent.	Suppliers with high energy consumption or pollution risks are more likely to become the focus of public scrutiny.	They are expected to face increasing social pressure and disclosure obligations, requiring enhanced transparency and stronger corporate social responsibility (CSR) response capabilities.
Physical risk	Long-term	Rise in average temperature	Increased summer temperatures raise the demand for cooling in factory facilities and affect employee productivity and safety.	It is necessary to enhance energy-saving and comfort facilities within the factory and implement intelligent environmental control systems to maintain production stability and workplace health.	Labor-intensive suppliers face deteriorating working environments and challenges to employee health.	They must improve working conditions and implement summer response measures; otherwise, there may be risks of labor shortages or reduced efficiency.
risk	Immediate	Extreme changes in climate patterns	Extreme weather events such as heavy rainfall and typhoons have increased the risk of supply chain and logistics disruptions.	A more comprehensive operational resilience plan is required, including strengthening supply chain diversification, backup mechanisms, and climate disaster	Extreme climate events have already caused occasional disruptions to raw material transportation and supply stability.	Disruption risks are expected to rise, requiring suppliers to enhance inventory backup and disaster response measures. The company must also reassess the risks associated

				response capabilities.		with supply chain distribution and
			There is	Taiwan is classified	Suppliers located	concentration. In the long term,
	Long-term	Sea level rise	currently no direct threat to the Company's facilities; however, certain logistics nodes or suppliers may be affected.	as a high-risk region. In the long term, site planning and supply chain risk assessments must incorporate climate considerations, including contingency plans for operational disruptions under extreme weather conditions.	near coastal areas or ports face future operational uncertainty.	this may lead to logistics interruptions or pressure to relocate facilities, which should be factored into supplier risk mapping and relocation planning.
	Energy source	Use of Renewable Energy	The company has begun evaluating options such as the adoption of green electricity, aiming to reduce electricity costs and address client concerns regarding carbon management.	As carbon disclosure and carbon pricing mechanisms become more mature, the use of renewable energy will help alleviate carbon fee pressures, enhance the company's sustainable brand image, and create opportunities to enter standardized low-carbon supply chains.	Some suppliers have started to assess the feasibility of adopting renewable energy in response to upstream customers' demands for lower supply chain emissions. However, progress remains slow due to initial cost constraints and limitations in energy supply.	It is expected that suppliers will gradually increase their use of green electricity and leverage renewable energy as a competitive advantage to improve the likelihood of long-term partnerships with major clients.
Opportunity	Resource efficiency	Government Subsidies	The company may consider participating in subsidy programs offered by agencies such as the Industrial Development Bureau or the Bureau of Energy, including those supporting the replacement of energy-saving equipment and the implementation of carbon	In the future, further subsidies may be applied for in areas such as low-carbon transformation, smart manufacturing, and digital carbon management tools, which can accelerate the green transition and reduce financial pressure, contributing to enhanced industry competitiveness.	Some suppliers have already benefited from government subsidy programs targeting energy efficiency improvements and low-carbon transformation, helping to ease capital constraints, maintain stable production, and partially upgrade equipment.	With increasing government support, more proactive efforts can be made to secure resources for equipment renewal and technological transformation, thereby improving production efficiency, reducing emissions, and strengthening overall competitiveness within the supply

		inventory systems, thereby initially gaining financial and technical support. The company	In the future, the	Due to limitations	chain. However, the
Product and services	al	continues to invest in the development of high environmental-p erformance wire products, such as insulation materials and low-smoke, halogen-free cables, while strengthening joint development efforts with clients.	company will align more closely with market trends and policy directions, allocating additional resources to green wire development, production optimization, and circular design. These efforts aim to enhance differentiated competitiveness and expand into emerging application markets such as new energy.	in capital and scale, only a few suppliers with sufficient scale or specialized technical capabilities have begun exploring innovations in low-carbon materials or energy-saving processes. Overall, the pace of technological upgrading across the supply base remains slow.	anticipated growth in market demand for low-carbon products is expected to drive suppliers to accelerate the adoption of advanced manufacturing processes and the development of eco-friendly materials. Through technological innovation, suppliers can enhance product competitiveness and meet clients' ESG standards.

Appendix 2: Assessment of the Financial Impacts of Climate Risks

Category	Description		Potential period horizon of impact			Financial impact during the reporting period
			Short	Medium	Long	
Transition risk	Technology	Raw material price increase	0			The potential period horizon of this risk is short-term, and there is no material financial impact during the current reporting period.
	Technology	Low-carbon technology transition cost	0			The potential period horizon of this risk is short-term, and there is no material financial impact during the current reporting period.
	Market	Changes in customer behavior	0			The potential period horizon of this risk is short-term, and there is no material financial impact during the current reporting period.
	Policy and Regulation	Increase in greenhouse gas emission pricing	O			The potential period horizon of this risk is short-term, and there is no material financial impact during the current reporting period.
	Market	Changes in consumer preferences	0			The potential period horizon of this risk is short-term, and there is no material financial impact during the current reporting period.
	Policy and Regulation	Strengthening of emission reporting obligations	O	O	Ø	The potential time horizon of this risk spans the short-, medium-, and long-term, with the following material financial impact during the current reporting period: Due to the strengthening of emission reporting obligations—such as the preparation of the sustainability report and greenhouse gas inventory—the Company incurred related expenditures of approximately NTD 300,000 during the period.
	Policy and Regulation	Product and service requirements and regulation		O		The potential period horizon of this risk is medium-term, and there is no material financial impact during the current reporting period.
	Reputation	Litigation risk		Ø		The potential period horizon of this risk is medium-term, and there is no material financial impact during the current reporting period.
	Technology	Failure of investment in new technologies		O		The potential period horizon of this risk is medium-term, and there is no material financial impact during the current reporting period.
	Reputation	Increased stakeholder concern and negative feedback		Ø		The potential period horizon of this risk is medium-term, and there is no material financial impact during the current reporting period.

	Technology	Substitution of existing products and services with low-carbon alternatives		Ø	0	The potential period horizon of this risk is medium and long-term, and there is no material financial impact during the current reporting period.
	Market	Market information uncertainty		O		The potential period horizon of this risk is medium-term, and there is no material financial impact during the current reporting period.
	Reputation	Industry stigmatization			Ô	The potential period horizon of this risk is long-term, and there is no material financial impact during the current reporting period.
Physical risk	Long-term	Rise in average temperature			O	The potential period horizon of this risk is long-term, and there is no material financial impact during the current reporting period.
	Immediate	Extreme changes in climate patterns Sea level rise	O	O	0	The potential time horizon of this risk spans the short-, medium-, and long-term, with the following material financial impact during the current reporting period: During the current reporting period, the Company purchased fire insurance. Based on short- to medium-term projections (within five years), the estimated premium for the year 2029 is NTD 134,501. If the Company were to prepare in advance for the additional premium expenses arising from the increased fire risk over the next five years, the one-time cash outflow in 2024 would amount to approximately NTD 670,000. The potential period horizon of this risk is long-term, and there is no material financial
	Long-term			Ø	0	impact during the current reporting period. The potential period horizon of this risk is
Opportunity	Energy source	Use of Renewable Energy				medium and long-term, and there is no material financial impact during the current reporting period.
	Resource efficiency	Government Subsidies	O	O	0	The potential time horizon of this risk spans the short-, medium-, and long-term, and there is no material financial impact during the current reporting period. The parent only company has not received any relevant government subsidies at present.
	Products and services	Technological Innovation		O	0	The potential period horizon of this risk is medium and long-term, and there is no material financial impact during the current reporting period.

Appendix 3: The Company's absolute total greenhouse gas emissions for Scope 1 and Scope 2 during the reporting period of 2024, expressed in metric tons of carbon dioxide equivalent (tCO2e), are presented as follows:

Table of Absolute Total Greenhouse Gas Emissions

Total Emissions by Scope (tCO2e)		64.1877		95.4083
Subtotal (tCO2e)	0.0000	20.4840	43.7037	95.4083
Emission Item	Stationary	Mobile	Fugitive	Purchased Electricity
Emission Category		Scope 1		Scope 2

Strategic Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Objectives and Corresponding Indicators and Targets

		Indicators	ators		Decoline			Targets	2	
pu	Indicator	Unit of	Indicator	Current	DaseIIIIe	Objective	Tornet Conne	Target Tune	Torrat Dariod	Milestone / Interim
Z	Name	Measure	Type	Value	(+707)	Purpose	1 al gel scupe	1 aiget 1 ype	I alget rellou	Target
ta	Total Scope	Metric tons				GHG	Darent only			
H	GHG		Quantitative	64.1877	64.1877	Emission		Absolute Target Through 2050	Through 2050	XXX
٠Ĕ	Emissions	0.026				Reduction	company			
t;	Total Scope					GHG				
75	2 GHG		Ouantitative	95.4083	95.4083	Emission	rarent only	Absolute Target Through 2050	Through 2050	XXX
. =	Emissions	CO2e				Reduction	company))	
t,	Fotal Scope	Matrice tons				GHG	Dorsat culu			6% reduction in Scope 1
2	l & 2 GHG		Quantitative	159.596	159.596	Emission		Absolute Target Through 2050	Through 2050	& 2 emissions by $2030 \circ$
	Emissions	202				Reduction	company			

Performance in ethical corporate management inconsistency with the "Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies" 2.2.7

			Actual governance	Variation from
Assessment Items	Yes	No	Summary description	the Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx -Listed Companies and the reasons
 1.Business Integrity Policy and action plans (1) Has the Company established policies for ethical corporate management approved by the board of directors and stated such policies and practices in its regulations and external documents and in the commitment made by the board of directors and senior management to actively implement such policies? 			The Company has formulated the Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles as approved by the Board of Directors, which then approved the amendments thereto according to the latest law. In addition, the Board of Directors resolved a decision to formulate the Procedures for Ethical Management and Guidelines for Conduct, which is disclosed on our official website as a statement of our ethical management policy and practice, while the Company required our directors and senior managers to issue a statement of ethical management to declare their commitment to actively implementing the ethical management policy.	None
 (2) Has the Company established an assessment mechanism of risk from unethical behavior to regularly analyze and assess business activities with higher risk of involvement in unethical behavior and preventive programs for unethical behaviors containing at least the preventive measures stated in Paragraph 2, Article 7 of the "Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx-Listed Companies"? 			The Company has the code of ethical conduct for directors and managers and a code of ethical conduct for employees in place to guide our directors, managers at all levels, and all employees to comply with the ethical standards and allow our stakeholders to better understand our ethical standards. The code can also be adopted as a code of conduct followed by all our employees. In addition to incorporating the code into the training materials for new employees, we require managers at all levels to lead by example and put it into practice in daily management. We have formulated prevention plans, analyzed business activities with a higher risks of unethical conduct, and strengthened relevant preventive measures.	

			Actual governance	Variation from
Assessment Items	Yes	No	Summary description	the Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx -Listed Companies and the reasons
(3) Has the Company establist in the preventive programs operating procedures for unethical behavior prevent penalties and grievance systems of breaching the guidelines for conduct, and implemented and periodic review them?	s the tion, d		Under the framework of the Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles, the code of ethical conduct for directors and managers, and the code of ethical conduct for employees, the Company has clearly formulated the Procedures for Ethical Management and Guidelines for Conduct to specifically regulate our personnel when performing duties at work, including specifying the operating procedures and guidelines for conduct, a punishment and complaint system for violations, and the scope of application that applies to the Company, our subsidiaries, and other organizations or juridical persons with substantive control over the Company. We increase new employees' awareness and put such regulations into practice. Our internal audit department also plays a crucial role in ensuring compliance with professional ethics and laws and regulations. To ensure that our employees' behavior is in compliance with applicable rules and regulations, standards, procedures, and laws, our internal audit department performs various audits in accordance with the annual audit plan approved by the Board of Directors and reports the relevant audit results and improvement plan follow-up to the Board of Directors and the management team, to ensure the implementation of various management rules to prevent unethical conduct. At the end of each year, when the Board of Directors submits an annual report on the implementation of ethical corporate management to reexamine if the Company's Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles need to be amended.	

			Actual governance	Variation from
Assessment Items	Yes	No	Summary description	the Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx -Listed Companies and the reasons
 2. Proper enforcement of business integrity (1)Does the Company have the integrity of the trade counterparty assessed and with the code of integrity expressed in the contract signed? 	~		Before forming a business tie with another party, the Company will first evaluate its legitimacy, ethical management policy, and if it has ever been involved in unethical conduct, to ensure that its business operations are fair and transparent and will not require, provide, or accept bribe.	None
 (2) Has the Company established a dedicated (concurrent) unit to implement ethical corporate management under Board of Directors and report regularly (at least once a year) to BOD the status of implementation and supervision of ethical management policy and preventive programs of unethical behavior? 			 The Company has designated the General managers' Office as a unit dedicated to promoting ethical corporate management, including ethical management policy awareness raising, the formulation, implementation, and monitoring of the implementation of the ethical management policy and preventive measures, to ensure proper implementation of the Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles. The Company regularly reports to the Board of Directors per year on the ethical management policy and the monitoring of the prevention of unethical conduct during the prior year and assist the Board of Directors in evaluating if our ethical management prevention measures are effective. The implementation during 2024 is as follows: 1. We sent an email irregularly to raise employees' awareness of the type of insider shareholding change reporting in violation of the Securities and Exchange Act. 2. We sent an email to all employees regarding the Company's rules of ethical management and professional ethics. 3. We sent an email to inform employees of 	

			Actual governance	Variation from
Assessment Items	Yes	No	Summary description	the Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx -Listed Companies and the reasons
(3) Does the Company have developed policies to prevent conflicts of interest, provided adequate channel for communication, and substantiated the policies?	✓		 the self-regulatory regulations on M&A information disclosures and the laws and regulations on the procedures for handling material inside information. 4. We reiterated the relevant rules that prohibit insiders, such as directors or employees, from profiting using the undisclosed information in the market in the Stakeholders section on our official website. 5. We have disclosed the whistleblowing channels in the Stakeholders section on our official website, including phone number and email, to help stakeholder identify issues and increase their communication means. The Company's Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles, Procedures for Ethical Management and Guidelines for Conduct, the code of ethical conduct for directors and managers, and the code of ethical conduct for employees have clearly defined a policy to prevent conflicts of interest, and we have required all units to follow accordingly. Moreover, our personnel present at the board meetings who have personal interest involved in the proposals listed on the board meeting agenda proceeded in accordance with Article 16 of the company's Rules of the Procedure for Board of Directors Meetings on directors' recusal due to conflicts of interest. Also, the contact numbers and emails on the official website are available for internal and external personnel to report unethical conduct. 	

			Actual governance	Variation from
Assessment Items	Yes	No	Summary description	the Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx -Listed Companies and the reasons
 (4) Has the Company established an effective accounting system and an internal control system for the internal audit unit to establish related audit programs based on the results of risk assessment of involvement in unethical behavior to audit and prevent the compliance with the preventive programs of unethical behavior or hire a CPA to perform the audit? (5) Has the Company organized corporate management internal and external education and training programs on a regular basis? 	~		The Company has established and followed an effective accounting system and an internal control system, and our internal auditors regularly check on the compliance with the accounting system, the internal control system, and relevant rules and report the audit results to the Board of Directors at each board meeting. Moreover, the Company conducts the annual internal control self-assessment per year, each of our departments should examine its internal control system to ensure the effectiveness of the system design and implementation. The Company discloses the Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles and the Procedures for Ethical Management and Guidelines for Conduct in the Corporate Governance section on the official website and informs all employees, directors, or insiders of the applicable regulations on ethical management by email from time to time, while raising their	
 3. The operations of the Company's Report System (1)Does the Company have a specific report and reward system stipulated, a convenient report channel established and a responsible staff designated to handle the individual being reported? 	~			None

			Actual governance	Variation from
Assessment Items	Yes	No	Summary description	the Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx -Listed Companies and the reasons
(2) Has the Company established standard operating procedures for investigating reported events, follow-up measures to be taken after the investigation was completed, and related confidentiality mechanisms?	✓		or other appropriate personnel. In addition, there is a channel for reporting violations of professional ethics by relevant personnel disclosed on the official website. During 2024, no major violation was reported by internal or external personnel. After investigation and confirmation, internal whistleblowers will be rewarded as appropriate in accordance with the human resources management regulations. As per Article 23 of the Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles and Article 21 of the Procedures for Ethical Management and Guidelines for Conduct, report acceptance and investigation process and results should be recorded and stored, and relevant personnel should issue a written statement to keep whistleblowers' identity and the content of the reports confidential. If it is confirmed that the person being reported has violated the applicable laws or the Company's ethical management policy and regulations, we will immediately ask the violator to stop the relevant conduct and handle it appropriately, while reporting the handling method and subsequent review and improvement measures to the Board of Directors. No such a thing occurred during 2024.	
(3) Has the Company taken proper measures to protect the whistle-blowers from suffering any consequence of reporting an incident?			As per Article 23 of the Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles and Article 21 of the Procedures for Ethical Management and Guidelines for Conduct, the relevant personnel handling whistleblowing should issue a written statement to keep whistleblowers' identity and the content of the reports confidential and promise to protect whistleblowers from	

				Actual governance	Variation from
	Assessment Items	Yes	No	Summary description	the Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx -Listed Companies and the reasons
				being improperly treated due to whistleblowing.	
4.	Enhanced information disclosure Does the Company have the contents of corporate management and its implementation disclosed on the website and MOPS?	~		The Company has disclosed the principles and related information on the official website, the MOPS, and annual reports in accordance with Article 25 of the Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles. We have the Corporate Governance section on the official website to discloses the Procedures for Ethical Management and Guidelines for Conduct, the code of ethical conduct for directors and managers, and the code of ethical conduct for employees, as well as the internal awareness-raising events held during the year.	None
5.	the Ethical Corporate Managem please specify the difference bet the Ethical Corporate Managem culture of ethical management. Other important information tha (e.g., reviewing and amending t amendments to the Company's been approved by the Board of Moreover, the Company timely education and training and conv	ent I twee ent I <u>Ther</u> It fac he C Proc Direc arran	Best n its Best <u>e is 1</u> ilitat omp edur ctors nges the in	Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice I Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Co operation and the principles: The Company h Practice Principles to establish and develop a no difference between the implementation and tes the understanding of the Company's ethica any's corporate governance best practice prin es for Ethical Management and Guidelines for on December 23, 2022 in response to the am for directors and managers to receive corpora mportance of integrity to them, thereby impro- id duly implementing ethical management.	ompanies, as formulated corporate l the principles. Il management ciples): The r Conduct have ended law. te governance

Other important information that may facilitate the understanding of the operation 2.2.8 of corporate governance: The information on the operation of corporate governance is available in the Investors section on

the official website.

Directors and Managers' continuing education during 2024:

1. Directors continuing education during 2024:

Title	Name	Training date	Organizer	Course name	Training hours
Director	Ho, Chun-Hsien; Wang, Shih-Tsung; Chen, Hung-Yao; Cheng, Chin-Hung; Hsu, Yung-Chen; Wu, Li-Ching Huang, Shih-Yi	August 12, 2024	Securities and Futures Institute	Carbon Credit Trading Mechanism and Carbon Management Applications	3 hours
Director	Ho, Chun-Hsien; Wang, Shih-Tsung; Chen, Hung-Yao; Cheng, Chin-Hung; Hsu, Yung-Chen; Wu, Li-Ching Huang, Shih-Yi	August 12, 2024	Taiwan Corporate Governance Association	Board Governance under ESG	3 hours

2. Managers' continuing education during 2024:

Title	Name	Training date	Organizer	Course name	Training hours
CEO; Corporate Governance officer	Liao, Wen-Hung Cheng, Shu-Ching	August 12, 2024	Securities and Futures Institute	Carbon Credit Trading Mechanism and Carbon Management Applications	3 hours
CEO; Corporate Governance officer	Liao, Wen-Hung Cheng, Shu-Ching	August 12, 2024	Taiwan Corporate Governance Association	Board Governance under ESG	3 hours
Corporate Governance officer	Cheng, Shu-Ching	June 18, 2024	TWSE bcsd Taiwan WBCsd	Sustainability Knowledge Empowerment for the New Carbon Era – Promotional Seminar	6 hours
Chief Financial and Accounting Officer	Cheng, Shu-Ching	May 3, 2024	Accounting Research and Development Foundation	Latest ESG Sustainability Policies and Regulations Related to Annual Report Preparation and Practical Analysis of Net-Zero Carbon Emissions Impact on Financial Reporting	6 hours
Chief Financial and Accounting Officer	Cheng, Shu-Ching	December 18, 2024	Accounting Research and Development Foundation	Common Deficiencies in Financial Statement Review and Practical Analysis of Key Internal Control Regulations	6 hours

2.2.9 Implementation of the internal control system

- Declaration of Internal Control Policies
 For information regarding the Company's Statement on Internal Control System,
 please search for the "Internal Control Statement" announcement on the Market
 Observation Post System (MOPS). Select the Company's stock code and the relevant
 fiscal year to access the information.
 Website: https://mops.twse.com.tw/mops/#/web/t06sg20
- 2. For those who appointed a CPA to conduct an ad-hoc review of the internal control system, the CPA's review report shall be disclosed: The Company did not appoint a CPA to conduct an ad-hoc review of the internal control system, so no review report is available.
- 2.2.10 The important resolutions by the shareholders' meeting and the Board of Directors adopted and implementation during 2024 and up to May 15, 2025:

Date of shareholders' meeting	Important resolution	Implementation
	Ratified the proposal for the Company's 2023 Business Report and financial Report	Announced prior to the deadline
L 14 2024	Ratified the Company's 2023 earnings distribution Table proposal	Announced prior to the deadline
June 14, 2024 Annual Shareholders	1 2 1	New independent directors: Mr. Huang, Shih-Yi
Meeting	Approved the proposal to amend the "Rules of Procedure for Shareholders Meetings"	Uploaded and reported
	Approved the proposal to remove the non-compete restrictions for the company's new directors	Announced prior to the deadline

Date of board meeting	Important resolution	Implementation
	Approved the proposal for the Company's 2023 employee remuneration and directors' remuneration	Reported to the 2024 Annual Shareholders Meeting.
	Approved the proposal to issue the Company's 2023 Statement of the Internal Control System	Proceeded as approved
March 13, 2024 Board meetings	Approve to amend the Company's "Rules of the Procedure for Board of Directors Meetings"	Reported to the 2024 Annual Shareholders Meeting.
(1st 2024)	Approve to amendment to the "Rules of Procedure for Shareholders Meetings"	Submitted to the 2024 Annual Shareholders Meeting
	Approved the proposal for the Company's 2023 annual business report and financial report	Submitted to the 2024 Annual Shareholders Meeting for ratification
	Approved the proposal for the Company's 2023 Deficit compensation proposal	Deficit compensation Table is submitted to the 2024 Annual Shareholders Meeting for ratification

Date of board meeting	Important resolution	Implementation
	Approve the proposal to evaluate the independence, fitness assessment and compensation of the Company's certified CPA	Proceeded as approved
	Approve the proposal for by-election of Independent Director	Submitted to 2024 Annual Shareholders Meeting for election
	Approved the proposal to remove the non-compete restrictions for the Company's managers	Proceeded as approved
	Approve the proposal to remove the non-compete restrictions for directors of the Company	Submitted to the 2024 Annual Shareholders Meeting for resolution
	Approved the proposal to convene the Company's 2024 Annual Shareholders Meeting	Convened the 2024 Annual Shareholders Meeting as per law
	Approved the proposal to accept shareholder proposals and handle related matters	Proceeded as approved
	Approve the proposal to accept shareholder director nominations related to the operational issues	Proceeded as approved
	Approve the proposal to nominate independent director candidates and candidature examination by the Board of Directors of the Company	Proceeded as approved
	Appointment of Compensation Committee Members	Proceeded as approved
	Approved the proposal for the Company's financial statements for 2024Q1	Proceeded as approved
May 14, 2024	Approve to amendment to the "Authorization table"	Proceeded as approved
Board meetings (2nd 2024)	Approved the proposal to distribute the Company's 2023 managers' performance bonus.	Proceeded as approved
	Approved the company's 2023 director and manager remuneration assessment proposal	Proceeded as approved
	Approved the proposal to regularly review the board performance evaluation indicators and make suggestions.	Proceeded as approved
	Approved the proposal for the Company's financial statements for 2024 Q2	Proceeded as approved
August 12, 2024 Board meetings (3rd 2024)	Approved the proposal to apply to the First Commercial Bank for credit line renewal and guarantee business based on operational needs	Proceeded as approved
	Proposal for Compensation of Directors Serving as Executive Directors of the Company.	Proceeded as approved

Date of board	Important resolution	Implementation
meeting	Approved the proposal for the Company's financial statements for 2024 Q3	Proceeded as approved
November 08, 2024	Approval of the Proposal to Amend the Company's "Audit Committee Charter"	Proceeded as approved
Board meetings (4th 2024)	Approval of the Ratification of the Company's "Table of Approval Authority"	Proceeded as approved
	Approval of the Ratification of the Company's "Internal Audit Implementation Rules"	Proceeded as approved
	Approved the proposal for the Company's 2025 annual audit plan	Proceeded as approved
	Approved the proposal to purchase directors liability insurance	Proceeded as approved
December 24, 2024 Board meetings	Approved the proposal for the Company's 2025 Business Plan and 2025 consolidated financial budget	Proceeded as approved
(5th 2024)	Approval of the Proposal to Establish the Company's "Procedures for the Preparation and Assurance of the Sustainability Report"	Proceeded as approved
	Approval of the Proposal to Establish the Company's "Sustainability Information Management Regulations"	Proceeded as approved
	Approved the proposal for the Company's 2024 employee remuneration and directors' remuneration	Pending a report to the 2025 Annual Shareholders Meeting
	Approved the proposal to issue the Company's 2024 Statement of the Internal Control System	Proceeded as approved
	Approve to proposal for amendment of the Company's "Articles of Incorporation"	Pending application of the 2025 Annual Shareholders Meeting for resolution
March 14, 2025	Approval of the Definition of the Scope of the Company's Entry-Level Employees	Proceeded as approved
Board meetings (1st 2025)	Approved the proposal for the Company's 2024 annual business report and financial report	Pending application of 2025 Annual Shareholders Meeting for ratification
	Approved the proposal for the Company's 2024 Deficit compensation proposal	Deficit compensation Table is pending application of 2025 Annual Shareholders Meeting for ratification
	Approve the proposal to evaluate the independence, fitness assessment and compensation of the Company's certified CPA	Proceeded as approved
	Approved the proposal to remove the non-compete restrictions for the Company's managers	Proceeded as approved

Date of board meeting	Important resolution	Implementation
	Approve the proposal to remove the non-compete restrictions for the director of the Company	Pending application of the 2025 Annual Shareholders Meeting for resolution
	Approved the proposal to convene the Company's 2025 Annual Shareholders Meeting	Pending convening of the 2025 Annual Shareholders Meeting in accordance with the law
	Approved the proposal to accept shareholder proposals and handle related matters	Proceeded as approved
	Approval of the Proposal for Internal Rotation and Replacement of the Engagement Partner by the Certifying CPA Firm	Proceeded as approved
	Approved the proposal for the Company's financial statements for 2025 Q1	Proceeded as approved
May 14, 2025 Board meetings	Approved the proposal to distribute the Company's 2024 managers' performance bonus.	Proceeded as approved
(2nd 2025)	Approved the company's 2024 director and manager remuneration assessment proposal	Proceeded as approved
	Approved the proposal for the remuneration adjustment to managers.	Proceeded as approved
	Approved the proposal to regularly review the board performance evaluation indicators and make suggestions.	Proceeded as approved

2.2.11 During the last year and up to the publication date of this annual report, if the directors had different opinions on important resolutions approved by the Board of Directors with records or written statements, the main content of the opinions: None.

2.3 Information in public fees of the Certified Public Accountant Association

				Unit: N	Г\$ thousan	ıd
Auditor's firm	Name of CPA	CPA auditing period	Audit remuneration	Non-audit remuneration (Note)	Total	Remark
Deloitte &	Tsai, Mei-Chen	January 1, 2024-December	6,800	335	7,135	None
Touche	Huang, Yu-Feng	Huang, 31 2024		555	7,155	1,0110

2.3.1 Ranges of CPAs' audit fees

- Note: The non-audit fees included NT\$180 thousand for a transfer pricing report; NT\$90 thousand for filing a report to the Investment Commission; NT\$65 thousand for the audit service for a dual-status business entity applying the direct deduction method.
 - (1) Where the non-audit fees paid to the CPAs, the accounting firm at which the CPAs work, and the accounting firm's affiliates account for 25% or more of the audit fees, the amount of audit and non-audit fees and the content of non-audit services shall be disclosed: The non-audit fees paid by the Company to the CPAs and the accounting firm, to which the CPAs belong, do not reach 25% of the audit fee.
 - (2) Where the accounting firm is replaced and the audit fees paid during the year in which the replacement occurs are less than those paid in the prior year, the amount of the decrease in the audit fees and the reason thereof shall be disclosed: None.
 - (3) Where the audit fees paid for the year are lower than those paid for the prior year by 10% or more, the amount and percentage of the decrease and the reason therefor shall be disclosed: None.
 - 2.3.2 Standards for assessing the independence of CPA and Audit Quality Index (AQI) evaluation procedure

To duly implement corporate governance, the Company evaluates the independence of each CPA before signing the annual appointment contract with each of them. The Company has confirmed that Deloitte & Touche is not involved in other financial and business relations with the Company except for the financial statements and taxation audit cases. The CPAs have met the Company's independence criteria (see Note 2) and are eligible to serve as the Company's CPAs for 2024. The Company also requires CPAs to provide a statement of independence, and their family members have also met the independence criteria. The Company also compiled the two CPAs' statements of independence and the audit quality indicators (AQI) provided by Deloitte & Touche and submitted them to the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors as a reference for evaluating their independence. We appointed them for 2024 after they were approved by the Audit Committee on March 14, 2025and by the resolution of the Board of Directors and adhere to the impartiality, rigor, integrity, and independence principles.

(1) Standards for assessing the independence:

Assessment Items	Assessment Result	Qualify for Independence
Has the CPA or spouse or a dependent relative thereof is involved in direct or significant indirect financial interest with the Company?	No	Yes
Has the CPA or spouse or a dependent relative thereof is involved in any commercial relations with the Company's directors and managers that affects the independence?	No	Yes
Is the CPA or spouse or a dependent relative thereof the Company's director, manager, or a position with a direct and significant impact on the audit work during the audit period?	No	Yes
Is the CPA the spouse, lineal relative by blood, direct relative by marriage, or relative within second degree of kinship of any of the Company's directors or managers?	No	Yes
Has the CPA has provided this service for more than seven years?	Yes	Yes

(2) Audit Quality Index (AQI) evaluation procedure:

The accounting year of the firm was non-calendar year, so the information period was 2023 (from June 1, 2023 to May 31, 2024).

Aspect 1: Professional Index

With 10 years of checking experience, certified CPA performed well in checking experience, training hours, turnover rate and professional support. The turnover rate index was much lower than the industry average.

Aspect 2: Quality Control Index

Maintain a certain level with CPA load, check input, Case Quality Control Review (EQCR) situation and quality control support capability.

Aspect 3: Independence

The proportion of non-audit services at public expense is low, accounting for only 7-16% in the past two years, which did not affect the professional judgment and independence of accountants. In addition, although the company and DELOITTE & TOUCHE had visaed annual financial reports for 18 years, the internal certified CPA of the firm made regular internal transfer to prevent independence from being affected by the long audit service period for the same visa client. Aspect 4: Supervision

As for the performance of missing external check of the firm, the punishment index and competent authorities issue letters for improvement sent by the competent authority were within the range of the same industry, the firm had checked that the company had no competent authority to issue a letter of improvement.

Aspect 5: Innovation Ability

The firm had planned to introduce audit innovation tools, expand the audit support center, import to the cloud audit platform and application of digital technology in order to improve audit quality.

The results of the latest annual evaluation were discussed and approved by the Audit Committee on March 14, 2025, and then submitted to the Board of Directors on March 14, 2025 for the approval of the independence and suitability evaluation of CPA.

2.4 Information on the replacement of CPAs during the last two years and the period thereafter:

Tsai, Mei-Chen and Huang, Yu-Feng, CPAs at Deloitte & Touche, were responsible for auditing the Company's financial statements. Due to the accounting firm's internal job adjustment, the CPAS, Tsai, Mei-Chen and Lin, Cheng-Chi have been responsible for the audit work since 2025.

(1) Former CPAs

Date of replacement	Since 2025 Q1				
Reason for replacement	То сооре	erate the acco	unting firm's internal j	ob adjustment	
Client's termination of	Situatior	Participa	CPA	Client	
or CPA's refusal to the appointment	appointn				
	Refusal ((continue) appointn	ous)			
The opinion of the audit report other than the unqualified opinion issued within the latest two years and the reasons	None				
		Accounting principles or practices			
	Yes	Disclosures in financial statements			
Different opinions from the issuer's	105	Auditing scope or steps Other			
	None		\checkmark		
	Description				
Other disclosures (matters that should be disclosed under Article 10, subparagraph 6, items 1-4 - 1-7 of the Regulations)					

(2) Successors

CPA firm	Deloitte & Touche	
Name of CPA	Tsai, Mei-Chen; Lin, Cheng-Chi	
Date of appointment	Since 2025 Q1	
Consultation regarding accounting		
treatment methods or accounting principles		
for specific transactions and possible	Not applicable	
opinions issued for financial statements		
and results before appointment		
Successors' different written opinions from	Not applicable	
the predecessors'	Not applicable	

- (3) Reply from the former CPAs to the matters under Article 10, subparagraph 6, items 1 and 2-3 of the Regulations: None.
- 2.5 Where the Chairman, the President, chief financial officer, or chief accounting officer has been employed by the accounting firm or its affiliates during the most recent year, the name, job title, and period of working at the firm or affiliate shall be disclosed: There is no such a situation, so it is not applicable.
- 2.6 In the last year and up to the publication date of the annual report, the fact regarding transfer or pledge stock equity by the Company's directors, managerial officers and key shareholders holding over 10% in shareholding

For the above-mentioned information regarding the Company, please refer to the Market Observation Post System (MOPS) homepage under the sections: "Summary Reports" \rightarrow "Changes in Shareholding / Securities Issuance" \rightarrow "Statistics on Changes in Directors and Supervisors' Shareholding."

Website: https://mops.twse.com.tw/mops/web/IRB110

2.7 Relationship information, if among the company's Top 10 largest shareholders any one is a related party or a relative within the second degree of kinship of another

							Ap	ril 15, 202	5
Name	Shares held in own name						The nam relation information, the 10 la shareholders a related part spouse or a within the degree of k anoth	aship if among argest any one is y, or is the relative second inship of	Remark
	Quantity	Ratio of Shareholding	Quantity	Ratio of Shareholding	Quantity	Ratio of Shareholding	Name	Relation	-
Cheng, Chin-Hung	4,715,079	5.39%	-	-	-	-	Cheng, Huan-Yu	First- degree relative	-
Ho, Chun-Hsien	3,827,443	4.37%	-	-	-	-	None	None	-
Wang, Shih-Tsung	3,712,811	4.24%	381,000	0.44%	-	-	None	None	-
Chen, Hung-Yao	2,965,107	3.39%	1,315,213	1.50%	-	-	Lai, Chiu-Lan	Spouse	-
Citibank (Taiwan) Ltd. as Custodian for UBS Europe SE Investment Account	2,191,656	2.50%	-	-	_	_	None	None	-
Yeh, Fang-Yu	1,616,193	1.85%	-	-	-	-	None	None	-
Citibank as Custodian for Barclays Capital SBL/PB Investment Account	1,434,000	1.64%	-	-	_	_	None	None	-
Cheng, Huan-Yu	1,419,850	1.62%	-	-	-	-	Cheng, Chin-Hung Ou, Shu-Ching	First- degree relative	-

Lai, Chiu-Lan	1,315,213	1.50%	2,965,107	3.39%	-	-	Chen, Hung-Yao	Spouse	-
Ou, Shu-Ching	1,203,000	1.37%	-	-	-	-	Cheng, Huan-Yu	First-de gree relative	-

2.8 The total number of shares held and the consolidated shareholdings in any single investee by the Company, its directors, managers, or any companies controlled either directly or indirectly by the Company

				Unit	t: thousand	shares; %
Investees (Note)	Invested by the Company		Investment held by directors, managers, and directly or indirectly controlled enterprises		Aggregate investment	
(Note)	Quantity	Ratio of Shareholding (%)	Quantity	Ratio of Shareholding (%)	Quantity	Ratio of Shareholding (%)
Copartner Wire And Cable (ShenZhen) Co., Ltd.		100				100
Cablex Wire (ShenZhen) Mfg Co., Ltd.		100				100
Hotek Technology Corporation	20,000	100			20,000	100
Copartner Technology (Thailand) Co., Ltd.	5,880	80			5,880	80
HPC Technology Inc.	2,057	48.98			2,057	48.98

Note: It is a long-term investment made by the Company using the equity method.

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Chapter III

Capitals and Shares

3.1 Capital and shares

- 3.1.1 Sources of share capital
 - 1. Share category

May 15, 2025

	I			
Share category	Outstanding shares (Note)	Unissued shares	Total	Remark
Registered common stock	87,550 thousand shares	32,450 thousand shares	120,000 thousand shares	The Company's stock is listed on Taiwan Stock Exchange for trading.

Note: The Company's stock has been listed on Taiwan Stock Exchange since November 10, 2010 and traded at securities firms.

2. Share capital formation process

May 15, 2025								
		Authorize	ed capital	Paid-up	capital	Remark		
Year/ month	Issue price (NTD)	Number of shares (in millions of shares)	Amount (in NT\$ million)	Number of shares (in millions of shares)	Amount (in NT\$ million)	Sources of share capital	Paid in properties other than cash	Other
1987.04	10	1.5	15	1.5	15	Founding capital of 15 million	None	Note 1
1996.11	10	4.4	44	4.4	44	by 29 million	None	Note 2
1999.08	10	5.8	58	5.8	58	A cash capital increase by 14 million	None	Note 3
2001.07	10	20	200	10	100	A cash capital increase by 42 million	None	Note 4
2003.11	10	30	300	30	300	A cash capital increase by 200 million	None	Note 5
2004.08	12	50	500	35	350	A cash capital increase by 50 million	None	Note 6
2005.10	24	50	500	43.9	439	A cash capital increase by 68 million Capitalization of earnings to increase the capital by 21 million	None	Note 7
2006.10	30	70	700	60	600	A cash capital increase by 101 million Capitalization of earnings to increase the capital by 60 million	None	Note 8
2007.08	10	80	800	73.6	736	Capitalization of earnings to increase the capital by 136 million	None	Note 9

2008.07	10	120	1,200	78.08		Capitalization of earnings to increase the capital by 44.8 million	None	Note 10
2010.11	10	120	1,200	88	880	A cash capital increase by 99.2 million before the stock was listed on Taiwan Stock Exchange	None	Note 11
2012.01	10	120	1,200	85	850	Repurchase and cancellation of treasury shares to reduce capital	None	Note 12
2022.09	10	120	1,200	87.55	875.5	Capitalization of earnings to increase the capital by 25.5 million	None	Note 13

Note 1: Per Letter Jian-III No. 173699 dated April 30, 1987.

Note 2: Per Letter 1996-Jian-III-C No. 705972 dated November 2, 1996.

Note 3: Per Letter Jing-(1999)-Zhong No. 657914 dated August 4, 1999.

Note 4: Per Letter 2001-Shang No. 09001270970, July 18, 2001.

Note 5: Per Letter Jing-Shou-Zhong No. 09232948350 dated November 13, 2003.

Note 6: Per Letter Jing-Shou-Zhong No. 09332617840 dated August 24, 2004.

Note 7: Per Letter Jing-Shou-Zhong No. 09432920840 dated October 4, 2005.

Note 8: Per Letter Jing-Shou-Shang No. 09501236890 dated October 23, 2006.

Note 9: Per Letter Jing-Shou-Shang No. 09601199250 dated August 16, 2007.

Note 10: Per Letter Jing-Shou-Shang No. 09701163250 dated July 10, 2008.

Note 11: Per Letter Jing-Shou-Shang No. 09901263140 dated November 25, 2010.

Note 12: Per Letter Jing-Shou-Shang No. 10101003320 dated January 10, 2012.

Note 13: Per Letter Jing-Shou-Shang No. 11101170840 dated September 2, 2022.

3.1.2 List of major shareholders

April	15,	2025
1		

Shares Name of major shareholders	Number of shares held	Shareholding ratio (%)
Cheng, Chin-Hung	4,715,079	5.39%
Ho, Chun-Hsien	3,827,443	4.37%
Wang, Shih-Tsung	3,712,811	4.24%
Chen, Hung-Yao	2,965,107	3.39%
Citibank (Taiwan) Ltd. as Custodian for UBS Europe SE Investment Account	2,191,656	2.50%
Yeh, Fang-Yu	1,616,193	1.85%
Citibank as Custodian for Barclays Capital SBL/PB Investment Account	1,434,000	1.64%
Cheng, Huan-Yu	1,419,850	1.62%
Lai, Chiu-Lan	1,315,213	1.50%
Ou, Shu-Ching	1,203,000	1.37%

3.1.3 The Company's dividend policy and fact of implementation thereof.

1. Dividend policy under the Articles of Incorporation

Where the Company makes a profit for a fiscal year, the profit shall be first used for offsetting a cumulative deficit, providing 10% of the remaining profit as a legal reserve unless it has reached the total amount of the Company's paid-in capital, providing an amount for or reversing a special reserve in accordance with the laws and regulations or the competent authority's rules, and then any remaining profit, together with any undistributed retained earnings from the prior year, shall be adopted by the Company's Board of Directors as the basis for making a distribution proposal. The proposal shall then be resolved at the shareholders' meeting for the distribution of shareholder dividends.

If the preceding shareholders dividend, statutory surplus reserve, and capital surplus are distributed in cash; the proposal shall be authorized by a board of directors meeting with over two-thirds of the entire board members attending and approved by over half of those present at the meeting, and then reported the case to a shareholders meeting.

The cash and stock combination method shall be adopted as the dividend distribution policy to improve the financial structure and protect the rights and interests of shareholders. Cash dividends shall not be less than 10% of the total dividends.

2. The distribution of dividends proposed at this shareholders' meeting

The 2024 deficit compensation table as per the resolution by the Board of Directors on March 14, 2025 are as follows:

	Unit: NT\$	
Item	Amo	ount
Beginning deficit to be compensated		(5,036,036)
Current net loss	(176,143,627)	
Retained earnings due to investment adjustments using the equity method	520,429	
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans recognized in retained earnings	(2,150,927)	
Plus: Current net loss seasonal adjustment amount		(173,472,271)
Current deficit to be compensated		(178,508,307)
Ending deficit to be compensated		(178,508,307)

Copartner Technology Corp. 2024 Deficit compensation Table

3.1.4 The influence of the stock dividend proposed at this shareholders' meeting on the Company's operating performance and earnings per share:

The Company did not disclose the financial forecast for 2025, so it is not applicable.

3.1.5 Remuneration to the employees and directors

1. The percentage of the profit for or scope of employee remuneration and directors' remuneration as stated in the Company's Articles of Incorporation:

As per Article 19 of the Articles of Incorporation, the Company shall provide no lower than 1% and no more higher than 3% of its annual pre-tax income (before employee remuneration and director's remuneration are deducted) for employee remuneration and director's remuneration.

2. The basis for the estimation of employee remuneration and directors' remuneration for this period, basis for the calculation of the number of shares for stock dividends to employees, and accounting treatment if the amount paid out is different from the estimated amount:

The Company suffered net loss after tax for 2024, so we did not estimate employee remuneration and directors' and supervisors' remuneration.

- 3. Remuneration to be distributed as resolved in the board of directors:
 - (1) Where there is a difference between the estimated amounts of employee remuneration and directors' remuneration paid out in cash or stock and the amounts recognized, the amount of difference, reason, and accounting treatment shall be disclosed: None.
 - (2) The amount of employee remuneration paid out in stock and as a % of the sum of the total after-tax net income in the year's parent company-only financial statements and the total amount of employee remuneration: There is no such a situation, so it is not applicable.
- 4. In the case of the distribution of employee remuneration and directors' remuneration for the prior year (including the number of shares paid out, amount, and stock price), where there is any difference between the amounts of employee remuneration and directors' remuneration and the recognized amounts, the difference, reason, and accounting treatment shall be disclosed:

There was no difference between the amounts of 2024 employee remuneration and directors' remuneration paid out and the proposed amounts approved by the Board of Directors.

- 3.1.6 The repurchase of the Company' shares: None.
- 3.2 Corporate bond application: None.
- 3.3 Issuance of preference shares: None.
- 3.4 Issuance of depository receipts: None.
- 3.5 Issuance of employee stock warrants: None.
- 3.6 Issuance of restricted stock awards: None.
- 3.7 Issuance of new shares due to M&A or transfer of shares of another company: None.
- 3.8 Progress on the use of funds: None.

Chapter IV Business performance

- 4.1 Content of business
 - 4.1.1 Scope of business operation
 - 1. Details of the Company's main business scope
 - (1) CC01020 Electric Wires and Cables Manufacturing.
 - (2) CC01060 Wired Communication Mechanical Equipment Manufacturing.
 - (3) CC01080 Electronics Components Manufacturing.
 - (4) CD01030 Motor Vehicles and Parts Manufacturing.
 - (5) F113020 Wholesale of Electrical Appliances.
 - (6) F113030 Wholesale of Precision Instruments.
 - (7) F113060 Wholesale of Measuring Instruments.
 - (8) F114030 Wholesale of Motor Vehicle Parts and Motorcycle Parts, Accessories.
 - (9) F119010 Wholesale of Electronic Materials
 - (10) F213010 Retail Sale of Electrical Appliances.
 - (11) F219010 Retail Sale of Electronic Materials.
 - (12) F401010 International Trade.
 - (13) I 301030 Electronic Information Supply Services.
 - (14) ZZ99999 All business activities that are not prohibited or restricted by law, except those that are subject to special approval.

	2	.023	2024		
Product category	Revenue	Proportion of business (%)	Revenue	Proportion of business (%)	
Signal transmission line and wire harness	2,141,349	58.79	2,202,756	64.40	
Plastic pellets	593,186	16.28	628,125	18.37	
Other	908,045	24.93	589,413	17.23	
Total	3,642,580	100.00	3,420,294	100.00	

2. Proportion (as per the consolidated statements)

Unit: NT\$ thousand

Note: Others refer to products, such as raw materials, PVC powder, copper materials, as well as machine parts and accessories.

3. The Company's existing products

Since the Company was established, we have mainly sold signal transmission lines and wire harness. Signal transmission lines and wire harness are channels for exchange of information between various equipment. As their prices are lower and transmission quality is more stable and faster than wireless transmission, they occupy a critical position in the market. The main existing products are as follows:

Computer peripheral wires, low-voltage computer wires, audio-visual signal cables, high-resolution high-fax multimedia interface cables, PC power cables, communication cables, integrated wiring system wires, automotive cables, industrial control transmission cables, transmission cables for the medical industry, communication network transmission cables, AR, VR, UAV lines, automotive foam PP 50 Ohm RF coaxial cables, nitrogen foam PTFE RF coaxial cables, and photoelectric composite cables.

- 4. New products planned to be developed
 - (1) Wireharness for charging pile of electric vehicle
 - (2) Wireharness for medical equipment testing equipments
 - (3) Photoelectric composite cables for 8K high-definition equipment
 - (4) Photoelectric composite cables for industrial vision systems
 - (5) Storage data transmission server cables
 - (6) Ethernet cables for autonomous cars
 - (7) In-car audio and video device automotive transmission cables
 - (8) Industrial automation and industrial control cable drag chains
 - (9) High-frequency data cables for aviation
- 4.1.2 Industrial profiles:
 - 1. Outlook for Taiwan's Electronic Connector (Cable) Manufacturing Industry

Following a gradual recovery throughout 2024, international raw material prices have remained generally stable, and most countries have resumed full economic activity. However, structural challenges in the global electronics industry persist. Although demand for consumer electronics is showing signs of recovery, excess inventory accumulated during the pandemic continues to weigh on the market, requiring more time for inventory clearance.

Consumer Electronics and 3C Application Connectors

In the consumer connector segment, including products such as notebook computers (NB) and smartphones, demand has begun to rebound. However, the pace of inventory clearance has been slower than expected. USB Type-C connectors have become mainstream, particularly after Apple adopted Type-C ports across its latest iPhone models, which has significantly boosted demand for related cables. In addition, the wave of AI PC upgrades is expected to align with the post-pandemic device replacement cycle, driving shipment volumes. Brand manufacturers have actively launched relevant products. With laptops becoming thinner and lighter, the reduction in physical port availability has further increased demand for peripheral docking stations.

Automotive Electronics and New Energy Industry

Recovery in the Chinese market remained below expectations in 2025, but demand for new energy vehicles (NEVs) has continued to grow steadily. Market forecasts indicate that the NEV segment will surpass NT\$10 billion in 2024. Taiwanese manufacturers are proactively expanding in electric vehicle (EV) applications—such as charging modules and high-speed connectors—as well as in automotive electronics, including Advanced Driver-Assistance Systems (ADAS). Their market share is steadily increasing. Furthermore, as the price war among Chinese automakers subsides, product gross margins have shown slight improvement.

Industrial Applications and 5G Infrastructure

Although infrastructure progress under China's 14th Five-Year Plan has experienced delays, developments continue, driving demand for Taiwan's high-speed, high-frequency, and miniaturized connectors in industrial automation, 5G communication equipment, and smart manufacturing. Particularly, with global semiconductor capacity expansion, demand for related equipment is boosting connector sales. Projections indicate that the domestic market for high-speed connectors will reach NT\$14.024 billion in 2025, with the global market reaching NT\$52.08 billion.

Future Outlook

With the rising demand for high value-added applications such as AI, 5G, and green energy, Taiwan's electronic connector (cable) manufacturing industry is embracing

diversified growth opportunities. Key developments include:

1.AI-Driven Upgrade Cycle: The emergence of generative AI is accelerating demand for high-speed signal connectivity solutions. AI PC replacements are driving growth in high-speed and high-frequency connectors, with shipment volumes expected to increase.

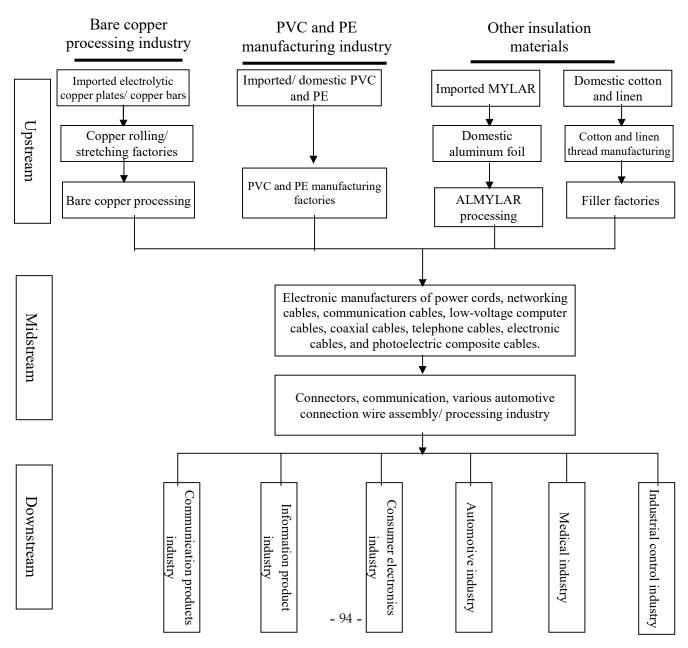
2.Growth in New Energy Vehicles: The steady expansion of the EV industry is fueling increased demand for high-performance connectors.

3.5G and Industrial Automation: Network communication and industrial control equipment demand, driven by 5G infrastructure, is expected to rise significantly.

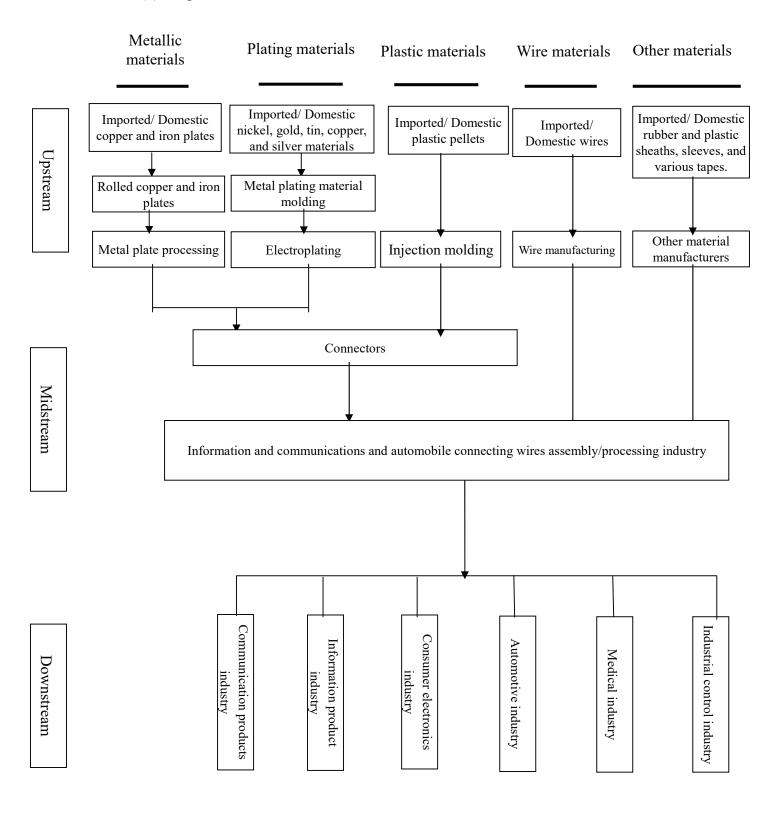
4.Green Energy and Medical Applications: As global focus intensifies on energy efficiency and healthcare, Taiwanese manufacturers' strategic moves in solar energy and telemedicine are expected to yield long-term advantages.

In 2025, supported by a stable international environment and diversified application demand, Taiwan's electronic connector (cable) manufacturing industry is gradually emerging from the post-pandemic downturn. With rising demand for high value-added products, Taiwanese companies are poised for significant growth across consumer electronics, automotive electronics, 5G infrastructure, and green energy sectors. The overall industry outlook remains optimistic.

- 2. Association among the up-, mid- and down streams
 - (1) Signal transmission cables



(2) Signal transmission cable set



- 3. Product Development Trends and Market Competition
 - (1) Various product development trends

As the Company's products are mainly used in consumer electronics, communications, transportation, industrial, and medical industries, they need to be adjusted with different product development trends of clients in various industries.

A. The make-to-order model will be more common

Although there are standard international electrical specifications for signal transmission cables, the related manufacturing processes, such as twisting, twining, wrapping, coating, coloring, and printing, and the connector manufacturers entrusted vary depending on each manufacturer's needs. There are not many electrical specifications, it is impossible to produce a certain type of product in large quantities as the industry mainly operates under the make-to-order production model. With the emergence of various transmission specifications and the development of different application fields, the client-oriented trend will become more obvious.

- B. Continuous launch of new high-frequency cables In response to the need for higher transmission speed, higher-speed transmission cables are launched constantly.
- (2) Product competition
 - A. Clients' request for a wider range of services

The signal transmission cables and wire harness are diverse in variety, and there are many requirements for specifications, and clients are increasingly requiring outsourcers to provide a wider range of services, including product design, manufacturing, quality control, and after-sales service. Therefore, only outsourcers who can provide comprehensive services can stand out.

The Company's signal transmission cables and wire harness are high-quality, complete in variety, and fast in sample providing, which can meet clients' urgent needs for orders or various needs and the need for timely delivery for large orders. Thus, the Company has been trusted and recognized by clients. Meanwhile, the Company has established partnerships with major international manufacturers in Taiwan, Japan, Europe, and the United States, to obtain new product sources and support, improve our product technology, and produce different products to meet market needs, all of which are our biggest competitive advantages compared with our competitors.

B. Fierce competition in the industry

As the life cycle of electronic products has become shorter, the competition between existing and new competitors in the industry has intensified, and the pressure on product prices is increasing day by day. Under the pressure of such fierce market competition, we need to constantly adjust the production process and maintain the product quality.

Due to the pressure of competition from our competitors in recent years, the prices of some information and communication signal transmission cables and wire harness have been reduced. The Company actively adjusts the business strategy to respond to market changes and provides clients with technical support and consulting services as a professional manufacturer and marketer, to fully keep abreast of the market development trends and meet clients' orders for different products in small quantities and their planned production schedules, thereby shortening the delivery time to meet their needs. Particularly in terms of new products with higher unit prices, we stay up-to-date with the know-how of various products, to maintain the Company's

corporate image that our information and communication signal transmission cables and wire harness are high-quality, high-efficiency, and satisfactory for clients.

- 4.1.3 Technology & know-how and research & development in summary:
 - 1. R&D expenses spent during the last year and up to the publication date of this annual report

Unit: NT\$ thousand

Year Item	2024	2025 up to May 15, 2025
R&D expenses	122,784	38,070

2. Successfully developed technology or product

Year	R&D achievements
2007	VGA cables, LCD TV internal cables, HDMI 1.3 miniaturized cables, automotive wiring harness (automotive transmission cables and transmission bases), and micro USB wiring harness, which passed high-standard EMI tests
2008	HDMI 1.3a (inner sheath), USB3.0, halogen-free RF cables, and mini displayport cables
2009	HDMI 1.4 , E-SATA cables, and flame retardant halogen-free wires
2010	Mini HDMI raw cables & HDMI A to D type assembly (with Ethernet) that passed the association's test and USB flat cables
2011	Low-capacitance HDMI cables, low-impedance HDMI cables (used with IC), ultra-thin USB3.0 cables, and micro-HDMI cables (38#, 40#, and 42#)
2012	Charge cables (charging cables for i-phone), wiring harness for reducing exhaust emissions, sports device wiring harness (whole machine), which passed the certification of UL 1581 Section 1200 for anti-UV PVC outdoor cables, USB 3.0 AM to BM, which passed the association's certification, MHL cables, and SFP cables
2014-2016	Research and development of a full range of USB 3.1 and TYPE-C products
2017-2018 USB 3.1, which passed the association's certification, industrial ca USB 3.0, camera link cables, HDMI photoelectric composite cable inspection camera cables, vehicle camera harness, robot arm cable among other customized products	
2019 Vibration cables, 50 Ohm RF coaxial cables: XL-PE, RG174, CSL-100; Nitrogen foam PE: CSL-195, CSL200, CSL-240, and 50 Ohm nitro foam PTFE RF coaxial cables	
2020	Smart track crossing cables, AOC USB AM to Mirco-B, AOC HDMI 2.0 cables, industrial network cables, cable drag chain servo motor power cables and encoder cables, HSD cables, HDMI 2.1 cables, electric control cabinet wire harness, and brain tumor wire harness

	HD video recorders, AR, VR, UAV industrial control equipment HDMI 2.1 and TYPE C coaxial cables, robot vision system industrial cables,
2021	multi-axis robot arm cables, automotive audio and video transmission
	cables, medical equipment display audio and video signal transmission
	cables, and medical blood oxygen signal transmission cables
	Automotive 4P+8C composite cables, AOC HDMI 2.1 and 3.1, CMP
	HDMI, industrial control camera wire harness, USB 4.0 40G,
2022	consumer electronics cables: USB 4 and DP 2.1, industrial camera
	cables, TC-ER photovoltaic energy storage cables, industrial cable drag
	chain network cables, automotive autohold cables, and RF signal
	cables
	Medical endoscope handles and physiological monitoring equipment
	cables, new energy charging pile cables, electric cabinet cables,
2023	automotive RG174-6G and SAE automotive Ethernet, SAE power
	cords, DVI HD data transmission cables, underwater robot power
	cords, and data transmission cables.
	Ultra-fine coaxial cables for medical use (50AWG/min), industrial drag
	chain USB 3.0 cables for machine vision cameras, holographic
2024	scanning systems, CXP6/CXP12 coaxial cables, drag chain cables with
2024	air tubes for industrial cleaning robots, automated inspection
	equipment, industrial cameras, as well as drag chain-type USB 3.0
	cables and drag chain-type AOC USB 3.0 AM to Micro B.

4.1.4 Long- and short-term business development programs

- 1. Short-term business development programs
 - (1) Marketing strategy
 - A. Consolidate the partnerships with existing long-term clients and then work with new well-known domestic and overseas clients.
 - B. Reinforce communication with clients through the internet to fully keep abreast of clients' needs and provide them with global services in real time.
 - C. Improve the quality image by passing world-class institutions' certification
 - D. Proactively participate in major exhibitions at home and abroad to increase brand exposure and enhance the international image.
 - E. Set up overseas offices to develop local markets in-depth.
 - (2) Production strategy
 - A. The Company's production strategy is mainly based on the make-to-order production model. The Company usually does not keep an full inventory of products. However, we may have an appropriate quantity of materials in stock for our long-term clients with stable orders to shorten the delivery time to them, but the safety and reliability are still our top concerns.
 - B. Continue to implement the ISO 9002 quality system and train quality control personnel to improve the quality of our and our subsidiaries' products.
- 2. Long-term business development programs
 - (1) Consolidate the position as a leading manufacturer of computer and communication products and actively expand cable and wire products in other industrial chains Expand into medical, cloud server, automotive industry, industrial control, and communication network transmission cables and wire harness in addition to

developing a variety of audio-visual transmission and information and communication-related connection wires; strive to strengthen the vertical integration of upstream and downstream industries within the Group, with a view to becoming a leading manufacturer in the industry.

(2) Expand the business scale and reduce operational risk

Strengthen international division of labor, diversify production sites, and expand production scale, to obtain long-term competitive advantages and achieve economies of scale; plan to expand sites in other parts of the world in addition to the existing production sites in China to reinforce the operating foundation.

- (3) Enhance personnel training and establish a corporate culture Continue to train international talents to meet the Company's future goal of business diversification; cultivate employees' identification with our corporate culture to ensure future continuous growth, thereby ensuring everyone is on the same page; develop a learning-based organization to enhance the Company's international competitiveness, thereby achieving our vision of sustainable development.
- 4.2 Markets, production and marketing in summary
 - 4.2.1 Market analyses
 - 1. Regions where the main products are sold

The company's client group's can be divided into:

- (1) Direct client base (Asia-Pacific region, Europe, and the Americas): Mainland China, Taiwan, Hong Kong, Korea, Vietnam, India, Thailand, Germany, Poland, Norway, France, Switzerland, Mexico, Honduras, and the United States.
- (2) Indirect client base (other regions): Oceania and Africa.

The regions where the main products are sold are show in the table below:

Unit: NT\$ thousand

Region	2023	2024
Domestic sales	\$ 85,918	\$ 98,430
Export		
Asia	3,340,511	3,152,837
The Americas	124,824	74,199
Europe	81,946	93,686
Middle East and Near East	9,256	1,047
Oceania	125	95
	\$ 3,642,580	\$ 3,420,294

2. Market share

The Company has been operating the business of signal transmission cables and wire harness for 30 years or so and are highly recognized in the industry. The Company's consolidated revenue dropped slightly from NT\$3.64 billion for 2023 to NT\$3.42 billion for 2024, The global economic situation in 2024 continued to be impacted by the Ukraine-Russia conflict and high inflation, with high customer inventory levels yet to be cleared. Additionally, with most countries expected to implement interest rate hikes to curb inflation expectations, the global economic outlook has become subdued. While the Chinese economy rebounded due to relaxed control measures, the rebound

was limited, and there was a contraction in domestic demand, affecting the company's production costs and inventory management. In the future, the company will strengthen its product supply capabilities to introduce products into the market more quickly and with higher quality, aiming to expand revenue and market share continuously.

3. The future market supply and demand and growth potential

As the demand for end products has decrease due to the rise of handheld devices and the innovation of cloud-based products, the demand for signal transmission cables for consumer information and communication purposes has been continuously reduced. However, the rise of industrial and cloud-based products and 5G technology has caused the transmission cables to be applied in areas with a higher technical threshold. With this market change, the product differentiation and technical threshold will be further raised. Therefore, the opportunities for developing new products arising from this the will have a positive effect on the Company's future development and profits.

- 4. Competitive niche
 - (1) Excellent R&D capabilities to stay ahead in product development in line with market trends

Due to the rapid development of the electronic industry (4C), the Company has attached great importance to the development of new products since the Company was established. To meet downstream clients' needs, the Company has launched products constantly. With many years of R&D experience and excellent R&D talents, and the Company strategically works with downstream clients at home and abroad in the product development stage to fully understand their needs and market trends. Therefore, we launch products before competitors in the industry. Also, the Company adopts high-tech, high-frequency instruments testing instruments with high transmission efficiency, such as a computer automated signal cable measurement system, an optical time domain reflectometer, an impedance gain-phase analyzer, and fatigue testing machine, to strengthen our R&D capabilities.

(2) Good quality control and stable product quality

The Company has very strict requirements for product quality. In addition to improving quality through automated production equipment, the Company has electrical testing laboratories and physical testing laboratories to ensure that the quality of our products is stable during the production process. In addition, the Company adopts various quality control tools (such as SPC methods) to improve product quality to meet or even exceed clients' requirements.

(3) Diverse products with high added values

The Company's products include consumer market wires, transportation cables, industrial control cables, communication transmission cables, and medical wires. To meet market demand, the Company continues to develop high-end, high-value-added products. The wide variety of products will contribute to the flexibility of the Company's operations and enhance our response to business headwinds.

(4) A global layout By establishing sites around the world, we will stay closer to the market and clients.

- 5. Advantages and disadvantages of development and countermeasures
 - (1) Advantages
 - A. Continuously expanding scope of application of connectors (wires)

The scope of application of connectors (wires) covers many fields, such as consumer electronic products, communication networks, automotive industry, industrial solutions, medical care, cloud servers, and peripherals thereof, and market opportunities can be anticipated.

- B. An excellent management team The Company has been manufacturing signal transmission cables and wire harness for 30 years or so. Our management team and R&D Department have many years of experience, which contributes to the promotion of the Company's business and product applications.
- C. Close collaboration with major international businesses With the solid R&D and service foundation, we are deeply trusted by international major businesses and work with them to jointly develop new products, which is conducive to increasing the Company's visibility in the international market.
- (2) Disadvantages and countermeasures
 - A. The structure of raw material costs is mainly dominated by copper and plasticized raw materials, which are commodity. The raw material costs fluctuate with the prices in the international market, making it difficult to predict.

Countermeasures: Keep abreast of the future development trend of commodity, sign long-term supply contracts with upstream suppliers in a timely manner to stabilize material supply sources and purchase prices, and seek new sources of supplies near where production lines are located.

B. Fierce competition in the electronics and information industries with product prices under great pressure Countermeasures: Develop differentiated, high-value-added application

products to raise the technical threshold and promote them to European and American markets to avoid low price competition.

C. Upward pressure of the minimum wages in China and increase in operating costs

Countermeasures: Improve production efficiency, reduce idle working hours, while developing high value-added products to ensure that there are more abundant resources to cope with the movements in operating costs.

4.2.2 Manufacturing process and key purposes of our principal products

- 1. Key purposes of our principal products:
 - (1) Signal transmission cables

The Company's main products are SFP cables, waterproof cables, EV cables, LVDS cables, anti-winding cables, HDMI cables, display port cables, SATA cables, IEEE-1394 cables, Lan cables, DVI cables, VGA cables, USB cables, RF cables, DC power cables, camera link cables, HDMI 2.1 cables, HSD cables, low-loss high-frequency coaxial cables, smart rail transit cables, among other signal cables, in the fields of cloud servers, ships, electric vehicles, automotive, industrial control, medical care, solar energy, communication, and consumer electronics. The main functions:

- A. Consumer electronic products: Monitors, LCD displays, FDD/HDD, printers, DVD players, TV games, digital TVs (HDTV), digital cameras, digital video cameras (HDV), digital audio-visual systems, and video game consoles.
- B. Communication network products: Local area network (LAN), telephone switching systems, and set-top boxes.
- C. Automotive industry products: Automotive navigation systems (GPS), surround-view camera systems, in-vehicle data transmission systems, and in-vehicle infotainment systems.
- D. Others: Medical care, cloud servers, and peripherals, electric vehicles, marine and outdoor applications, and robot arms.

Main products	Important functions	
Display Port Cable, VGA Cable, DVI	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Cable	Monitors and LCD displays	
SATA Cable	FDD/HDD	
SFP Cable	Cloud servers and peripherals	
	Printers, keyboards, mouses, digital cameras,	
USB Cable(USB 4), IEEE-1394 Cable	digital camcorders, mobile phones, game	
	consoles, tablets, and hard disk drives	
DC Power Cable	Solar energy	
Lan Cable	LAN, switching systems, and set-top boxes	
RF cables and 50 Ohm RF coaxial cables:	Automotive newigation systems (CDS) small 5C	
XL-PE, RG174, CSL-100; nitrogen foam	Automotive navigation systems (GPS), small 5G base station antenna, underground pipeline	
PE: CSL-195, CSL200, CSL-240, and 50	locator coaxial cables, and in-vehicle electronic	
Ohm nitrogen foam PTFE RF coaxial	5G high-frequency coaxial cables	
cables		
	Digital TV (HDTV), CD players, digital	
HDMI Cable	camcorders (HDV), TV game consoles, mobile	
	phones, and tablets	
EV Cable	Electric vehicles	
LVDS Cable	Rear parking assist system	
USB HOLDER, RTK-031/Fakra, HSD	Automotive autohold cables and RF signal cables	
Waterproof cables	Ships and outdoor applications	
Flex cables	Robot arms	
Industrial camera USB3.0 and camera link	High-end industrial cameras (resistant to cable	
cables	drag chains)	
AOC CAMERA LINK CABLE	č ,	
Inspection camera cables	Pipeline inspection instruments, vision cables for	
Inspection Camera Cable	robots, or industrial endoscope cables for other	
	special environment	
Vibration Cable	Fence cables	
Intelligent rail cables	Metro ticket vending machine	
Industrial network cables, cable drag chain	Industrial automation equipment, such as surface	
servo motor power cables, and encoder	mount systems and robotic arms.	
cables		
AOC HDMI 2.0/2.1 /3.1 Cable	4K HD devices, such as 4K TVs, 4K monitors,	
	and 4K projectors	
AOC USB AM to Mirco-B, CXP6/CXP12	Industrial vision systems, such as industrial	
coaxial cables	cameras, and high-definition cameras	

Main products	Important functions
Medical blood oxygen signal cables and audio and video signal transmission cables	Medical devices and medical device displays
TC-ER solar energy storage cables	Cables for solar power supply, instrumentation, and control cabinets.
Multi-mode fiber floating cables	underwater robot power cords, and data transmission cables.
Drag chain cables with air tubes for industrial cleaning robots	Underground pipeline cleaning equipment

(2) Signal transmission cable set

The Company's main products are transmitter wire harness, signal and DC power cables, in the fields of consumer electronics, communications, automotive, cloud, medical care, and industrial control

According to the places where cables are used, there are the categories below:

- A. Video transmission wire harness, such as display port cables, DVI cables, and HDMI cables.
- B. Network communication transmission cables, such as Lan cables.
- C. Internal transmission cables include cable harness and wire harness.
- D. Other types of transmission cables, such as USB cables, Type C, SFP cables, medical device cables, and wire harness.

The main functions are shown in the table below (classified based on how products are used):

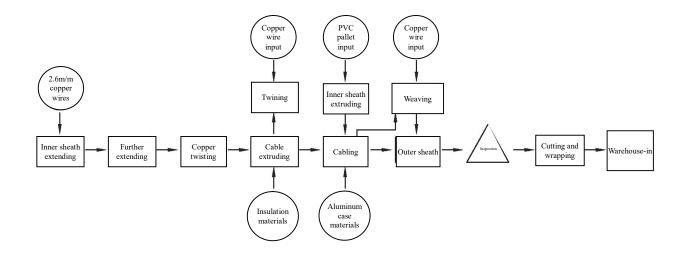
Category	Main products	Important functions
Consumer electronic products	Cable harness (LVDS cables)	Monitors and internal computer cables
	DVI Cable	Monitors and LCD displays
	Display Port Cable	LCD displays
	HDMI Cable	Digital TV, digital camcorders, digital audio-visual systems, and video game consoles
	USB Cable	Printers, keyboards, mouses, digital cameras, digital camcorders, and monitors
	AOC HDMI 2.0 /2.1 /3.1 Cable	4K HD equipment
	HDMI 2.1, Type C	HD camcorders, AR, VR, and UAV industrial control equipment
Communication products	LAN Cable	LAN communication switching systems, computer network jumpers, and game consoles
Automotive cables	Automotive electronic connection cables New energy electric control cabinet wiring harness	Automotive audio-video systems, automotive electronic 5G transmission, automotive mobile phone chargers, satellite navigation, parking sensors, extended audio-video peripherals, adapters, and car lights, New energy charging pile cable.
Server products	SFP Cable, SAS Cable	Cloud servers and peripherals

Category	Main products	Important functions
Medical products	Wire harness, medical device cables, and cable for Endoscope handle,brain tumor and Neuroelectrophysiological detection equipment, Ultra-fine coaxial cables (50AWG/min)	Medical device and electronic equipment
Industrial control	Wire Harness, Electric control cabinet wiring harness	Industrial control (resistant to cable drag chains) and gambling or machine tool control centers
Industrial cameras	USB 3.0, Camera Link Cable, AOC USB AM to Mirco-B AOC Camera link cable	High-end industrial cameras (resistant to cable drag chains), Yamaha high-speed motion camera wire harness, and industrial vision systems

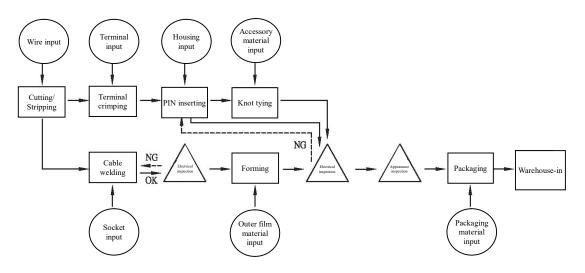
2. The manufacturing process of key products:

Transmission cables and transmission wire harness manufacturing process

A. Information and communication transmission cables



B. Information and communication signal transmission wire harness



3. Supply status of major raw materials

Copper materials, PVC powder, plasticizer, aluminum foil, and PE are the main raw materials of the Company (including subsidiaries). Our raw material suppliers are domestic and overseas agents or manufacturers. The main copper material suppliers are Sci Copper (Guangzhou) Co., Ltd. and Jiangxi Copper Corp.; PVC powder suppliers include Taizhou Union; plasticizer suppliers include Zhongshan Union. As the supply of main raw materials changes with the international market trends, the Company uses the main raw materials timely and appropriately at affordable prices and keep abreast of the sources of the most stable suppliers' supply. Due to long-term close partnerships, their supply is quite stable.

4.2.3 The names of suppliers (clients) with purchases (sales) accounting for at least 10% of the total in any of the last two years, the amount and percentage of the purchases (sales), and reason for increase/ decrease

				Ui	nit: NT\$ thousand
	Item	Name (Note 1)	Amount	Ratio to net purchases During the period (%)	Relationship to the issuer
	1	А	765,916	32.69	None
Year 2023	2	В	315,542	13.47	None
rear 2025	3	Other	1,261,534	53.84	
		Net purchase	2,342,992	100.00	
	1	А	506,012	21.28	None
Year 2024	2	В	320,392	13.47	None
1eal 2024	3	Other	1,552,027	65.25	
		Net purchase	2,378,431	100.00	
	1	А	118,677	20.53	None
2025 up to March 31, 2025 (Note 2)	2	В	86,463	14.96	None
	3	Other	372,896	64.51	
		Net purchase	578,036	100.00	

1. Information on major suppliers in the last two years (based on the consolidated financial statements)

Note 1: If the name of a supplier cannot be disclosed due to the contractual agreement or as a transaction counterparty is an individual and not a related party, it may be indicated with a code.

Note 2: The consolidated financial statements for 2025 Q1 were reviewed by CPA.

				Unit	NT\$ thousand	
	Item	Name	Amount	Ratio to net sale During the period (%)	Relationship to the issuer	
	1		None			
Year 2023	2	Other	3,642,580	100		
		Net sales	3,642,580	100		
	1	None				
Year 2024	2	Other	3,420,294	100		
		Net sales	3,420,294	100		
2025 up to	1			None		
March 31, 2025 (Note)	2	Other	828,723	100		
		Net sales	828,723	100		

2. Major clients in the last two years (based on the consolidated financial statements)

Note: The consolidated financial statements for 2025 Q1 were reviewed by CPA.

4.3 Information on employees during the last two years and up to the publication date of this annual report Mar 15 2025 .

			May 15,	2025; unit: person
	Year	2023	2024	As of May 15, 2025
	General employees (including team leaders)	21	15	14
Number of employees	Managers at the section manager level	8	8	7
(Note)	Managers at the assistant Manager level or above	37	37	38
	Total	66	60	59
Av	erage age	47.37	49.02	49.93
Average	years of service	12.72	14.45	14.91
	Doctoral Degree	0	0	0
Academic	Master's Degree	9.09	10.00	8.47
qualification (%)	Bachelor's Degree	80.30	76.67	77.97
	High school	7.58	10.00	10.17
	Below high school	3.03	3.33	3.39

Note: The number of employees includes Taiwanese managers.

4.4 **Environmental Spending**

Any losses (including compensation and environmental protection audit results in violation of environmental laws and regulations; the date of penalty, penalty document number, applicable law violated, content of the law, and content of penalty shall be disclosed) incurred due to environmental pollution during the last year and up to the publication date of this annual report, the currently estimated amount and future potential amount, and future countermeasures. If such amounts cannot be reasonably estimated, the fact that they cannot

be estimated shall be explained: None.

4.5 Employee-employer relationship:

The Company's various employee benefit measures, continuing education, training, pension system, and implementation thereof, as well as labor-management agreements and various employee rights protection measures: Great

- 1. Employee benefits
 - (1) The Company has established the Employee Welfare Committee since January 1, 2005 and allocates funds to it on a monthly basis to regularly organize employee welfare events and activities. It draws up detailed benefit plans and prepares a budget per year.
 - (2) Year-end bonus and remuneration payout regulations.
 - (3) Wedding and funeral cash gifts and condolence money.
 - (4) Labor health insurance and group insurance.
 - (5) Domestic and overseas travel subsidies.
 - (6) Cash gifts and gifts upon major holidays.
 - (7) Birthday cash gifts and parties.
 - (8) Year-end and spring parties.
 - (9) Regular health examination.
- 2. Training system
 - (1) Pre-employment training: It is to enable new recruits to have a comprehensive understanding of the Company's organizational structure, business approaches, entrepreneurship, and systems and rules on their first day of work.
 - (2) On-the-job training: It is to improve employees' work skills, professional knowledge, and familiarity with new laws and regulations.
- 3. The certificates and licenses designated by competent authorities obtained our personnel related to financial transparency are as follows:

Certificates and licenses	Number of people	
Certified internal auditor (CIA)	1	

- 4. The code of conduct and ethics for employees:
 - (1) The Company's Human Resources Management Regulations require that employees help each other wholeheartedly and be modest and diligent; the code of ethical conduct for employees regulates that employees should abide by professional ethics standards, to gain the trust of the public and enhance the corporate image.
 - (2) Employees should respect the Company's reputation and must not deceive others or use their powers to seek personal gain or be involved in fraud in the name of the Company; that they should be modest in interacting external parties and must not be arrogant and insulting them to tarnish the Company's reputation; that they must not accept gifts from clients, competitors, or suppliers or borrow money from the

above parties; that they should not use or spend the Company's funds for purposes not related to work.

- (3) Employees should be dedicated to their duties and not disclose all the secrets of the Company's business and production technology to the outside world; unless specifically approved, they should not concurrently hold positions outside the Company or be involved in affairs other than work in the name of the Company.
- 5. Work environment and personal safety protection measures:
 - (1) Employee safety protection is regarded as the top priority for the Company's office environment. Each entrance and exit is equipped with an access control system, with a strict around-the-clock access control monitoring system installed to ensure employees' personal safety.
 - (2) The entrance and exit of the Company's office building are controlled by security personnel at night and on holidays to maintain the public security of the building.
 - (3) The Company entrusts a professional company to inspect public security every two years in accordance with the building public security inspection certification and reporting regulations and obtains the building public security independent management inspection mark.
 - (4) The Company's various electromechanical or fire-fighting equipment (such as fire alarms or fire extinguishers) are in accordance with the Fire Services Act; the Company outsources the repair or maintenance work to a professional agency from April to June per year and report to the competent authority, while inspecting and maintaining the air-conditioning equipment between June and August per year and water dispensers every two months and organizing fire exercises every six months.
 - (5) The Company prohibits smoking at all our business premises in accordance with regulations and hire cleaning personnel to clean the office environment every day to ensure that the work environment is clean and hygienic.
 - (6) The Company provides hygiene products, such as alcohol and masks, to employees at the offices. If employees have cold symptoms, they need to wear a mask to prevent other colleagues from being infected with a cold.
 - (7) The Company regards safety and health as the management team's most important responsibility and firmly believe that employees are the Company's most valuable assets. We organize employee health examination per year and continue to care for employees' physical and psychological health, to build a healthy enterprise full of vitality.
 - (8) The Company attaches great importance to the harmony and growth of labor-management relations and hold a labor-management meeting every three months to enhance labor-employment collaboration.
 - (9) The Company has formulated the Regulations for Establishing Measures of Prevention, Correction, Complaint and Punishment of Sexual Harassment at Workplace to protect employees' rights.
 - (10) In addition to purchasing labor and health insurance according to the law, the Company purchases group insurance for each employee. If employees are on a business trip, we also purchase additional travel insurance to protect them.
 - (11) The Company also purchases commercial fire insurance, plus theft insurance for the Company's offices and plants.
- 6. Pension system: It is handled as per the Labor Standards Act and the Labor Pension

Act.

- (1) Those who retire under the Labor Standards Act:
 - A. The Company makes a monthly contribution, equal to 2% of all employees' total monthly salaries, and has established a Supervisory Committee of Labor Retirement Reserve.

Each employee is granted two base points for each full year of work according to the number of working years. However, those who have worked for 15 years or above will be granted a base point for each full year of work, and the maximum total number of the base points is 45. The length of work less than half a year is counted as half a year; half a year or above is counted as one year.

- B. For those who retire mandatorily with their physical and psychological disabilities caused during the performance of duties, an additional 20% of the pension shall be paid in accordance with the provisions of the preceding paragraph.
- C. The standard for the pension amount is subject to the average monthly salary when the retirement is approved.
- (2) Those who retire under the Labor Pension Act:
 - A. The Company makes monthly contributions, equal to 6% of the total monthly salaries of employees, to their pension accounts with the Bureau of Labor Insurance.
 - B. Employees who have reached the age of 60 and have worked for 15 years or above may apply for the monthly pension scheme. However, those who have worked for fewer than 15 years shall only apply for pension in a lump sum.
 - C. The number of years of work in the preceding paragraph shall be based on the number of years of contribution to the pension funds. If there is an interruption in the number of years of work, the number of years of work before and after the interruption shall be counted together.

Employees who have adopted the pension scheme under the Labor Standards Act before the implementation of the Labor Pension Act, still served at the same business after the Labor Pension Act took effect, and chose to adopt the pension scheme under the Labor Pension Act, the number of years of their work before said act took effect, should be retained.

- 7. Labor-management agreements and various employee rights protection measures: Positive.
 - (1) We regularly hold labor-management meetings to establish a labor-management negotiation mechanism.
 - (2) We have an employee grievance system in place to improve labor-management relations and gender equality at work.
 - (3) We have the work rules and the Human Resources Management Regulations in place to clearly define both employer and employees' rights, obligations, and management tasks, to enable employees to fully understand and protect their rights and interest.

Any losses (including labor inspection results in violation of the Labor Standards Act; the date of penalty, penalty document number, applicable law violated, content of the law, and content of penalty shall be disclosed) incurred due to labor disputes during the last year and up to the publication date of this annual report, the currently estimated amount and future potential amount, and future countermeasures. If such amounts cannot be reasonably estimated, the fact that they cannot be estimated shall be explained:

Since the Company was established, the labor-management relations have been harmonious, and no loss has be incurred due to labor disputes. It is estimated that the possibility of losses due to labor disputes in the future is extremely low.

- 4.6 ICT security management
 - 4.6.1 Describe the ICT security risk management framework, the ICT security policy, specific management plan and the resources invested in the ICT security management, etc.
 - 1. Cyber security risk management framework

The Company's information security unit is the Information Management Division, which is equipped with an information security supervisor and dedicated personnelis and be responsible for formulating the Company's information security system, establishing a secure and reliable business operating environment, and ensuring the security of data, systems, and network environments. Additionally, they regularly review the company's information security management framework and policies to ensure appropriateness and report to the CEO.

The Audit Division is an information security supervisory unit and conducts annual audits and assessments to ensure its suitability and security.

- 2. Cyber security policy
 - (1) The login account and password are required to use the Company's system resources within the scope of access permissions to maintain system security and controllability.
 - (2) User passwords can be updated at any time. The Information Department regularly reminds users of changing their passwords and the information security policy and rules.
 - (3) Various network services are handled in accordance with the information security policy, and different departments are given different access permissions based on their attributes.
 - (4) We regularly review the settings of firewalls and email gateways and timely reinforce their security mechanisms to ensure the security of the Company's network environment and email delivery.
 - (5) We carry out the virus detection and scanning tasks in real time automatically for the operating systems, network environments, and emails.
 - (6) We regularly update the anti-virus software version and update the latest virus pattern at any time.
 - (7) We back up system data automatically per day.
 - (8) The Information Management Division stores the external storage media for important backups in the security boxes of public or private banks with good reputation and updates the above media at least once per week.
 - (9) We have established a remote backup mechanism for important system data and store the data in a remote backup service provider's IDC.
 - (10) The ICT supervisors and employees receive training related to information security.
 - (11) Join a cybersecurity information sharing organization to obtain cybersecurity threat intelligence, cybersecurity threats, and vulnerability information.
- 3. Specific management plans

- (1) Hardware equipment and data center management
 - a. Without information personnel's permission, it is not allowed to move or disassemble computers, hosts, monitors, among other computer peripherals.
 - b. It is not allowed to change the relevant settings of the computer system without consent, and if necessary, it should be handled with information personnel's assistance.
 - c. The data center is equipped with an independent air-conditioning and a backup air-conditioning, a security surveillance, an access control, and uninterruptible power supply systems, and firefighting equipment; we regularly repair or maintain the equipment, to allow the center to continue to operate normally and securely.
 - d. When a person enters and leaves the data center, they should be escorted by the Company's information personnel and need to fill out the data center access control form.
 - e. When a service provider is to maintain software or hardware, they should be escorted and supervised by the Company's information personnel.
- (2) Software version management
 - a. Any software system not obtained through legal procedures is strictly prohibited in the Company.
 - b. Software that has not been confirmed by the information unit, regardless of whether it is legal or not, may not be installed on the Company's computers.
 - c. Public software and documents are stored in a safe place of the Information Management Division and properly kept.
- (3) Virus and illegal intrusion and email management
 - a. The personal computers and servers used by all our employees are equipped with anti-virus software, and anti-virus software is also used to detect viruses in external storage media. The latest version of the virus pattern is automatically updated. The Company has an anti-spam system in place, and each email sent or received through our email server and files attached thereto will be sent or received after being scanned.
 - b. We detect and block all illegal intrusion into the Company's network around the clock and adjust the defense mechanism in a timely manner.
- (4) Major disaster emergency response and recovery plan management

In response to unexpected accidents that cause a system to fail to operate normally, the Company has formulated a disaster emergency response and recovery plan, tests the plan with simulated scenarios, records the test procedures and results, and analyzes the improvement procedures to minimize the impact of disasters on the Company's information operations.

- 4. Resources put in information security management
 - (1) We prepare a budget for information operations per year to maintain and reinforce information security protection, such as renewal of software and hardware repair and maintenance contracts and replacement of relevant data center equipment.
 - (2) The company has two dedicated personnel for ICT, including one supervisor and one specialist.
 - (3) Supervisor and specialist have 6 discussion for ICT security management in 2024.

List the losses, possible impacts, and countermeasures from major ICT security incidents in the last year and up to the publication date of the annual report. If a reasonable estimate cannot be made, an explanation of the facts of why it cannot be made shall be provided:

The Company did not encounter any major information security incidents that would affect the operations during 2024.

4.7 Important contract

Contract nature	Participants	Contract start and end dates	Main contents	Restrictive clauses
	Chang Hwa Bank and other five participating banks	date of tiret	A syndicated loan of NT\$ 1 billion or equivalent in USD	During the duration of the syndicated loan case, the current ratio, debt ratio, and interest coverage ratio in the Company's Q2 and annual consolidated financial statements should meet the requirements in the loan contract.
Loan contract	Sunny Bank	seven years from the	NTD 210,000 thousand secured real estate loan	None

Chapter V Financial status and performance review analysis and risks

5.1 Financial status:

1. Main reasons and impacts of major movements in assets, liabilities, and equity during the last two years

				Unit: NT\$ thousand
Year	2024	2023	Difference	
Analysis item	2024	2023	Amount	%
Current assets	2,690,234	2,736,368	(46,134)	(1.69)
Long-term investment	41,953	40,805	1,148	2.81
Property, plant and equipment	1,166,250	964,076	202,174	20.97
Other assets	409,006	495,034	(86,028)	(17.38)
Total assets	4,307,443	4,236,283	71,160	1.68
Current liabilities	1,490,078	2,341,467	(851,389)	(36.36)
Long-term liabilities	1,098,406	97,804	1,000,602	1,023.07
Other liabilities	245,532	306,095	(60,563)	(19.79)
Total liabilities	2,834,016	2,745,366	88,650	3.23
Share capital	875,500	875,500	-	-
Capital surplus	380,455	380,455	-	-
Retained earnings	347,438	520,911	(173,473)	(33.30)
Other equity interests	(152,175)	(295,450)	143,275	(48.49)
Non-controlling interests	22,209	9,501	12,708	133.75
Total amount of shareholder's equity	1,473,427	1,490,917	(17,490)	(1.17)

Please state the reason for the movements during the last years (if the movement (increase or decrease) does not reach 20%, an analysis is not required)

- 1. Property, plant and equipment increase:Mainly caused by the completion and acceptance of plant construction in Jiangxi and Dongtai, China in 2024.
- 2. Increase in current liabilities, decrease in long-term liabilities: The classification of long-term borrowings for 2023 syndicated loan as current liabilities.
- 3. Decrease in retained earnings: The main reason for the pre-tax loss in 2023 and 2024, and the significant one-time relocation and severance expenses incurred due to the ongoing consolidation of production bases across various subsidiaries within the group, resulting in a considerable decline in profits compared to the previous fiscal year.
- 4. Increase in other equity interests: The main reason is the net change in exchange differences arising from the translation of financial statements of foreign operations for the year 2024.
- 5. Increase in Non-controlling interests: The main reason is the acquisition of an 80% equity interest in copartner technology (Thailand) Co., Ltd. in January 2024, with the remaining 20% recognized as non-controlling interest.
- 2. Impacts of major movements in assets, liabilities, and equity during the last two years: There is no significant impact on the Company's financial position.

3. Future response plan: N/A.

5.2 Financial performance:

				Unit: NT\$ thousand
Item	2024	2023	Increase/ Decrease in amount	Change percentage (%)
Operating revenue - net	3,420,294	3,642,580	(222,286)	(6.10)
Operating costs	2,998,312	3,279,021	(280,709)	(8.56)
Gross profit	421,982	363,559	58,423	16.07
Operating expenses	654,806	724,379	(69,573)	(9.60)
Net operating income (loss)	(232,824)	(360,820)	127,996	(35.47)
Non-operating income and expenses	71,110	5,882	65,228	1,108.94
Net income (loss) before tax	(161,714)	(354,938)	193,224	(54.44)
Income tax expenses	16,355	7,669	8,686	113.26
Net income (loss) after tax	(178,069)	(362,607)	184,538	(50.89)

1. Main reasons for major movements in operating revenue, operating income, and net income before tax in the last two years

Please state the reason for the movements during the last years (if the movement (increase or decrease) does not reach 20%, an analysis is not required)

- Increase in operating net loss, Decrease in Net income (loss) before tax and Net income (loss) after tax: Mainly due to the one-time relocation and employee severance expenses incurred in 2023 as a result of the ongoing consolidation of production bases across the Group's subsidiaries.
- 2. Decrease in non-operating income and expenses: Mainly due to the borrowings increase in 2024, Financial cost increased compared to 2023. The bigger appreciation of the US dollar exchange rate this year compared to last year led to lower foreign exchange gains.
- 3. Increase in Income tax expenses: The main reason is the repatriation of earnings at the end of 2024.
- 2. Estimated sales and the basis: The Company did not prepare and publish financial forecasts, so it does not apply.
- 3. Potential impact on the Company's future financial business and response plans: No significant impact was caused on finance and business.

- 5.3 Cash flow: An analysis of cash flow movements in the last year, an improvement plan for insufficient liquidity, and a liquidity analysis for the coming year
- 1. An analysis of movements in consolidated cash flows during 2024:

Unit: NT\$ thousand

Opening		Cash outflow	Cash surplus	Countermeasure for cash deficits		
cash balance (1)	from operating activities in the year (2)	throughout the year (3)	(deficit) (1)+(2)-(3)	Investment plans	Wealth management plans	
1,075,676	(154,892)	41,675	879,109	-	-	

- (1) Net cash outflow from operating activities in 2024 is NT\$ 154,892 thousand, mainly due to an increase in accounts receivable compared to the previous year, resulting in a net cash outflow from operating activities for the period.
- (2) Net cash outflow from investment activities in 2024 is NT\$ 216,039 thousand, mainly due to the acquisition of property, plant and equipment.
- (3) Net cash inflow from financing activities in 2024 is NT\$ 30,077 thousand, mainly due to the an increase in short-term and long-term borrowings.
- (4) The impact of exchange rate changes on cash in 2024 is NT\$ 144,287 thousand.
- 2. Remedial measures for cash flow deficit and liquidity analysis: There was no cash flow deficit occurring.
- 3. A liquidity analysis for the coming year:

Opening	Opening Net cash flow	Cash outflow	Cash surplus	Countermeasure for cash deficits		
cash balance (1)	from operating activities in the year (2)	throughout the year (3)	(deficit) (1)+(2)-(3)	Investment plans	Wealth management plans	
879,109	242,869	21,265	1,100,713	-	-	

- (1) The net cash inflow of operating activities, mainly due to the increased demand for consumer electronics and automotive, medical, industrial control and other lines in 2025, the substantial growth of revenue and profit, resulting in the net cash inflow of operating activities.
- (2) Net cash outflow from investing activities, mainly due to the acquisition of real estate, plant and equipment, etc.
- (3) Net cash inflow from financing activities is primarily due to the anticipated increase in short-term and long-term borrowings.
- 5.4 The impact of the significant capital expenditure in the last year upon the financial performance: None.

- 5.5 The outward investment policies in the last year. The key reasons leading to the profit or loss, the corrective plans and the investment plan in one year ahead:
 - 1. The outward investment policies in the latest year: We mainly invested in upstream and downstream industries in line with the Company's long-term development plan to reduce production costs and increasing profits.
 - 2. The main reason for reinvestment loss: NT\$ 2,045 thousand in loss in 2024. The main reason is that the investee company's revenue and profit declining compared to the previous year, as European and American clients gradually shifted their supply chains and existing customer inventories had not yet been cleared.
 - 3. The investment plan in one year ahead: To meet the needs for continuous development, the Company will carry out investment plans in the following year depending on the business operations and the development situation.
- 5.6 An analysis and evaluation of risks in the last year and up to the publication date of this annual report
 - 5.6.1 The impact incurred by change in interest rate, exchange rate, inflation upon the Company's profit and/or loss and the future countermeasures
 - 1. Changes in interest rates: The interest expense and interest income of the Company and our subsidiaries accounted for 1.51% and 0.36% of the Group's consolidated revenue for 2024, respectively. The percentages are not large, and the Company has obtained short-term loans with preferential terms and medium- and long-term syndicated loans to support our operations and Capital movement, and we have obtained a loan under the Action Plan for Post-pandemic recovery project in Taiwan. It was estimated that changes in interest rates would not have a significant impact on the Company.
 - 2. Changes in exchange rates: Part of the main sales and purchases by the Company and our subsidiaries is in foreign currencies. By offsetting foreign-currency assets and liabilities, the exchange rate risks have been greatly reduced. Exchange gain for 2024 accounted for 0.22% of the consolidated revenue, which is not a large percentage, so the impact of exchange rate fluctuations on the Company was limited. The Company and our subsidiaries will pay close attention to information on exchange rate fluctuations and keep abreast of the exchange rate trends in real time to avoid the risk of exchange rate changes depending on the global macro economy, exchange rates, and future capital needs, thereby alleviating the impact of exchange rate changes on the Company's and subsidiaries' profit or loss.
 - 3. Inflation: The Company pays attention to market price fluctuations at any time and maintains positive interactive relations with suppliers and clients to avoid major

impacts of inflation on the Company.

5.6.2 The major causes for engaging in high-risk, high-leverage investment, lending of funds to others, endorsements/guarantees and derivative financial instruments, the profits or loss and the future countermeasures.

Risk	Implementation	Policy and countermeasures
High-risk and	Our investments are mainly made to establish	The Company focuses on the core
highly	domestic and overseas production sites, most	business and does not engage in
leveraged	of which are wholly owned and are not highly	high-risk or highly leveraged
investment	leveraged or high-risk investments.	investments.
Loaning	As of the publication date, except for loans	If the Company needs to engage
Funds to	between affiliates in the Group, we do not	in financing due to business needs
Others	lend loans to external entities.	in the future, the Operating
		Procedures for Loaning of Funds
		to Others formulated by the
		Company will apply, and we will
		accurately announce the
		information on the loans to others
		in real time in accordance with
		laws and regulations.
Endorsements	The Company has endorsed guarantees of	If there is a need to provide
/guarantees	NT\$72,600 thousand for its subsidiaries	endorsements/guarantees to others
	Copartner Wire & Cable Manufacturing	in the future, we will handle it in
	Limited and NT\$ 65,570 thousand for	accordance with the Operating Procedures for Endorsements and
	Copartner Technology (Dongtai) Co., Ltd., as of December 31, 2024. The maximum value	Guarantees formulated by the
	of the endorsement guarantee is NT\$	Company and will accurately
	2,254,248 thousand.	announce the information on the
	The Company has endorsed guarantees of	endorsements/guarantees provided
	NT\$ 72,600 thousand for its subsidiaries	to others in real time in
	Copartner Wire & Cable Manufacturing	accordance with laws and
	Limited, as of April 30, 2025. The maximum	regulations.
	value of the endorsement guarantee is	
	NT\$2,176,827 thousand.We handle all	
	endorsements/guarantees in accordance with	
	the Operating Procedures for Endorsements	
	and Guarantees formulated by the Company.	
Derivatives	The Company did not engage in derivatives	If there is a need to engage in
Trading	trading during the last year and up to the	derivatives trading due to business
	publication date of this annual report.	needs in the future, we will handle
		it in accordance with the
		Procedures for Asset Acquisition and Disposal formulated by the
		Company and will accurately
		announce the information on
		trading in real time in accordance
		with laws and regulations.
		with laws and regulations.

5.6.3 The future research & development plans and the expenses anticipated to be invested into research & development

The Company's R&D projects in recent years have focused the attention on the development of cables and wire harness with high added values, and we will still focus on this and meet clients' new product design needs in our future R&D projects. The Company's R&D aims to proactively develop low-loss coaxial cables for 5G base stations and relevant cables and wire harness for automobiles, industrial automation, and medical care. It is estimated that the Group will invest more than 3% of its annual revenue in R&D in the future. Please refer to (4) R&D Status under Report to Shareholders on page 1 of this annual report for more information.

5.6.4 The possible impacts by government policies and laws at home and abroad upon the Company's financial conditions and the Company's countermeasures

In the countries or regions where the Company operates business, if the existing tax laws and regulations are amended or new tax laws take effect, it may have an adverse impact on the Company's profits. Our main operations and manufacturing activities are in Taiwan and mainland China, so the Company is mainly regulated by the tax laws of the Republic of China and China's tax laws. Any adverse changes in tax laws and regulations will have an adverse impact on the Company's operating performance. To control this tax risk, the Company always pays close attention to any important domestic and overseas policy development and changes in laws and regulations that may affect the Company's finance, consults attorneys and accountants about the impacts, and collects relevant information as a reference for the management team to make decisions to adjust the Company's business strategies.

Furthermore, as the Company's revenue mainly comes from sales outside of Taiwan, changes in various regional economies' trade policies may directly or indirectly affect the sales of the Company or our clients, thereby affecting the Company's operating performance. Therefore, the Company continues to pay attention to the recent development of trade policies of relevant major economies and will take countermeasures accordingly.

5.6.5 The impact of technological changes and industrial changes on the Company's financial performance and countermeasures

The Company pays close attention to technological changes and technological development in the industry, in which the business is operated, continues to improve product quality and manufacturing processes, quickly keeps abreast of industry trends and competitors' information, and adopts a stable financial management strategy to maintain our market competitiveness. In the future, the Company will continue to pay attention to the technological changes in the industry, in which the business is operated, evaluates such an impact on the operations, and makes corresponding adjustments to improve the business development and financial position. Therefore, technological changes and industrial changes currently cause no significant impact on the Company.

5.6.6 The impacts created by a change in corporate image upon the management over crisis, and the Company's countermeasures

Since the Company was established, we have adhered to the principles of integrity and professionalism, proactively reinforced internal management, improved management quality and efficiency, attached importance to corporate image and risk control, and complied with applicable laws and regulations. So far, there has been no incident occurring that would affect our corporate image. In the future, while maximizing shareholders' equity, the Company will fulfill our corporate social responsibility.

5.6.7 Estimated benefits and potential risks of M&A and countermeasures:

So far, the Company has no M&A plan in place, so this does not apply.

5.6.8 The risks anticipated from the expansion of the plant buildings, and the Company's countermeasures:

The Company carefully plans the capital expenditure for the expansion of production capacity and plants depending on the industrial development and market needs to increase production capacity and revenue. As the expansion of production capacity and plants will result in an increase in operating costs, and when the business cycle in the industry is not as expected, idle production capacity will occur. The Company will pay close attention to market changes and work closely with clients to adjust expansion plans in a timely manner to reduce and avoid risks.

5.6.9 The risks anticipated from the centralized input or output undertakings and the Company's countermeasures

The Company's clients are located in different places around the world. The top ten clients for 2024 accounted for lower than 10% of the Company's net operating revenue, without a risk of client concentration. Also, most of our other raw material suppliers are companies with great quality reputation in the industry and have been worked with the Company stably for many years, so there should be no risk of supplier concentration to the Company.

5.6.10 The impacts and risks anticipated from the massive transfer of shareholding by directors or key shareholders who hold more than 10% in shareholding and the Company's countermeasures: None.

5.6.11 The impacts and risks anticipated from the change in the managerial powers and the Company's countermeasures:

The Company did not have a change in the management right during the last year and up to the publication date of this annual report, so this does not apply.

- 5.6.12 In the case of a court case or a non-contentious case, specify the Company or the Company's directors, President, de facto responsible person, or shareholders, each holding more than 10% of all company shares, with final ruling made or still in major legal proceedings, non-contentious matters, or administrative disputes, and where the result thereof may significantly affect shareholders' equity or stock price, the fact of the contentions, the amount involved, the commencement date of the proceedings, the major litigants in the proceedings, and the status as of the publication date of this report shall be disclosed: None.
- 5.7 Other important disclosures: None.

Chapter VI Special disclosure

6.1 Relevant information of affiliated enterprises

For information related to the Company's affiliated enterprises, please refer to the "Affiliated Enterprises – Three Statements Section" on the Market Observation Post System (MOPS). Website: <u>https://mopsov.twse.com.tw/mops/web/t57sb01_q10</u>

- 6.2 Where the company has carried out a private placement of securities in the last year and up to the publication date of the annual report: None.
- 6.3 Other necessary supplementary information: None.
- Chapter VII Occurrences of events defined under Subparagraph 2, Paragraph 3, Article 36 of the Securities Exchange Act in the last year and up to the publication date of the annual report that significantly impacted shareholders' equity or security prices: None.

Copartner Technology Corp.

Chairman: Ho, Chun-Hsien

Published on May 15, 2025

